

المرجع	IOR/R/15/2/1997
العنوان	"بيانات أشخاص هامة في بلاد الرافدين، هيئة الأركان العامة، الهند (الرقم التسلسلي ١٠)"
التاريخ/ التواريخ	١٩١٦ (ميلادي)
لغة الكتابة	الإنجليزية في اللاتينية
الحجم والشكل	مجلدٌ واحد (١٣٦ ورقة)
المؤسسة المالكة	المكتبة البريطانية: أوراق خاصة وسجلات من مكتب الهند
حق النشر	رخصة حكومة مفتوحة

حول هذا السجلّ

المُجلّد هو بيانات أشخاص في بلاد الرافدين، هيئة الأركان العامة، الهند. المُجلّد مُصنّفٌ بأنه ذا طابع سري، وطبعه في دلهي مكتب ملاحظ المطبعة الحكومية في سنة ١٩١٦.

المُجلّد عبارة عن طبعة مختصرة ويتكون من قائمة أبجدية "للأشخاص الأكثر أهمية" المذكورين في ملفات فرع الاستخبارات التابع لقوة المشاة الهندية "د" في الفترة بين ديسمبر ١٩١٤ وأغسطس ١٩١٦. جمع فرع الاستخبارات ذاته المعلومات في هذا المجلد وأصدره. القائمة في معظمها مكوّنة من أفراد، ولكنها تشمل بعض الأسر.



G.S. 22

Serial No. 10

B.28

WHO'S WHO

IN

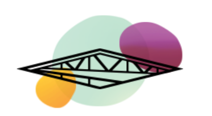
MESOPOTAMIA.

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1916.

GENERAL STAFF, INDIA.

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1916.





"بيانات أشخاص هامة في بلاد الرافدين، هيئة الأركان العامة، الهند (الرقم التسلسلي ١٠)" [صلب] (٢٨٠/٣)





"بيانات أشخاص هامة في بلاد الرافدين، هيئة الأركان العامة، الهند (الرقم التسلسلي ١٠)" [حافة] (٢٨٠/٤)















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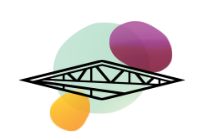
WHO'S WHO

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MESOPOTAMIA.

An Alphabetical List of names of the more important persons occurring in the files of the Intelligence Branch, Indian Expeditionary Force "D," between December 1914 and August 1916.

Issued by the Intelligence Branch, Indian Expeditionary Force "D."





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WHO'S WHO IN MESOPOTAMIA.

Abbreviated Edition.

November 1914 - July 1916.

[*Note that a date* in brackets *after an event indicates the time when the news was received in the Intelligence Branch, Indian Expeditionary Force "D." The entries are made especially brief where the personality concerned is not likely to be in immediate touch with Indian Expeditionary Force "D."*].

Abade.– Governor of Kashgar. (9th April 1916).

'Abbās.—(1) On the Ahwaz line against us commanding 5 battalions, 5 guns, and 300 cavalry, May 1915.

(2) *Effendi*, Turkish Officer who laid five mines in the Euphrates, 27th-28th April 1915. One 'Abbās, Officer Commanding, Badrah Battalion, was taken prisoner in 1915.

(3) *Bey*, Officer Commanding, 37th Regiment (28th March 1916). One 'Abbās is, with Rashīd, Officer Commanding, South of Kut about 19th February 1916.

(4) *Khan*, a Baharlu Chief, adherent of Qawām. The capture of two guns from gendarmes between Shiraz and Lar is ascribed to him. (19th April 1916).

[See *Sardar Iqbal*].

'Abbās Farhan.—Shaikh at Tursakh about October 1915. Took his tribes to Shaikh Alwan. (3rd May 1916).

'Abbās al-Bataitah.—Shaikh of *Al 'Uwaiyid* (Khafajah) in communication with 'Ajaimi. (8th November 1915).

'Abbās Sultaneh.—Minister of Justice in Persian Cabinet of August 1915.

'Abbās al-Taumah.—Shaikh of Al-Harchan (Al-Sa'id, Khafajah). (14th January 1916).





'Abdul Effendi.—Officer Commanding, Machine Gun, 104th Regiment. (5th August 1915). One of this name is a Circassian in Machine Gun section of 1st Lancers (15th April 1916), described as a daring officer. (See *'Abdullah*).

'Abdullah.—(1) *Bey*, Acting Major, 1st Company, 3rd Seyyar Gendarmerie.

(2) Officer Commanding Battalion of Turks from Constantinople at Barbukh. (18th May 1915).

(3) Major, of Baghdad, Officer Commanding at Sinn (28th August 1915), same as (21 ?).

(4) Was Officer Commanding 1-113th before Ismail Haqqi. (10th October 1915).

(5) *Khan*, was with the Turks with 200 Kalhurs and Karim Gurdeh at Sir-i-pul (15th July 1915). Left Kermanshah (28th July 1915). At Mahidasht (September 1915). Deserted Turks, frequently robbing them. (8th September 1915).

(6) *Khan*, had confidential meeting with Saiyid Isa, (Behbehan). (18th February 1916).

(7) *Effendi*, Officer Commanding (?) 2nd Seyyar Gendarmerie. at Maziblah (23rd March 1915). Officer Commanding Sulaimanieh Hudud Gendarmerie. (First week, June 1915).

(8) A Surgeon-Captain who belonged to an Arab Committee called Al-Arid in Egypt, and came under the suspicion of the Turks He escaped from Constantinople to Egypt and thence Muhammareh.

There was an 'Abdullah Bey, a Captain, Surgeon in the fight at Maziblah, December 1914.

(9) Captain of Machine Gun Company, who went to Persia in June 1915, leaving his company at Rajua. (See *'Abdul Effendi*).

(10) Special Turkish envoy to Shah. Arrived Hamadan, 20th September 1915, and was to leave shortly for Tehran.

(11) Officer Commanding, 110th Regiment, Bitlis, about May 1915.

(12) Lieutenant, Arab, Adjutant of 13th Cavalry, described as good officer. (15th April 1916).

(13) One of the three most powerful shaikhs of the Bani Taru.

(14) Of Mandali, came as part of force to Badrah (29th October 1915): threatening our communications behind Kut. (27th November 1915).

(15) See *Sharif 'Abdullah*.





'*Abdullah* (*Bey*) (*Ibn*) *Fâleh* (*Pasha*).—Son of Fâleh Pasha, second cousin of 'Ajaimi. Said to have been forced into this war by the Turks. However, that may have been, he joined them at Nasiriyah where he waited for the £5,000, which they had promised him. He was seen here 19th January 1915; he was still bargaining (for £6,000), 26th January 1915, but moved on to Legaith at end of January, and subsequently Khamisiyah, Gubashiyah, Grainat and Nakhailah (30th March 1915). He was present at the battle of Shaiba, in mid-April, but apparently inactive, and fled after the battle to Nasiriyah, where he despatched a recriminatory telegram to Constantinople about Ajaimi, who retaliated in kind against 'Abdullah at the same telegraph office. Went to Nasiriyah (23rd June 1915) with the Al-Ibrahim, Al-Husainat and Al-Azairij tribes to protect the town.

'*Abdullah Al-Haiwân*.—Shaikh of Al-Sa'id (Khafajah). His section attacked our Suwaij reconnaissance. (11th January 1916).

'*Abdullah ibn Jabbar*.—A Shaikh of the Al-bu-Saif. (3rd July 1915).

'*Abdullah ibn Muhammad Al-Yasin*.—Shaikh of Mayah, Arabs. At Sinn (August 1915); with Muhammad Daghistani at Suq Jindil about 5th January 1916; reported killed with him (17th March 1916); reported alive (26th March 1916).

'*Abdullah Al-Nafisah*.—Brother of Yusuf Al-Nafisah, *q.v.*

'*Abdullah Sahib*.—Brother of *Majid and Hamid*.—Friend of Tâlib, late Deputy for Basrah. He left Amarah for Basrah about April 1st, 1915, actually joining the enemy, and was present at the battle of Shaibah in mid-April 1915.

'*Abdullah Said*.—Arab doctor of Mosul, educated at Beyrut of Constantinople, visited Paris. Ibn Saud's Doctor.

'*Abdullah Thamir*.—In charge of *Mujahidin* with Husain Bey, Officer Commanding at Mandali. (24th July 1916).

'*Abdullah* (*Bey*) *Al-Zuhair, of Zubair*.—Formerly a Turkish officer, and M. P., with many friends in Basrah. He left Zubair stealthily for Nasiriyah (September 1914) and joined 'Ajaimi, with whom he acted as Captain (6th February 1915). He was present at the battle of Shaibah. Appointed by 'Ajaimi to give supplies to the tribesmen (13th May 1915); summoned to Baghdad about same time.





'Abd-ul-'Ali.—(1) Indian merchant in Baghdad registered as a Turkish subject. He presented his motor boat to the Turks (26th July 1915).

(2) *Bey.*—Son of Sulaiman Bey Al-Sa'adun, brother of Fāhad Bey. Lives near Hai.

'Abd-ul-'Azīz.—(1) Captain, Officer Commanding 1-3-6th of 2nd Division, mid-March and mid-April 1916.

(2) Brother of 'Abdullah Fālih Pasha, about 20 years of age. Was with the Turks at Ahwaz with 100 sowars (March 1915). At Yefair. (8th May 1915).

(3) Chief of that section of the Bani Lam known as Suwaid.

'Abd-ul-'Azīz Ibn Abd-ur-Rahmān al-Faisal Ibn-Saud, q.v.

'Abd-ul-'Azīz Husain al-Mansūr.—Shaikh of the Bani Musharraf at Hartha (14th April 1915).

'Abd-ul-'Azīz ibn Saiyid Muhammad.—*Qaimmaqām* of Samawah. (4th November 1915—4th March 1916).

'Abd-ul-'Azīz-Shawish.—A Tunisian, member of the Algero-Tunisian Independence Committee, which met at Berlin recently (20th March 1916). In December 1914 he was reported as an emissary to Afghanistan.

'Abd-ul-Fāteh Effendi.—Lieutenant, Officer Commanding, 2nd Company, Mosul *Depôt* Battalion, 2nd *Murattab* Regiment. (June 1915).

'Abd-ul-Hadi.—Officer Commanding section (2 guns) of 2nd Camel Mountain Battalion. (28th February 1916).

'Abd-ul-Hamid Pasha.—Head of recruiting in 'Irāq at Baghdad. (9th June 1915).





'Abd-ul-Husain.—(1) Against us at Ahwaz with 4,000 Arabs and 5 guns. (21st May 1915).

(2) A *Mulla* of Dashti in communication with Rais 'Ali.

'Abd-ul-Jabbar Khadairi.—Brother of Qāsim Khadiri. Incriminating and fanatical letters of his were found early in the war, but, owing to his kindness to certain British subjects, his machinations were condoned.

'Abd-ul-Qādir.—(1) See *Turkish succession*.

(2) Bey, Officer Commanding 29th Regiment (18th April 1916). (After the attack of 2nd February 1915 (Sinai Line) the 29th returned to Bir-al-Saba under him).

(3) Section Officer, 2nd Lieutenant, 1st Battery, 2nd Battalion, Artillery, 35th Division, at Sulaimanieh, 5th July 1915.

(4) Lieutenant in 3-105th, early April 1916.

'Abd-ul-Karīm.—(1) Officer Commanding 11th Army Corps, now succeeded by Faisi Pasha. (17th June 1916).

(2) Effendi, *Mudir* al'Uzair. (5th June 1915).

(3) Son of one of the Shaikhs now ruling Najaf.

'Abd-ul-Karīm Al-Fahad al-Sa'adūn.—Has two brothers, one at Constantinople, one at Gharrāf. He was a Muntafik Shaikh trained by 'Abd-ul Hamid, the *ex*-Sultan to be an officer. Deputy for Amarah; hostile to the English.

'Abd-ul-Karīm al-Fāleh Pasha al-Sa'adun.—Brother of 'Abdullah Fāleh by the same mother, and half-brother of Salman al-Attija. Wounded 3rd March 1915 on Sh'aibah side; at battle of Sh'aibah, mid-April 1915. Appointed Officer Commanding Arab tribal levies, Jala'at Sikar, 24th September 1915.

'Abd-ul-Karīm Jozāiri.—Wrote a letter with Muhammad Taba'-Taba'i preaching *jihād*, to Saiyid Inayeh "to assist Islam" (about mid-February 1915). He was at Najaf. (June 1915).





'Abd-ul-Karim al-Mishri.—Brother of the old Shaikh of Zubair, friendly to 'Ajaimi. Was at Kuwait about January 25th, 1915.

'Abd-ul-Karīm al-Saihūd.—Son of Saihūd, brother of Hātim. The three could command a following of nine hundred men. An Arab Chief of the Al-bu-Muhammad tribe, living in Hafīrah. He is of unprepossessing character, and although aforetime he was hostile to the Turks, he is now acting with them. He was with them at Sarifah (28th December 1914) and at Rotah (15th March 1915). His son was reported at Rotah-Mazīblah with 50 men. He visited our authorities 12th June 1915.

'Abd-ul-Qāsim Khan.—The son of Zargham-ul-Sultaneh, Commanding 200 Bakhtiaris with Riza Quli Khan. Was with Turks opposing Russians at Qasr-i-Shirin, but subsequently left them, and came to Kharkeh River. On being attacked on 29th May 1916 by our Squadron from Shush, he, Mirza Agha Khan, and Riza Quli Khan and 70 men attempted to swim the river, but only four men and 'Abd-ul-Qāsim escaped, the others being drowned. Those who were captured were handed over to Chiragh 'Ali Khan. 'Abd-ul-Qāsim is said to be preparing to be avenged on us for this treatment.

'Abd-ul-Khālid Bey.—*Ex*-Wali of Bitlis, now Wali of Aleppo. (29th February 1916).

'Abd-ul-Latīf.—Arab Captain, doctor, 2nd battalion, 104th regiment (August 1915).

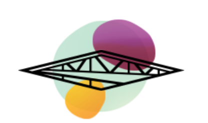
'Abd-ul-Latīf Pasha al-Mandīl.—A rich, influential friend of Saiyid Tālib in Basrah who was given the "High Order of the Mirmiran."

'Abd-ul-Majīd.—See *Turkish Succession.*

'Abd-ul-Mehdi—See *Hajji 'Abd-ul-Mehdi.*

'Abd-ul-Muhsin.—(1) *al-Zuhair.*—Wrote to the Turks during battle of Sh'aibah. (Mid-April 1915).

(2) Uncle of Alwan, visited General Officer Commanding our 12th Division at 'Ali Gharbi. (16th October 1915).





'Abd-ul-Nabi.—According to *Sada-ul-Islām* (21st August 1915) is appointed Director of Correspondence at Karbala, having previously held similar post at Muntafik.

"*'Abd-ur Bey*"—Officer Commanding 3-105 (12th March 1916)—See *'Abd-ul-Rahmān* (6).

'Abd-ul Rabb.—Former Dragoman of British Consulate, Baghdad.

'Abd-ul-Rahmān.—(1) Officer Commanding 1-1-103rd at Qurnah (5th February 1915); Officer Commanding 1-10 'rd (21st July 1915); Major, Officer Commanding 103rd. (8th April 1916).

(2) Captain, Officer Commanding 2-2-1st of 2nd Division (Mid-April 1916).

(3) A Captain, Officer Commanding, Mosul Depôt Battalion, with Muhammad Pasha Daghistani. (10th June 1915).

(4) Hajji of Shiraz. Believed in April 1915 to be the unwitting channel for enemy money reaching Germans in Persia. Understood to be a Persian subject.

(5) Turkish A.-D.-C. at Nasiriyah, 23rd July 1915.

(6) Father of Ibn Saud.

(7) Major, Bey, Officer Commanding, 3-105th (15th March 1916). A Lieutenant Abd-ul-Rahmān is Officer Commanding 4-3-105th, early 1916.

(8) Officer Commanding a mixed force at Jessan, 23rd November 1915. A Major of this name was with 'Izzet Bey at Badrah. (5th October 1915).

(9) A Captain arrived from 'Aintab, Homs or Aleppo with 900 details at Samarrah in September 1915.

(10) *Effendi*, Captain, *flying officer*, *'Iraq Army*.

(11) Lieutenant, A. D. A. S. (Signalling Officer) XIIIth Army Corps. (16th April 1916).

'Abd-ul-Rasūl Bushiri.—Ex-*Kalantar* of Bushire in Darya Begi's d to act again as *Kalantar*. (9th August 1915).





'Abd-ul-Razzāq.—(1) *Bey*, son of Fāleh Pasha, a Shaikh of Muntafik, at Yefair (23rd April 1915); played a double game, for, having come to pay his respects to General Barrett in March 1915, he camped near the Turks and sent his brother 'Abd-ul-'Aziz with them.

(2) Colonel, Officer Commanding 35th Division. (12th March 1916 and 4th May 1916).

(3) Lieutenant, Officer Commanding, 3rd Company Badrah Battalion, early in 1915.

'Abd-ul-Razzāq al-Fāhad Pasha.—Joined 'Ajaimi's force at Grainat (15th February 1915); his son wounded in action at Sh'aibah on 3rd March 1915. "Comes in." (6th October 1915).

'Abd-ul-Razzāq Mir.—A friend of the Turks. Sent by Ahmad Bey (who relieved Saifullah) to Sulaiman 'Askari. (25th March 1915).

'Abd-ul-Razzāq Munīr.—Turkish lawyer, M.P. for Basrah, was in communication with Sālim Khayyun in January 1915: friend of Ghadhban, and was sent to him (from Baghdad ?) to warn him to remain neutral (4th November 1915), *i.e.*, not to join us.

'Abd-ul-Riza.—Captain, to cross river at Shaikh Sa'ad and join Ghadhban. (28th December 1915).

'Abd-ul-Salām.—Lieutenant, 4-2-104, at battle of Sh'aibah, mid-Apr 1915.

'Abd-ul-Wahāb.—(1) Ibn Qādir Agha, ex-*mudīr* of Jala'at Sikar (16th September 1915) returned there with 10 gendarmes. (21st December 1915).

(2) Lieutenant, 32nd Battery, 32nd Regiment, F.A.

(3) Captain, Officer Commanding, 3-105th in April 1916.

'Abd-ul-Wahāb Amīn—'Ajaimi's secretary. Formerly in control of the *Destur* Gazette, a Basrah paper defunct after our arrival. Officer Commanding 100 Turkish cavalry. (10th August 1915).





'Abd-ul-Wahāb al-Khadairi.—Deported.

'Abd-ul-Wāhid Bāshayan.—Brother of Muhammad Amīn who was sent to Kuwait lately (22nd March 1915), brother-in-law of Yahya Effendi.

Abineri, A.—See *Benedict, Marc.*

Abu Dras.—Shaikh, with five men, the last faithful remnant to 'Ajaimi (25th December 1915).

Abu-'l-Fāteh Khan.—*Ex*-Gendarmerie Officer. Came with his force from Lar on behalf of Qawam and Saulet, and attacked and surrounded Gendarmerie. (10th April 1916).

Abu-'l-Qāsim.—A Bakhtiari. Son of Zargham Starts from Kermanshah to join Turks (14th January 1916). He was concerned with harbouring Kardooff and Pugon. (July 1916).

Abu Rishah.—A Shaikh of Dilaim, coming to Baghdad for *jihād*, October 1915. He is brother of Fāhad-al-Ghadhban, and lives 5 miles above 'Ali Gharbi on right bank.

Abu Sellah.—New name for the "Firefly". It used to be that of the "*Espiègle*" among the Arabs: literally "Father of a basket," it refers to the fighting top.

Abu Talab Khan.—Gendarmerie Officer at Borasjun, friend of Wassmuss. At Kangavar, engaging men for the Germans. (8th September 1915).

Abu Zauwa.—Shaikh of the Muhauhiyah (Bani Za'id).

Abu Ziayian.—A Shaikh of Dilaim, coming to Baghdad to join *jihād*, October 1915.





Addai-al-Jaryan.—A Shaikh of the Al-bu-Sultan at Ghabishi.

Adam Bey.—(1) It is said that this is a German, who calls himself Bazgir Bey. One Adam Bey controls the Hillah area for recruiting. (4th June 1915). One Adam Bey, Major, was Officer Commanding at Sinn (23rd August 1915); one Officer Commanding, 113th Regiment, fell from his horse and was replaced by Nuri Bey. (3rd October 1915).

(2) *Effendi*, 2nd-Lieutenant in 1st Company, 1st Camelry. (3rd February 1916).

'Ādil Bey.—(1) Captain, Officer Commanding Engineering Battalion at Diyalah during battle of Ctesiphon. One, probably the same, was Captain of Engineers at the fall of Nasiriyah (23rd July 1915), one 'Ādil Effendi is Officer Commanding, 1-12 Sappers (2nd October 1915); the Captain 'Ādil Effendi is Officer Commanding, Engineer Company, 35th F. A., XIIIth Army Corps. (2nd February 1916).

(2) Officer Commanding Turks at Suq-al-Sheyukh, December 1914. Quarrelled with 'Ajaimi, and, with 'Ali Bey, went up the Gharrāf with all the troops. (29th April 1915).

(3) Major on Headquarter Staff to Hālim Bey at fall of Nasiriyah (21st June 1915); Staff Major to Ahmad Bey, (30th July 1915). Chief of Staff at Ctesiphon. (Are (2) and (3) the same?)

(4) *Bey*, originally Officer Commanding 105th Regiment. (31st January 1916).

'Ādil-ul-Sultan.—Brother of Sardar-i-Nusrat. With help of Bakhtiaris has exterminated the rebels. (11th April 1916).

'Agab ibn 'Ajil.—Shaikh of the 'Abdah Shammar, camping 6 miles S.W. of Abu Ghar (23rd March 1916). They were with 'Ajaimi in September 1914.

Agha 'Ali Asghar Kirmān.—A German Agent, said to have taken 6,000 tomans and four (?) medals for Behristan Chiefs from the German Government (3rd March 1916). Left Kirmān with stores about mid-January 1916.

Agha Badr.—British Agent at Residency, Lingah, murdered on 8th April 1916.





Agha Baksh.—All Allahis consider him as an incarnation of the Deity. He sent his son and the Kakawand Lurs against the enemy at Kirind on behalf of Ihtisham-al-Mamalik. (30th June 1915).

Agha Ja'afar.—Persian merchant of great standing in Basrah. Closely related to Hajji Rais.

Agha Muhammad Khan.—Brother of Haidar Khan and leader of the force co-operating in Shabankareh against hostile Khans. (22nd August 1915).

Agha Muhammad Mehdi.—A leading *Mulla* of Kermanshah.

Agha Nur-ullah.—Lately Chief *Mulla* at Isfahan. With Saiyid Isa' and 3 rebel Shaikhs from Fallahiyah with 1,000 *Mujahidin*, reaches Qahwaruk (4 marches out of Isfahan) about 21st October 1915. Went south, apparently to Shiraz with Ashja (28th February 1916); Acts as emissary between Shiraz and Isfahan. (21st March 1916). In Bakhtiari country. (5th May 1916).

Agha Rahim.—Bakhtiari Deputy-Governor for Dizful. (24th October 1915).

Agha Riza Sagwand.—A detached Chief in territory of Wali, with whom the Sagwands have taken refuge. (22nd April 1916).

Agha Sufi.—An Indian with the Germans. For the past seven years was teacher of English in a school at Shiraz. Now Editor of the *Jam-i-jam* newspaper. Has lost one hand. Still at Shiraz in July 1915.

Agram.—Kurd Lieutenant, 1st Squadron, 13th Cavalry (15th April 1916), reported brave.

Ahir Bey.—Officer Commanding 5th Regiment from Dardanelles to Baghdad, January 1916.





Ahmad.—(1) *Bey.* Was with 'Ajaimi with 150 Sowars of 33rd Cavalry, having replaced 'Âkif Bey. (4th November 1915). He is replaced by Captain Qâsim Bey (25th June 1916). One Ahmad Bey was Officer Commanding 103rd Regiment and then Officer Commanding 35th Division, replacing Fakhri, and reported killed at battle of Sh'aibah. Probably incorrect report, as one Ahmad Bey was Officer Commanding Nasiriyah and defeated there by us 24th July 1915. Reported executed by Nur-ul-dīn, but probably not true. He may be the one with 'Ajaimi. One Ahmad (Nuri) Bey is Officer Commanding 104th Regiment, 35th Division, XIIIth Army Corps. (April 1916).

(2) Major, training 5,000 boys of 17 and 18 at Baghdad about 17th February 1916.

(3) Officer Commanding 3-104 (12th March 1916). Is this the Major Ahmad *Effendi* who arrived at Baghdad as Officer Commanding 800 Turks, 15th January 1916? They left for Shumran next day.

Another is a Major Ahmad Bey, Officer Commanding 3-44th of 51st Division, March 1916, at Madug.

(4) *Bey*, Officer Commanding 22nd Cavalry, 2nd Cavalry Division, Caucasus 5th December 1915 (1st March 1916). Another Ahmad Bey is Officer Commanding 33rd Cavalry, although Saleh also given as Officer Commanding, March 1916.

(5) *Effendi*, Lieutenant, Officer Commanding 4-3-40th. (1st March 1916).

(6) Captain, Officer Commanding 2-2-35th Regiment Artillery. 11th July 1915.

(7) Major, *Effendi* (Ahmad Nuri Bey), Officer Commanding 114th (sent temporarily to Sinn, before 15th June 1915) (11th October 1915). Evidence points to probability of the 114th being changed to 104th. [See Ahmad (1)].

(8) *Effendi*, Officer Commanding about 50 soldiers at Mandali? (4th November 1915).

(9) *Bey*, Acting Wali of Baghdad. (26th August 1915).

(10) *Bey*, Officer Commanding 30th Regiment. (18th April 1916).

(11) *Effendi*, Lieutenant, Kurd, Supply or Regimental Secretary attached Cavalry Brigade. (15th April 1916).

(12) *Effendi*, Officer Commanding 5th Company, 31st Cavalry. (December 1915).

(13) *Bey*, Major, Officer Commanding 43rd on Tigris Line. (12th January 1916).

(15) *Bey*, Officer Commanding "*Menzil*" (depôt), *not* from Nasiriyah. (3rd October 1915).

(16) *Effendi*, Officer Commanding 3-44th of 51st Division of XVIIIth A. C.

(17) *Effendi*, Lieutenant, Arab, Officer Commanding 1-4-1st of 2nd Division, mid-April 1916.





Ahmad ibn 'Abd-ul-Karīm.—'Asaimi's clerk.

Ahmad 'Ali Bey.—Major, Officer Commanding 4th Battalion, 6th Regiment. (15th March 1916).

Ahmad Essad.—(1) *Bey*, Directeur de l'administration des Bateaux Hamidieh Lieutenant-Colonel d'Etat-Major. (Basrah, pre-war).

(2) Formerly *Mutessarif* of Dair-al-Zor; relieved Shafiq as Wali of Baghdad. (8th May 1916).

Ahmad Fauzi.—Now Pasha, Officer Commanding 3rd Army Corps (7th and 12th Divisions) at Bulair (5th October 1915), for subsequent Commander see *'Ali Riza* (3).

Ahmad Haqqi.—Captain, Staff Officer of 38th Division to Sadiq Bey at Ctesiphon. (4th November 1915).

Ahmad Hamdi.—Captain, Officer Commanding 1-2-43rd. (1st March 1916).

Ahmad 'Irāq (Warraq) Bey.—Colonel, Officer Commanding 31st Cavalry on left bank with Sabri and Von der Goltz at Shaikh Sa'ad on 2nd January 1916. Heard of in June 1916. But see *'Arif* (4).

Ahmad Qādir Bey.—Major, 2nd-in-Command of 9th Regiment. (20th April 1916).

Ahmad ibn Kaka (also Ibn Kaka Ahmad).—Kurdish Commander from Kerkuk, came to Nasiriyah with 1,000 fighting men. At Sh'aibah (19th March 1915) when his men attacked us without his orders.

Ahmad Kani, Dr.—Chief of Baghdad Municipality. (October 1915).

Ahmad Khalfah Pasha.—Officer Commanding 5 battalions of Kurds, arriving at Jindīl 5 days after battle of Ctesiphon.





Ahmad Khan.—Of Angali. Reported with Wassmuss (25th August 1915). Replaces Shaikh Husain of Chahkutah. (26th February 1916).

Ahmad Marell.—Officer Commanding, 24th Cavalry. (1st March 1916).

Ahmad Bey Misafa.—Miralai, Officer Commanding at Sinn. (18th August 1915).

Ahmad Nuri.—(1) *Bey*, Major, Officer Commanding, 104th Regiment. (9th May 1916).

(2) *Effendi*, Officer Commanding, 114th Regiment. (23rd October 1915). (The 114th may have become 104th).

(3) See ***Turkish succession.***

Ahmad Nuri Bashayan.—Strongly pro-Turk. Previously Tarjuman-al-Wilaya (Basrah), and almost Private Secretary to Subhi Bey in early days of war.

Ahmad Rejeb Bey.—Officer Commanding, 109th (141st) Regiment (5th August 1915).

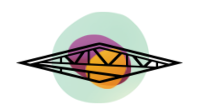
Ahmad Riza.—Formerly President of the Chamber, then translated to the Senate. Pro-Entente demonstrator. Arrested about end of February 1916, alter fall of Erzerum.

Ahmad Pasha al Sanah.—An Arab notable of Basrah. Telegraphed to His Majesty the King.

Ahmad Sāleh.—Captain, Officer Commanding, 3-2-142nd. (6th November 1915).

Ahmad Shakib.—Captain, Officer Commanding, 2nd Battalion, 43rd Regiment. (1st March 1916).





Ahmad Shukri.—(1) Minister of Public Instruction, Post and Telegraphs for Turkey, June 1915.

(2) *Bey*, formerly Officer Commanding, 4th Battalion. Fire Brigade, under Riza Bey during Balkan War. Officer Commanding, Recruiting Centre at Amarah.

Ahmad Taufiq.—(1) *Pasha*, Officer Commanding, Yemen, 39th and 40th Divisions (VIIth Army Corps), Headquarters at Sana. (November 1915).

(2) *Effendi*, Captain, Officer Commanding, 1-104th, 35th Division, XIIIth Army Corps. (Summer 1916).

Ahmad Tayar Bey.—General Officer Commanding, 1st Division. (22nd October 1915). See *Midhat*.

Ahmad (Effendi) ibn Wanah.—Ex-*mal-mudir* of Shatrah, arrived back there, 19th December 1915.

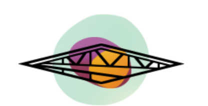
Ahmad (Pasha) al-Zuhair.—Of Basrah, elected M.P. about September 1908.

Ahmi Effendi.—Major, Officer Commanding, 2-104th.

'Ain-ul-Dauleh.—Prince, son-in-law of Mi Shah, appointed Minister of Interior in 1903 Following year given title of Sadr-i-Aazam, in which he continued until August 1906 when he was dismissed and Mushir-ul-Dauleh appointed as his successor. His Cabinet, however, was substituted for that of Mushir-ul-Dauleh. (2nd May 1915).

Aja.—Of the Bani Ziraij (Bani Hachaim) with Ahmad Bey at 'Ain (opposite Khidhr). (12th December 1915).

'Ajab ibn 'Ajil.—One of the Shaikhs of the 'Abdah section of Shammar. Near Samawah his tribe killed two of Al-Zaiyad tribe. (26th September 1915).





Ajail.—Son of Fāleh Pasha, at battle of Sh'aibah. (Mid-April 1915).

'Ajaimi ibn Sa'adūn al-Mansūr.—His father, Sa'adūn, was arrested by the Turks in 1911 through the treachery of Saiyid Tālib, deported to Aleppo, where he "died" immediately after arrival. 'Ajaimi was hostile to the Turks in 1914, but joined them when war broke out against the British. He was in the neighbourhood of the Kutal-al-Zain fight, 17th November 1914, but arrived too late to take part. Similarly, although actively moving on the Sh'aibah-Nasiriyah line in the period preceding the battle of Sh'aibah (mid-April 1915) he was inert at the actual battle, and this is said to have disgusted the other Shaikhs. He retired on Nasiriyah after the fight, where in May 1915 he was authorized to collect 1,000 cavalry and 2,000 infantry, and about this time given the Order of the Mirmiran and dubbed Muaz al-din Pasha. His subsequent actions have consisted chiefly in masterly inactivity in this region, generally at 'Ain, four hours from Khidhr, where he stays with Ahmad Bey and a handful of men. Reported 25th June 1916 that Captain Qāsim Bey (who is to replace Ahmad Bey) is bringing him a sword of honour from Enver.

'Ajīl ibn 'Ali (ibn Barbuti) ibn Samarmad.—Of Zubaid, made commander of hostile coalition against us (13th March 1916). He is said to have been given £T.10,000 by the Turks. (29th November 1915).

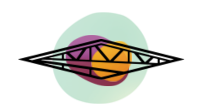
'Ajīl ibn Ashjan.—Shaikh of Al-Tarbresh (Al-'Alawi, Khafajah). Went to visit 'Ajaimi. (8th November 1915).

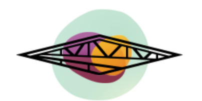
Ajit Singh.—Seditionist; reason to believe he returned to neighbourhood of Bushire (12th July 1915). Son of Arjan Singh, sallow, medium height and build, black beard which may now be shaved. Arrested at Shiraz on 7th August 1916.

'Aqab ibn 'Ajal.—Shaikh of the Idah section of Shammar, with 'Ajaimi in January 1916.

'Aqal al-Battikh.—Anti-British Shaikh of one division of Al-Mujabelah, a division of the Shammar Toqah in 'Azizieh. (9th December 1915).

Akbar-ul-Dauleh.—Persian Governor of Kermanshah who arrived about end of October 1915. Has no authority, the power being at that time in hands of Persian Consul.





(20)

Akbar Mirza.—Son of Zil-al-Sultan, assistant to Farman Farma after November 15th, 1915, when the latter had been made Minister of Interior. Proposed as Governor of Ispahan (February 1916); probable Foreign Minister. (3rd March 1916).

'Ākif Bey.—(1) Was originally Chief of Basrah Gendarmerie before the war: quarrelled with Saiyid Tālib and had to go. (Then Officer Commanding, 2nd Regiment, Shahroban battalion with Daghistani (10th June 1915; presumably the same man). He certainly superseded Ahmad Bey on the Euphrates line, being made "Officer Commanding, Right Flank" previous to September 1915; then in January—March 1916 we hear of this same man as Officer Commanding, the Cavalry Brigade, Tigris Army, Shaikh Saad. One 'Ākif Bey is Regimental Commander at School for Cadet Officers in Baghdad. (27th April 1916).

(2) Officer Commanding, 1st battalion, 112th Regiment. (4th October 1915 and 1st March 1916).

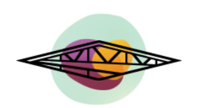
Alain ibn Zail.—Of the Husainat, arrested by us at Nasiriyah because of his attack on the 24th Punjabis on 14th July 1916.

'Alawi.—Brother of *Saiyid Tuffar*.

Algero-Tunisian Independence Committee.—Met at Berlin recently. Present were Shaikh Sāleh Sharif (Sāleh al-Tunisi), Qadhi Shaikh Ismail Salaihi, Shaikh 'Abdul-'Aziz Shawish, Muhammad Bash Mamba, Shaikh Muhammad Al-Khidhr. (20th March 1916).

'Ali.—(1) 'Ali Bey ibn Taufīq, captured by us at Amarah (9th June 1915). Admitted to being Officer Commanding, 2-103rd Regiment, and was possibly Officer Commanding, 103rd. It was probably he who was Chief of Staff to Hālim Bey on the Rotah line. (20th February 1915).

(2) 'Ali Bey, who came in command of the "Fire Brigade" to Nasiriyah from Constantinople, and fought at Sh'aibah. (Mid-April 1915). One of this name retired up the Gharrāf about three weeks after the battle; and one (the same?) was made Commandant of Kut. (20th May 1915). One 'Ali Bey is said to have been Officer Commanding 4,000 troops at Hillah about end of May 1916; he was Commander at Karbala in early May and fled after the Arabs' successful attack there, 11th May 1916.





'Ali—(3) Officer Commanding a company of 2nd Seyyar gendarmerie at Rotah. (23rd March 1915). One Captain 'Ali Effendi arrived at Shatrah from Kut, 16th August 1915, with gifts for locals.

(4) 'Ali Bey *Qaimmaqām*, the son of Mahmud Pasha, Chief of the Jāfs, at Mandali, with 20 mounted gendarmes. (12th November 1915). He has been trying to raise *mujahidin* from the Persian mountains.

(5) *Effendi*, Officer Commanding, 1-105th. (1st March 1916).

(6) Bey, Officer Commanding, 59th Regiment. (4th November 1915).

(7) Lieutenant-Colonel, *Bey*, Officer Commanding, 7th Regiment of 1st Division (*Quwah-i-Safariyah*) (formerly 3rd). (12th November 1915).

(8) *Bey*, Major, Officer Commanding, 2-44th, who went to Khaniqin immediately after arrival at Baghdad on 23rd November 1915.

'Ali al 'Abdullah.—Of the Al-bu-Hasan with 'Ākif Bey at Samawah on 14th October 1915.

'Ali Akbar Khan.—Son of Sher Khan, Sardar Muqtadir Sinjabi. Lives on outskirts of Qasr-i-Shirin at Sanjawi. Led force against Turks at Kirind, 23rd June 1915. Came to Kermanshah 5th September 1915 in order, it is understood, to protest to Persian Government against Turks. Is with Germans and has 1,000 cavalry paid by Germans. (5th March 1916). Turks wanted him made governor of Kermanshah, but Nāsir-ul-Sultaneh was appointed. (12th July 1916).

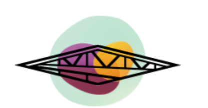
'Ali al-Battikh.—Shaikh of the Mujabilah (Shammar Toqah) in neighbourhood of 'Azizieh on left bank of Tigris.

'Ali Dembuz.—A merchant, Sharif of Suq-al-Sheyukh. (6th August 1915).

'Ali ibn Dhwaid.—An Al-Dhāfir Shaikh from Busaiah (north-west of Shagra).

'Ali al-Fad'an.—Shaikh of Al-Husain (Bani Zaid).

'Ali al-Fadhl.—Shaikh of the 'Abd-ul-Saiyid (Khafaja), 65—70 years old. Has longstanding grudge against Turks. Making overtures to "come in." (1st October 1915).





'Ali al-Fattan.—Governing Ja'arah together with Saiyid Hadi Zuwiyeh. (2nd November 1915).

'Ali Haidar.—Deputy at Mosul. (22nd October 1915). (See *Haidar*).

'Ali ibn Hamūd al-Subhān.—Nominal Wakīl of Hail. He is a brainless boy under 18 but much loved by the people. His chief adviser is Sa'ad ibn Sāleh al-Subhān.

'Ali Ihsan Pasha.—Officer Commanding, XIIIth Army Corps. (2nd March 1916). Khalil deputed to him whole command on right bank, Tigris. (20th April 1916). He was on the General Staff in Europe and is very capable. He has the reputation of having shot several officers with his own hand in the Caucasus for wavering. Went with cavalry division to Khaniqin before 26th May 1916.

'Ali Isfāhani.—Usually styled Shaikh-ul-'Iraqain. Sent by Turks to Tehran to rouse Persian notables against Allies. (10th December 1915).

'Ali Jenab.—Lieutenant, Cavalry, relation of Enver, A.-D.-C. to Khalil at surrender of Kut, April 1916. Apparently a hard drinker.

'Ali Jindīl.—Shaikh, brother of Falaiyah, looted our *mahailas* off 'Awaineh (12th October 1915). We looted his village of everything on 8th December 1915.

'Ali Quli Khan.—Major in Persian gendarmerie (Officer Commanding at Borasjun) who with Major Fāteh 'Ali organized coup at Shiraz (capture of Bank Manager, etc.). (10th December 1915). He was with Ijlal-ul-Huzur, Officer Commanding, Gendarmerie at Shiraz, on 29th January 1916.

'Ali Mardan Khan.—In charge of Bairanwand escorting Schönemann and other Germans. Appointed Governor of Burujird by the Russians. (31st March 1916). He was uncle of 'Abbās Khan (of the Faali) whom through an old feud he murdered about 12th August 1915. His daughter is one of Salar-ul-Dauleh's many *fiancées*.

'Ali Minaishad.—See *Minaishad*.





'Ali Mukhtar Bey.—Wali of Mosul, October 1915.

'Ali Najib Bey.—Officer Commanding, 45th Division, at Ctesiphon; subsequently acting Commander, XVIIIth Army Corps.

'Ali Naki.—Officer Commanding 900 Arabs and Kurds; arrived at Baghdad on 13th February 1916.

'Ali Rashīd Bey.—Officer Commanding, 51st Division (28th March 1916), after Kāzim Bey.

'Ali Riza.—(1) Officer Commanding, 13th Division, VIth Corps, Angora—Bosphorus, mid 1915—See *Forakhri.*

(2) *Pasha,* said to have arrived at Baghdad on 27th July 1915.

(3) *Pasha,* Albanian, Officer Commanding, Cilicia district. (5th October 1915).

*** One Ali Riza Pasha is Officer Commanding, 3rd Army Corps (7th and 11th Divisions) at Almali on 21st June 1916.

(4) *Bey,* Officer Commanding, 123rd Regiment. (9th December 1915).

(5) Captain, Officer Commanding, one company of the 3-9th (11th December 1915).

(6) Captain, Officer Commanding, 1-2-142nd on 8th November 1915.

'Ali-al-Sāleh.—A Shaikh of the Dilaim.

'Ali ibn Shi'ah.—A Shaikh of the Suwaid. Wishes to "come in." (7th April 1915).

'Ali Shukri Bey.—Major, Officer Commanding, a group of artillery. (28th March 1916).

'Ali Sharaw.—Of bardahlah, headman of hill Yezidis.





'Ali Sufhi Bey.—Major, Officer Commanding, 1-6th Regiment. (18th March 1916).

'Ali ibn Sulaiman.—A Shaikh of the Dilaim, coming to Baghdad with 200 men for *jihad*, October 1915.

"*Allalon.*"—French Doctor with 'Ajaimi. (27th April 1916).

Alwan.—(1) *ibn Saiyid 'Abbās*—Shaikh of part of the Al-Ibrahim, near Moroglah, 5 hours above Shinafiyah. See (4).

(2) *ibn Filaiyah*, of Bait Jindil, cousin of Chittab. A Bani Hasan Shaikh, on pilgrimage to Karbala, June 1915. Was implicated in looting our *mahailas*. (23rd October 1915). Was given £T. 200 by the Turks. (29th November 1915) and was with them near Kut on 12th December 1915. He was turned out of his lands by us in January 1916, and has since been with the Turks. He and the *Qaimmaqām* of Badrah gave Bilasim "until 4th May 1916" to decide whether he would join the Turks or not. (3rd May 1916). He was with Subri Bey at Mhairayah on 1st June 1916.

(3) A Kurd, Officer Commanding, a battalion of Muslawis, arrived at Hillah. (16th February 1916).

(4) *ibn Hajji Sa'adūn*, of the Bani Hasan, sworn to resist the Turks, on the Najaf side. (21st June 1916). [Probably (1)].

Amanullah Khan.—*Sardar-i-Jang*, Wali of Pusht-i-Kuh's eldest son, about 30 years, quiet, not interested in politics. No money.

Amīn.—(1) *Bey*, *Qaimmaqām* of Najaf. Previously *Qaim.* of Kadhimiyah where he was replaced by Taufiq Bey, the *Qaim.* of Shatrat-al-Muntafik. (19th October 1915).

(2) *Bey*, *Miralai*, Officer Commanding, 136th Regiment, 45th Division, member of military party of Pan-Arabs, 'Antioch. (7th April 1916).

(3) *Bey*, Major, Officer Commanding, 3-131, afterwards re-numbered 2-105. At Sinn. (8th October 1915). One Amīn Bey with 400 foot and cavalry came to join 'Abd-ul-Rahmān at Jessan on 24th November 1915.

(4) *Bey*, Officer Commanding, 2nd Regiment of artillery. (23rd March 1916) (2 battalions of 8th Q. F. field 7·5 guns).

(5) *Bey*, Major, Chief of Staff, Tigris Army, 28th March 1916. Now read Colonel Kāzim Bey. (9th May 1916).

(6) Captain, Officer Commanding, 3-1-105. (August 1915).

(7) Lieutenant, Section Officer, 1st field battery, 2nd battalion, 38th Division. (22nd June 1915).

(8) Telegraph *mudīr* at Baghdad. (16th August 1915).





"بيانات أشخاص هامة في بلاد الرافدين، هيئة الأركان العامة، الهند (الرقم التسلسلي ١٠)" [‎٢٥و] (٥٤/٢٨٠)

Amīn Bey, ibn Yahya Bey—of Badrah. (23rd October 1915). (Compare next entry).

Amīn Sharīf.—Formerly *Qaimmaqām* of Badrah. (November 1915).

Amīr.—Shaikh of Amarah with Sabri Bey. (24th June 1916).

Amīr Agha.—A Khan of the Khamseh tribe trying to get himself acknowledged as Ilkhani in place of Qawam. (18th January 1916).

Amīr Quli Khan.—See *Quli Khan.*

Amīr-ul-Hishmat.—Probably the notorious anti-Russian Azarbaijani who was proscribed by Russians for atrocities at Azarbaijan about 1909. Reported near Khaniqin (1915). Probably one of the German *jehād* mission to Persia.

Amīr Jang.—Young son of Sardar-i-Asad. Acting Ilbegi. (23rd August 1915).

Amir Mufakhkham.—Late Governor-General of Kermanshah. Resigned (7th July 1915.) Leading rebel Khan. With his sons Hajji Ibrahim and Abdul-Qāsim Khan joined the Germans. (22nd February 1916). He and Hasan Quli Khan with 1,500 Bakhtiaris were near Baghshahi on 5th April 1916, returning home, as the Germans had not paid them for two months. Later report says he was disheartened by Russian successes. (28th April 1916).

Amir-i-Mujahid.—*Yusuf Khan*, a Bakhtiari Chief. Was at Malamir with Germans (13th September 1915). At Isfahan until autumn 1915. Openly pro-German in sentiment. Appointed Ilbegi (15th September 1915), and signed agreement that no Germans should enter Bakhtiari territory. (13th December 1915).

Amrān ibn Hajji Sa'adūn.—A Bani Hasan Shaikh who went on pilgrimage to Karbala in June 1915.

Amrān-al-Zambur.—A Shaikh of the Bani 'Ajil (Zubaid) living in Juwaimisah, one hour's distance from Jazirah. Enemy of 'Ajīl Bey. Has a brother Hasan. (9th December 1915).





Anayeh.—See *Inayeh.*

Andruks.—Dr., German, head of mission going with 120 carts, supplies and ammunition, from Baghdad to Persia, June 1916. Other members are Shinker, Humm, Dr. Shatt, Fischer.

Āngmann.—Swedish gendarmerie officer, anti-British. At Shiraz. (5th October 1915). Reported to have brought 300,000 *tomāns* from German Consul for Wassmuss (14th October 1915.) Said to have taken prominent part in the shooting of Mackertich, the Armenian I. E. T. D. signaller, at Shiraz (10th December 1915). Arrested in Shiraz (9th April 1916) and put on his trial (5th May 1916).

Angreas.—Swedish Gendarmerie officer, anti-British, at Shiraz, August 1915.

'Araibi Pasha.—Son of Wadi, nephew of Saihud, brother of Khalifah. Shaikh over 20,000 Al-bu-Muhammad Arabs at Chahalah. Said to be £T 50,000 in debt to the Turkish Government. He was with the Turks at Rotah (31st March 1915) and subsequently, but it appears that he would have liked to "come in" (7th April 1915), and he and his nephew were sent away from Hilmi's force as traitors. (2nd June 1915). He was at Chahalah (12th December 1915).

Argob, Shaikh.—Reported to have collected 3,000 men between Bghailah and 'Azizieh. (19th October 1915).

'Ārif—(1) *Bey* or *Effendi*, Officer Commanding Turkish Artillery Qurnah (17th April 1915), 50 years old, *cf.* (2).

(2) *Qudamli—Yuzbashi*, Effendi, Officer Commanding, 1st Battalion, 38th Regiment Artillery (5th August 1915), *cf.* (3).

(3) Officer Commanding, 2nd Battalion, 38th Regiment Artillery (10th June 1915), *cf.* (2).

(4) *Bey*, Major, Officer Commanding, 31st Cavalry, Tigris Line (9th May 1916). See *Ahmad 'Irāq*.

(5) Lieutenant, Arab, officer in 4th Squadron, 31st Cavalry, Described as useless coward.

Arjaz Kikha.—Darashuri (the Darashuris are a section of Qashqai) quarrels with the Saulet and flees to Bakhtiari for assistance which was refused. On way back looted Kardorff. (7th July 1916).





Armani.—2nd Lieutenant, Armenian, able and brave officer in 2nd Squadron, 13th Cavalry. (16th April 1915).

Arshad-ul-Dauleh.—A Deputy Governor of Dizful, actively hostile to us (30th October 1915), inciting minor Khans to attack and depose the Ilkhani of Sagwands (5th January 1916). Deposed at our wish and Chiragh 'Ali appointed in his stead. (22nd April 1916).

Arthel.—German, presumably captured and now at Kirman. (14th June 1916).

Essad.—(1) *Pasha,* Officer Commanding, IIIrd Army Corps (1st June 1915); Officer Commanding, 1st Army, 3 Divisions. He is the Essad of Janina fame. Officer Commanding, 1st Army, 49th and 50th Divisions, Constantinople. (5th July 1916).

(2) *Pasha,* of Albania, a Druse of Damascus. Position in Albania one of difficulty, as Austrians have tried to undermine his influence with the object of using his troops against Servia. (15th December 1915.) M. Briand received him on 3rd April 1916 and congratulated him on his loyal attitude to the Allies.

(3) *Pasha,* one of this name commands at Mosul. (5th December 1914).

(4) *Bey, Qaimmaqām,* General Officer Commanding, 26th Division. (4th November 1915).

(5) *Bey,* Captain, Officer Commanding, 1-114th (11th Octob 1915, December 1915).

Asad Khan Babueyi.—Supporter of Saiyid 'Isa at Behbehan. (27th March 1916).

Asadullah Khan.—*Kalantar* of Dasht Bawari.

'Asaimi.—See *Muhammad al-'Asaimi.*

Asam.—(1) Lieutenant, Turk. Officer Commanding, 2nd Squadron, 13th Cavalry. Described as useless. (15th April 1916).

(2) Arab, Officer Commanding, Engineer Company with Cavalry Brigade. (15th April 1916).





Asgharzadeh.—Persian, reported entered Afghanistan with German party. (5th October 1915)

'Ashīr Bey.—(1) A senior officer at Kut, Officer Commanding garrison. (1st September 1915).

(2) (or *'Ashar Bey*), one of Khalīl's Staff Officers. (7th March 1916).

'Asi.—Shaikh of Bani Turuf. His brother killed 3rd March 1915. Said to have gone to Turks in mid-February 1916 with 45 Bani Turuf sowars and 90 *Mujahidin* from Halfayah. Now outlawed by us.

'Āsim Bey.—Officer Commanding, 121st Regiment. (9th December 1915).

'Āsim Bey.—Officer Commanding, 1 battalion of 141st Regiment at Tai Pak. (23rd March 1916).

'Askar Khan.—Chief of the Road guards at Kangavar. (8th September 1915.)

'Ātif Bey.—(1) Officer Commanding, Gendarmerie Battalion at Baghdad (July 1914).

(2) Left Pai Tak for Baghdad with Rauf with 300 troops. (30th September 1915).

'Atiyyah abu Galal al-Meshed.—Shaikh in Najaf. Was serving life-sentence in Baghdad, but was amnestied when war broke out and joined Turks. About mid-June 1915, however, he appears as a prime mover in the Najaf revolt, and made himself one of the chief powers in Najaf, a perpetual thorn in the side of the Turks on that line. Turkish Government in Najaf has been since June 1915 a farce.

'Atshan al-Na'imah.—A Shaikh of Al-Shamkhi tribe (Khafajah). "Came in" 4th October 1915.





'Attar Bey.—Officer Commanding, Basrah Gendarmerie at Baghdad. (9th June 1915).

Aud Bey.—Officer Commanding, Artillery, 35th Division, at Sinn. (June 1915). Presumed this is not the German *Uth q. v.*?

Aufi.—A Shaikh of Bani Turuf. Outlawed by us.

'Awad.—Shaikh of the Al-bu-Muniairah section of Azairij. (7th September 1915).

'Aw(a)ni.—(1) *Bey,* Captain, Officer Commanding Hillah Battalion, Seyyar Gendarmerie, early 1915.

(2) Officer Commanding, 3rd Company, 1st *Murattab.*

(3) Captain, 1-109 (13th August 1915), renumbered 141st.

(4) Captain, Officer Commanding Battery of 37th Regiment (11th August 1915).

(5) Captain, 2-2-114. (18th October 1915).

(6) *Bey,* Officer Commanding, 1st Battalion Horse Artillery, (52nd Field Artillery ?) (8 q.-f. guns and 250 horses) left Constantinople 14th October 1915, reached Baghdad 17th December 1915.

Azad Bey.—*Miralai,* with Nur-ul-din. (7th November 1915).

'Azam, Sipahdar.—Nominal ruler of Mazandaran who lately replaced Farman Farma as Prime Minister. (26th March 1916).

'Azīz.—(1) *Bey,* Arab, perhaps formerly on Nur-ul-dīn's staff. In Baghdad. (26th April 1916).

(2) *Bey* or *Pasha,* Officer Commanding Turks at Nasiriyah. (13th March 1915).

(3) Captain, Officer Commanding small force at Hillah. (10th November 1915).





Azīz—(4) Lieutenant in 2nd Squadron, 13th Cavalry. Said to be very clever, able and brave, the best officer in the regiment. (16th April 1916). "Major" Azīz Bey, Kurdish Cavalry Officer was on mission to Wali of Pusht-i-Kuh. (12th July 1916).

(5) Shaikh of the Maqasis tribe with 500 men at Kut with Nur-ul-din. (3rd October 1915).

'Azmi Bey.—On outbreak of war was made Wali of Konieh; then succeeded Bekir Sami Bey as Wali of Beyrut. One of the most sinister figures in modern Turkey.

Back-am-Cohn.—On German *jihād* mission in Persia. Nothing heard of him lately.

Bader, Captain.—German, Chief of Baghdad wireless telegraphy service at Bāb-al-Sharqi.

Badra.—Shaikh of the Samit tribe.

Badr-al-Rumaidh.—Shaikh of the Al-bu-Sāleh (more or less the Chief of Bani Malik). Has been consistently hostile to us.

Badri Bey.—Officer Commanding, 1,000 Turkish Infantry, 500 Cavalry, and tribesmen between Badrah and Jessan (going to Khaniqin ?) on 19th May 1916.

Baghdadi-al-Jabih.—Shaikh of the Al-Mas'ud section of the Al-'Asidah (Khafajah) (100 men), was at Suwaij on 27th January 1916.

Bahadur.—See *Sardar Bahadur.*

Bahadur Diwān.—Deputy Governor of Behbehan. (12th May 1916). (His son is chief agent of Saiyed Isa').





Bahadur-ul-Sultaneh.—See *Salar-i-Mansur.*

Bahmiar Kelkhuda (*Mustafa*).—Chief of Chaghadak, taken prisoner by us, 9th September 1915, and released 30th December 1915.

Bahr-ul-'Ulum.—See *Saiyid Muhammad 'Ali.*

Bahram Khan.—At Bampur. His men robbed party of 3 Germans and 1 Indian at Bampur (8th April 1916). He apparently tried to make the Austrian Biach responsible in the eyes of the Baluch Sardars for the capture of Bampur fort. (6th May 1916).

Baiz Agha.—Influential Kurd, who submitted to Russians at Serdasht. (31st May 1916).

" *Baker.*"—German officer (spelling ?), who left Baghdad for Mosul about end of March 1916.

Baki.—Capatain, Officer Commanding, 3-1-142nd at Ctesiphon.

Bakir.—(1) *Bey*, Officer Commanding 3,000 troops at Jessan, Febuary 1916.

(2) *Effendi*, Officer Commanding 2-3-44th of 51st Division in March 1916.

Bakir Khan.—A *Kalantar* and notable of Shuster, the biggest factor in determining the attitude of the town.

Bakir Sami Bey.—(1) Late *Wali* of Beyrut (Summer 1915), now of Aleppo. (22nd September 1915).

(2) Officer Commanding, 5th Composite Division, Vth Army Corps. Left Bitlis about October-November 1915. Killed on Tigris line mid.-January 1916.

(3) Colonel, Officer Commanding, 52nd Division. (9th May 1916).





Baktash Effendi.—(1) Lieutenant, Turk, Supply and Transport, attached Cavalry Brigade. (15th April 1916).

Barbuti.—A "west-ender" of Samawah, Shaikh on left bank. Joined 'Ajaimi. (28th August 1915).

Basant Singh.—A Sikh leader of a mission for distributing seditious literature among our troops in Mesopotamia. Left Berlin for Mesopotamia in March 1 15.

Bashayan Family.—

Hajji 'Abdullah Bashayan.

'Ab-dûl-Wâhid Bashayan	'Ab-dûl-Qâdir Bashayan	Sâleh Bashayan.

Ahmud Nur is son of (1) (?).

Basson, M.—Head of Alliance School, Baghdad.

Basri Bey.—Major, Staff, G. S. O. I, XVIIIth Army Corps.

Bauer, Lt.—German, African Explorer. Fought on Basrah—Nasiriyah line early 1915, and one of this name was near Amarah. (May, June, 1915). Probably making mines.

Becker, Dr.—Formerly on *jihād* mission in Persia. Now captured, Kirman-Shiraz. (27th April 1916).

Behij.—Lieutenant-Colonel, S. M. O. (2) Khaniqin. (8th May 1916.)

Behjet.—(1) Bey, Lieutenent-Colonel, 114th. (29th February 1916).

(2) Lieutenent in 1st squadron, 13th Cavalry. (16th May 1916).





Bejat-ul-Mulk.—Deputy Governor of Shiraz, July 1916, nominated by Farman Farma.

Benedict, Marc.—Resident of Baku. A. Abineri is his agent in Tabriz. With reference to German Agents in Persia, this firm should be watched.

Berghansen.—On *jihād* mission in Persia.

Berk, Puttman and Company.—Firm in Baghdad, but Berk has gone home some time since. See ***Puttman.***

Berkmann (or Bockmann).—German Officer who was in Baghdad for a year then went to fight on Persian frontier, and returned to Baghdad, May 1916.

Bethcher.—German Officer arrested by Russians at Zinjan (9th January 1916).

Biach, Dr. Rudolph.—Austrian, lately on *jihād* mission in Persia, captured at Baft and now a prisoner in India. (14th May 1916).

Bidoc.—New Railway Station Master at Baghdad.

Bilal.—Major, S. M. O. in field on Kut line. (8th May 1916).

Bilasim (Balasam.)—Shaikh, brother of Ghadhban by different mother. He and some followers separated from Ghadhban on account of his faithlessness. (20th November 1915). Is now living on left bank of Tigris below 'Ali Gharbi, July 1916.

Billard, Hans.—German-Swiss lawyer, speaking good French, with Swiss passport, left Constantinople for Baghdad as spy. (4th March 1915). (Not heard of since).





(34)

Bohnstor (Erik or Erich).—German on *jihād* mission to Persia. Captured on Kerman-Shiraz line. (27th April 1916).

Bopp, Col.—Chief of Staff to Turks on Persian Frontier. (29th May 1916). Directed operations on 3rd May 1916 at Kirind.

Bosson, M.—2nd in Command as Director of Baghdad Railway at Baghdad.

Bourgeois.—Belgian *employé* in Persian Customs, Bushire.

Brandly, Otto.—Swiss, manager of Oriental Carpet Company, Kirman, about 50 years of age. Under British protection at Kirman, but German at Bushire and Shiraz.

Brissel, Mr.—American Consul in Baghdad.

Bristow, Mr.—British Vice-Consul at Resht. (8th February 1916).

Bronsardt von Schellendorf.—See *Schellendorf.*

Brown, Thomas.—One of the headmen of the Wönckhaus Firm; has been in the Gulf 10 or 12 years, being head of the business in the Gulf. Was formally Wönckhaus' Agent at Lingah, where in 1907-08 he endeavoured by a piece of sharp practice to obtain a German footing in the Oxide Mines of Abu Musa.

He was in Baghdad in April 1916, having gone on a Mission with Hajji Yasīn Khadairi about March 1916 to the Wali of Pusht-i-Kuh.

He was in Baghdad in June 1916 as contractor for supplies.

He is about 34—35 years of age, more than half German. His photograph in the Intelligence Branch shows him *debonair*, keen, vigorous, clean shaven, except for moustache.

Bruggmann.—A German of the Persian Carpet Company, who arrived at Bandar 'Abbas about April 1913. He was seriously ill of enteric about this time. The German Foreign Office at this period offered him the new post of German Consul at Kerman which he was not willing to accept at the moment, but would accept after staying in Kerman for a year. He was reported ill at Kerman. (1st April 1916). Readily handed over by Persian authorities about July 1916, to be deported to India.





Buraid Al-Jāhil.—Shaikh of Al-Bu-Hamad, of the Al-Zaiyad.

Burhan-ul-din.—'Abd-ul-Hamīd's favourite son.

Busse, Captain Von.—A. P. O., present at funeral of Von der Goltz at Baghdad. (15th May 1916).

Carr, Dr.—Missionary Doctor in Isfahan.

Charid ibn Twalah.—A Shaikh of Al-Ibrahim and Bani Malik. (6th August 1915).

Chāsib.—Shaikh of Muhammerah's eldest son. Unpopular with Arabs.

Chellub.—Ibn Tarafa, head of Mujabileh section of the Shammar Toqah.

Chimian.—Shaikh of the Mayeh in Shwaib, hostile to us. (17th April 1915).

Chiragh 'Ali Khan.—*Sardar-i-Saulet*, succeeds Waqar-ul-Mulk in Dizful. (4th February 1916). See *'Abd-ul-Qāsim Khan.*

Chittab.—Shaikh of a section of Bani Lam on left bank of Tigris on the Wadi above Shaikh Saad. Implicated in raid of our telegraph launch. (12th October 1915); we raided and burnt his camp in March 1916. He is now in Badrah. (July 1916).

Chuwaiyid.—Shaikh of Walad Muhaineh (near Suq) (Al-Ibrahim). Friendly to us. (27th November 1915).





(36)

"*Consten.*"—(Might be *Contzen*? on Baghdad Railway, went to Germany, middle of 1915, reported killed in France) member of the German *jihād* mission to Persia.

Cotcho.—One of the chief Rolling Stock Mechanical Engineers, Baghdad Railway.

Czuturas (or *Czerturas*) *Dr.*—Hungarian or Niedermayer's expedition which he had joined at Isfahan as a Doctor under orders from Tehran.

Dakhal-i-Mulk.—Was to take up governorship of Dizful. (15th November 1915).

Darchal.—Shaikh of the 'Abd-ul-Khan (Bani Lam). (4th February 1916).

Darya Begi.—Formerly commanded troops of the Persian fleet (*i.e.*, the "Persepolis"). Now new Governor of Bushire, arrived. (16th October 1915). Returned from tour of inspection on 25th July 1916 with enhanced prestige.

Daud.—(1) *Bey*, only son of Muhammad Pasha Dayhestani.

(2) *Bey*, General Officer Commanding Division from Kerkuk. (6th March 1916).

(3) *Bey*, Colonel, Officer Commanding Fedais, between Sinn and Kut about 19th February 1916.

(4) In place of Khalīl at Kut when he left. (25th April 1916). [*cf.* (2) ?, or (3) ?].

(5) Brother of Mar-Shimim, Chief of the Nestorians, advanced from Julamerk and inflicted severe losses on Kurds. (1st July 1916).

Daud 'Ali (*Khan*) (alias *Musa 'Ali*).—A Bengali said to have been in Europe for the last ten years. Indian seditionist in Kirman as active emissary for Germany, knowing German. (8th September 1915). He was considered untrustworthy by the Germans, and when put on his trial, did actually turn King's evidence. (5th May 1916).





Delemi ibn Shamkhi.—A friendly Shaikh of 'Afaj, cousin of Hiewey (22nd November 1915).

Deli Murad.—Captain, Turk, Officer Commanding, Machine Gun Section, 1st Lancers. Described as a daring officer. (15th April 1916).

De Mare, Major.—Gendarmerie, Kermanshah. (17th April 1915.) Sent to Berlin under arrest for insubordination. (9th July 1916).

Dhabbah al-Hafidh.—Shaikh of Al-bu-Husain (Bani Zaid).

Dhaidan ibn Hithlain.—A leading Shaikh of the 'Ajman, with Ibn Rashid. (13th February 1916 and 2nd July 1916).

Dhari ibn Twalah.—Principal Shaikh of Al-Aslam (section of Shammar). With 'Ajaimi at end of 1915, but leaves him. (25th December 1915). Hostile to Ibn Rashid when he came to the Zubair-Khamisyah line in Summer 1916.

Dhirb Al-bu-Khidair.—Of the Azairij, said to have visited 'Ajaimi. (13th December 1915), and to have been implicated in the attack on our Suwaij reconnaissance. (14th January 1916).

Dieckhut, Von.—Dr., Political Adviser, present at funeral of Von der Goltz at Baghdad. (15th May 1916).

Dikran.—2nd Lieutenant, Armenian Ordnance Officer attached to Cavalry Brigade. (15th April 1916).

Diwān al-Tahir.—Shaikh of Al-bu-Sumairah (subordinate of Al-Sakrān, Azairij). Arrived in Hai from Shatrah on 30th December 1915; returned by 12th January 1916.

Dost 'Ali Khan.—Government supporter, represented as marching on Shiraz, 15th April 1916.





Edval (Major) (*Colonel*).—Of Persian Gendarmerie, dismissed about 30th December 1915. In Teheran. (June 1916).

Elias.—Captain, Officer Commanding, 1st Squadron, 33rd Cavalry, with 'Ajaimi. (7th March 1916).

Eliza.—Native woman of Baghdad, Bohnstorff's discarded wife. Believed to be in Baghdad.

Ellmann, Otto.—German officer, suicide at Kirmanshah, early January 1916.

Emen(?) Effendi.—Lieutenant, in 2-104th. (28th March 1916).

Emmer Effendi.—Lieutenant, Officer Commanding 1-3-3rd. (December 1915).

Engilking (*or Englekein*).—Major, went to Persia about May 1915, leaving Krischner as his representative at Baghdad. Was appointed Commander of the "Toghan" (*i.e.*, "Pioneer,") 2nd July 1915.

Enver Pasha.—War Minister since 1913. Age about 30. His wife is niece of the reigning Sultan. He is reported to have returned from Medinah (20th March 1916). No truth in rumour of his assassination. He arrived in Baghdad on 20th (or 29th) of May 1916.

Enver Bey.—(1) Officer Commanding, 7th Regiment. (1st March 1916).

(2) *Qaimmaqām*, Officer Commanding, 3rd Regiment, 45th Division, (December 1915); then Officer Commanding, 35th Division in place of Namuk who was wounded at Ctesiphon. (12th January 1916).

(3) Officer Commanding, 1st Battalion, 56th Regiment. (1st June 1915).

(4) See *Nuri* (7).





Erdmann.—German, Captain. At beginning of war was in East Prussia. Subsequently transferred to Baghdad; now in Hamadan(?). (26th October 1915).

Erichsen.—Swedish officer of Gendarmerie (rebel?) on Persian front. (9th July 1916).

'Ezra Sâleh Hardun.—Agent of Wali of Pusht-i-Kuh, pro-British. Imprisoned some time ago by the Turks, but the Wali insisted on his release. They imprisoned his parents in Baghdad, but again had to release them. (4th February 1916). His son is Gurji, about 19 years old.

Fadhl.—(1) *Bey*, Lieutenant-Colonel, Officer Commanding, 43rd Regiment. (December 1915 and May 1916).

(2) *Bey*, Officer Commanding, 1st Regiment. (8th March 1916).

(3) *Effendi.*—Aviator on Tigris line. (28th January 1916).

Fadhl al-Jabar.—A Shaikh of Al-Said section of Khafajah: "Comes in," 7th October 1915.

Fadhlah al-Sarhan, and *Matar*, his brother.—Shaikhs of Ikhwat Salimah on Khusaimah (Jazirah). Fadhlah acts as *Qadhi* to the tribes of the Qadha and, neighbourhood. The Arabs call him *'Arifah* "referee."

Fahad.—(1) *Effendi*, Captain, Officer Commanding, 3-2-1 of 2nd Division mid-April 1916.

(2) *'Abdullah al Bassam*, a trader who left Chabdah for Kuwait to bring provisions to Ibn Rashid. (3rd July 1916).

(3) *Bey, ibn Dughaiyim*, Shaikh of all Amarat section of 'Anaizeh tribe, in charge of the 'Anaizeh who had come to Baghdad to help the Turks. (10th October 1915). [Fâhad ibn Hadhal, Shaikh of the Amarat, presumably the same, has property near Najaf. Is with the Turks. (14th February 1916)].

Fâhad al-Ghadhban.—Shaikh of the Bait Arar Section of the Bani Lam. Has asked to be allowed to combine against Ghadhban (14th November 1915), but is intriguing with the Turks. (19th December 1915). Reported to have made friends with Ghadhban. (20th January 1916). His son is Gasin. Fâhad owns lands from Kumait to 10 miles above 'Ali Gharbi on right bank.





Fāhad Bey Sulaiman al Mansūr.—Son of Sulaiman Bey Al-Sa'adūn. Quarrels with 'Ajaimi. (9th May 1915). Came to see Intelligence Officer, Nasiriyah. (26th January 1916).

Fahan.—One of the minor Bait Jindil Shaikhs.

Fahdi Effendi.—Lieutenant, Officer Commanding, 2nd Battery, 35th Field Artillery, XIIIth Army Corps.

Fahmi Effendi.—Lieutenant, Officer Commanding, 2-3-105th. (1st March 1916).

Faiq.—(1) *Pasha,* Major-General, Officer Commanding, IInd Army Corps (Adrianople, 1915), Gallipoli. In consequence of the failure of the Turkish operations in the Peninsula he was court-martialled and deprived of his command.

(2) *Bey,* Major, Officer Commanding, 2-105th, 35th Division, XIIIth Army Corps. Now Officer Commanding, 105th. (10th June 1916).

(3) *Effendi,* Officer Commanding, 1st Battery, 1st Battalion, 35th Regular Artillery. (24th April 1916).

Faiq Shakir Effendi.—2nd Lieutenant, Officer Commanding, Engineer Company, attached 2nd Field Artillery Regiment.

Faisal.—A son of the Sharif of Mekka. Was in Damascus early in 1916.

Faisal al-Shadūd.—Shaikh of al-Alaiyat (living at al-Mujarrah). Responded to Ibrahim Muzaffar's call to *jihād.* Communicates with 'Ajaimi. (16th December 1915).

Faisal ibn-Yasir.—A minor Shaikh of Al-Hasan. At General Officer Commanding's reception, Nasiriyah, on 29th July 1915.





Faisi Pasha.—Formerly Officer Commanding, Vth Army Corps, lately succeeded 'Abd-ul-Karim Pasha as Officer Commanding, XIth Army Corps. (17th June 1916).

Faq'a al-Ashjan.—Of Al-'Alawi section of Khafajah. "Came in" to Intelligence Officer, Nasiriyah (11th October 1915), but was implicated in attack on our Suwaij reconnaissance. (14th January 1916).

Fakhis-ul-Sultaneh.—Leaving Shiraz with Mansur-ul-Sultaneh, Haidar Quli Khan, and 6,000 gendarmes, about end of January 1916 for Jahrum.

Fakhri.—(1) *Pasha*, now General Officer Commanding, XIIth Army Corps, and 2nd-in-command in Syria. Officer Commanding, Aleppo (17th June 1915—May 1916); Officer Commanding at Medinah. (26th June 1916).

(2) A big Shaikh of Karbala, brother of Muhammad 'Ali Qamuneh, fighting against the Turks. (25th May 1916).

(3) *Bey*, Captain, Impérial Commission d'Exploitation à Baghdad.

(4) *Bey*, Lieutenant, Officer Commanding, 2-4-5th of 2nd Division, mid-April 1916.

Faqih Zain-ul-Din.—Khadkhuda of Faqih Hasanan. He is authority over one part of Dashti. In control of a body of Dashtis arriving Chaghadak, 29th November 1915.

Falaiyeh ibn-Musa.—Died, 1st June 1916. Was Shaikh of Bait Jindil, near Kut. His son now governs the tribe.

Fāleh Effendi.—Officer Commanding, 2nd Company, Mosul Depôt Battalion. (June 1915).

Fāleh ibn-Bunaiyan.—Half brother of Ghadhban of the Bani Lam, by different mother. Lives on the Musharrah Canal, one hour's distance from Amarah. He attacked the Turks. (10th June 1915).

Fāleh ibn Hajji Safar.—Of the Juwabir (who live round Khidhr). Visited Intelligence Officer, Nasiriyah, 19th September 1915.





Fāleh ibn-Gassab.—Of the Bani Rabi'ah at Kut with Nur-ul-din.

Fāleh-ul-Mulk.—Major of Persian Gendarmerie, reported in charge at Shiraz, but the news of 8th April 1916 was that Saulat had occupied the town in the name of the Shah.

Fāleh-al-Saihūd.—Brother of Abd-ul-Karīm al-Saihud, and Shaikh of the Al bu-Muhammad at Hafirah who controls 1,500 rifles. His vanity is apparent from a communication of his wherein he asks Hajji Hamūd Pasha to try to obtain a Turkish title for him. He went to Basrah, 6th November 1914, with 550 infantry and 60 horsemen. After the battle of Qurnah his tribesmen quarrelled with the Turks on the way back. Later they sniped our camp and remained at Rotah at least until beginning of March 1915. Fāleh was imprisoned by the Turks because he refused to fight, but was afterwards released (this was before 10th March 1915). He may have been at Qurnah in the beginning of April. He was 6 miles west of Qala'at Saleh on 12th December 1915. He owns lands on the right bank a little above Qala'at Saleh and Ezra's Tomb. He is said to be relatively civilised, a scholar, and trustworthy.

Faraj-al-Zichi.—Of the Al-bu-Bahr. Went to Shatrah to the Turks. (3rd February 1916).

Farhan al-Asad.—Friendly Shaikh of the Dilfan tribe near Shuster and Dizful. Has done his best to stop pipe line raids.

Farhud al-Ashjan.—Of the Al-'alawi (Khafajah). Visited Intelligence Officer, Nasiriyah, 11th October 1915. Implicated in attack on our Suwaij reconnaissance. (14th January 1916).

Farhud al-Imghashghash.—Shaikh of Bani Khaigan. At General Officer Commanding's reception Nasiriyah. (29th July 1915).

Farman Farma.—Persian Minister of Interior (since 15th November 1915); resigned from Premiership (6th March 1916) and replaced by Sipahdar Azam as Prime Minister. Persian Government have consented to appoint him conditionally Governor General of Fars. (12th May 1916). As Governor General designate of Fars he expected to reach Isfahan on August 5th or 6th, 1916.

Fasting.—German, one of Seiler's party for *jihād* in Persia, captured (Kirman-Shiraz line). (27th April 1916).





Fāteh.—(1) *Pasha*, pensioned *liwa* of Baghdad making trenches at Samarrah. (4th November 1915).

(2) *Bey*, formerly Officer Commanding, 36th Division, said to have taken over 35th Division about October 1915.

(3) Captain, Officer Commanding, 1-1·105th August 1915.

Fāteh Bey Jāf.—Has an old quarrel with the Qalhanis. Is this the "Fāteh Bey" who went to the Jāf tribe to incite them to *jihād*, but was sent away by Muhammad Pasha, their Chief? (26th October 1915).

Fāteh 'Ali.—(1) Was Governor of Kalhur. Lives at Kirmanshah. Farman Farma is reported to have killed his son 6 years ago

(2) Major of Persian Gendarmerie who organized coup at Shiraz (capture of Bank Manager, etc.) with Major 'Ali Quli. (10th December 1915).

Fāteh-ul-Dauleh.—Major of Persian Gendarmerie. (11th April 1916).

Fāteh-ul-Mulk.—Yavar of Gendarmerie, appears to be in charge of Shiraz. (9th April 1916).

Fauz —(1) *Bey*, Officer Commanding, 2nd Division. (23rd March 1916).

(2) Captain, Officer Commanding, 3rd *Murattab*, 2nd Regiment. (11th June 1915).

(3) Officer Commanding, 2nd Battalion, 37th Field Artillery. (9th August 1915).

(4) Captain, Officer Commanding, Battalion of Artillery, 35th Division at Sinn. (22nd June 1915).

(5) *Bey*, arrived at Kirmanshah with 40 horse about 1st January 1916.

Fehmi.—(1) (See *Muhammad Fehmi.*)

(2) Officer Commanding 4-2-6th of 2nd Division, mid-April 1916.

Feight.—German, who went from Hamadan to Daulatabad to meet German Minister. (20th April 1915).





Fergusson, Mr.—Manager, Imperial Bank of Persia, Shiraz.

"*Fezzi*" (*Fauzi?*) *Bey.*—Officer Commanding at Dair-al-Zor on 22nd March 1916.

Fidus ibn Allib.—Of the Dhafir, previously with 'Ajaimi, but now left him (2nd January 1916). Raided the 'Ajman near (Jahrah ?) (14th July 1916).

Fikri Effendi.—Lieutenant, A.-D.-C., 35th Division.

Finaikh al-Hannj.—Of the Al-Zaiyad (Bani Hachim) with the *Qaim-maqâm* of Samawah. (29th October 1915).

Finjân ibn Hason.—Of the Soudan tribes, with Sabri Bey at Maherjah on 29th September 1915.

Fischer.—German, entered Afghanistan with Litten of Friedrich (24th August 1915) for *jihâd*. (*See also Andruks*).

Fitnah.—Daughter of Saihud, mother of Muhammad, evicted Shaikh of Al-bu-Darraj, was with Fahud, her brother, wife of Qala'at Saleh. (25th September 1915).

Folke, Colonel.—Officer in Swedish Gendarmerie, Tehran, early 1915.

Forakhri Pasha.—Officer Commanding, 13th Division. (6th June 1916). [See *Ali Reza* (1)].

Fosselius.—Swedish Officer with Isfahan Gendarmerie Regiment. (June 1916).

Franz.—See *Pflanz.*





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Frick.—A German, teaching Gendarmerie musketry and drill at Hasanabad. (15th December 1915).

Friedrich.—A German, formerly a private in 4th Guards' Artillery; subsequently armourer to Niedermayer's expedition to Persia. Entered Afghanistan with Fischer and Litten. (5th October 1915).

Fuad.—(1) Marshal, *Pasha*, left Berlin for Constantinople on 10th January 1916 with Issa Pasha and Shaikh Ismail.

(2) *Bey*, Officer Commanding, Baghdad Depôt, Tabur (10th June 1915). One of this name took over command at Rotah from Hālim Bey about 14th March 1915. He was Officer Commanding at Bahran. (8th April 1915).

Fuad Zia Bey.—Officer Commanding, 5th Division (II—Army Corps). (Middle 1915).

Furaiyeh ibn Faisal.—A chief of the Cha'ab implicated in pipe-line raids. (15th September 1915).

Gailāni Effendi (*cf. Kailan*).—Officer Commanding, 3rd Company, 31st Regiment of Cavalry attached to 38th Division, Kut. (21st June 1915).

Gassab.—*Ibn' Attar*, Shaikh of Sarai section of Bani Rabi'ah. His son is Muhammad, *q. v.*

Gāsid al-Nahi.—A Shaikh of the Hacham tribe, friend of 'Ajaimi at Umm-ul-Tabul about 19th April 1915; confers with Shaikhs in communication with 'Ajaimi. (16th December 1915).

Gati al-Buti.—Shaikh of Al-bu-Alwan (sub-division of Al-bu-Nāsir, Azairij).

Ghadhban.—(1) *Al-Banaiyan*, Shaikh of the Bani Lam. Fought against us in early 1915 on the Ahwaz line, but has entered into relations with us since.





(2) Al-Nema, died 14 years ago.

(3) Khayyūn, brother of Sālim Khayyūn who is in our hands at Bombay. This Ghadhban frequently makes raids in Chabaish district. (4th July 1916).

Ghālib Pasha.—Major-General, Officer Commanding, XIth Army Corps (Nizam, badly cut up at Kara Urgan, January 15th and 18th, 1915). (See *Faisi Pasha*).

Gharaif.—Shaikh of the Delabha (Shammar Toqah) tribes upstream of the Karagul.

Gharib.—Captain, Officer Commanding, Seyyar Gendarmerie. (5th August 1915).

Ghassem Effendi.—Captain, Officer Commanding, 2nd Company of 13th Cavalry Regiment. (11th May 1916).

Ghathith al-Harchan.—Of Zawalim (of Bani Hachaim) at Samawah with Turkish *Qaimmaqām*. (29th October 1915).

Ghazanfar ul-Sultaneh.—Mirza Muhammad Khan, Khan of Borasjun. Head and front of conspiracy against us. Friend of Wassmuss, and can put 3,000 gun-men in the field. Orders issued from Tehran for his dismissal from Zabit-ship of Borasjun. (17th March 1916).

Ghulam Husain.—Persian, formerly servant of Dr. Listemann, with Wassmuss. (22nd December 1915).

Ghulam Riza Khan.—Wali of Pusht-i-Kuh, his eldest son being Aman-ullah Khan. The Persian Government now say they consider him trustworthy. (28th March 1916). Another son, Ghulam Shah Khan, is being medically treated by Captain Napier, I.M.S. (28th April 1916).

Ghulam Shah Khan.—A son of the Wali of Pusht-i-Kuh, treated for disease by Captain Napier, I.M.S., Summer, 1916.





Glimstedt, Major.—Swedish Gendarmerie officer in Persia.

Gölstrom, Major.—In Persian Gendarmerie, said to have initiated massacre at Hamadan. (27th November 1915).

Greisinger.—German Lieutenant on *jihād* mission in Persia, captured about 10th May 1916.

Gross, Dr.—Controller of Baghdad Railway, Baghdad.

Haadan.—A Shaikh of the Dilaim, came for *jihād* to Baghdad in October 1915.

Habar al-Dhub.—Shaikh of the Bait Mahmud section of 'Abudah "Came in." (11th October 1915).

Habīb Beg.—Officer Commanding a Syrian battalion arriving at Hillah about 11th February 1916.

Habīb Bassi.—A Syrian, one of the Chief Rolling Stock Mechanical Engineers, Baghdad Railway.

Hacham al-Sultan.—Of the Al-Zaiyad (Al-bu-Hamad), visited Intelligence Officer, Nasiriyah. (11th January 1916).

Hachim ibn Muhaiyid.—Shaikh of Al-Fida'an of the 'Anaizeh. One of the two great Shaikhs of the 'Anaizeh, member of the Pan-Arab league. Has offered refuge to Turkish deserters. Near Dair-al-Zor. (13th April 1916).

Haddād al-Mujrim.—Shaikh of the Daraushah (of the Al-Zaiyad). One of the two big Shaikhs of the Al-Zaiyad.





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HadiShaikh.—A leading Mulla of Kerm ınshah.

Haidar.—(1) Lieutenant, Arab, Officer Commanding squadron in 31st Cavalry. Good Officer. Formerly instructor at the War School, Constantinople. (15th April 1916)

(2) See *Haidar 'Ali.*

(3) *Beg, Wali* of Mosul, with mixed Mosul division at Rowanduz (23rd December 1915), and at Sauj Bulak about 12th January 1916.

(4) Lieutenant at Sinn, Officer Commanding, 4 guns, 4th battery, 2nd battalion. (14th October 1915).

(5) *Bey,* Interpreter of Turks at Kut, after fall of Kut, had been to Chicago and London.

Haidar 'Ali.—Of Ghāfil, implicated in raids on pipe-line. At his instigation Haidar of Talaiyul (a Shaikh of the Cha'ab-i-Satatla) and Furaiyeh ibn Faisal threw off their allegiance to Farhan of Dilfan. (15th September 1915).

Haidar Quli Khan.—Of Tehran. Left Shiraz with Mansūr-ul-Sultaneh and Fakhis-ul-Sultaneh and 6,000 Gendarmes about January 1916 for Jahrum.

Hairi Bey.—Shaikh-ul-Islam up to about June 1916. Resigned, and Musa Kiazim was made Shaikh in his stead.

Hajji.—An Algerian, sent from Constantinople to Tunis to induce Algerians not to fight. Thence to India, Basrah, Kut. (15th August 1915).

Hajji 'Abd-ul-Rahmān.—Of Shiraz. Believed in April 1915 to be the unwitting channel of enemy money reaching Germans in Persia.

Hajji 'Ali.—Deputy for Kerkuk at Nasiriyah on 13th April 1915.

Hajji 'Ali Ahrabi Tabriz.—Chief of the Persian School at Kazimain. Has been Turkish subject for 5 years. He and his son Hajji 'Abd-ul-Wahāb are the originators of most of the propaganda work in Persia. They receive 30 liras a month as Intelligence Officers; both know French and English. (5th April 1916).





Hajji 'Ali Dembuz.—Sharif of Suq-al-Sheyukh, a rich merchant. (6th August 1915).

Haji 'Ali Khan.—(Also called *Shaikh Ali Khan*).—Escorted Schönemann on his way to Khurrumabad. (31st March 1916).

Hajji 'Ali Quli Khan.—Sardar-i-Asad (*q. v.*)

Hajji Amir-ul-Mulk.—Appointed Chief of Police, Kazarun. (9th January 1916).

Hajji 'Anain al-Suwaib.—Shaikh of Al-Dhafir with 'Ajaimi. (14th March 1916).

Hajji Bakir.—Captain, Officer Commanding, 1-1-113th at Yessan. (6th December 1915).

Hajji Farhan.—A Shaikh of Shamiyah, sworn to resist the enemy. (21st June 1916).

Hajji Firman ibn Wannan.—Shaikh of Al-Chinnan ('Afaj). (22nd November 1915).

Hajji Ghulam 'Ali.—Representative at Shiraz of a Behbehan firm, and local Turkish representative.

Hajji Hamdi Bey.—Officer Commanding, 3rd Cavalry Division. (24th March 1916).

Hajji Hasan Pasha.—*Wali* of Mosul (Summer, 1915) after Haidar, but apparently replaced by 'Ali Mukhtar, who was there in October 1915.





Hajji Hasan ibn Hajji Radhi.—Of the Shmirt. In part control of Najaf. (13th December 1915). (See *Hajji Sa'ad*).

Hajji Hasan Misgar.—And Nizam-ul-Sharieh and Saiyid Isa', gathering at Behbehan with 500 men. (8th April 1916).

Haji Ibrahim Khan.—See *Zargham-ul-Sultaneh*.

Hajji Latif Bey.—Major at Nasiryah, Officer Commanding, 4th Battalion Gendarmerie, from Baghdad. (15th May 1915).

Hajji Mahmad Effendi.—Officer Commanding of a hundred gendarmerie, mounted and unmounted at Najaf. (1st November 1915).

Hajji Majid.—Officer Commanding, 4th Dilaim Seyyar Gendarmerie Battalion at Ghadir. (22nd March 1915 and 10th June 1916).

Hajji Mamar Agha.—*Kalantar* of Ghanavat. (30th January 1916).

Hajji Mashdud-ul-Dauleh.—Sent by Qawam in pursuit of 700 Gendarmes, etc., in direction of Kirman. (14th April 1916).

Hajji Muhammad al-Bassam.—A well-known native of Najd who will secure £T. 20,000 profit out of Jamāl Pasha's camel contracts. (12th July 1916).

Hajji Nujūm ibn Shaikh 'Abdullah.—Of the Al-bu-Darraj.

Hajji Nujūm al-Badrawi.—An Amarah merchant who administers the tribal affairs for Majid Al-Khalīfah of the Al-bu-Muhammad.





Hajji Rais.—Hajji Muhammad 'Ali, Vizier of Shaikh of Muhammarah.

Hajji Ramzan.—A Baghdadi Arab, Captain of Gendarmerie *Qaimmaqām* of Najaf in place of former *Qaimmaqām* (13th June 1915); Officer of Gendarmerie in Karbala. (29th February 1916). Liked in both places. (But see *Hajji Sālim*).

Hajji Sa'ad ibn Hajji Radhi (see *Hajji Hasan*).—One of the Shaikhs governing Najaf. (9th June 1915).

Hajji Sālim.—Captain, Officer Commanding, 100 Gendarmes at Karbala. (4th November 1915). (But see *Hajji Ramazan*).

Hajji Shukri Bey—Major, Officer Commanding, 4th Battalion, 1st Regiment of 2nd Division, mid-April 1916.

Hajji Sifr al-'Ajairib.—Shaikh of Al-Hasan of Juwābir.

Hajji Yusuf.—According to the *Jam-i-jam* newspaper, appointed *Kalantar* of Bushire. (15th December 1915).

Hajji Bey.—(1) Seen at Kut (12th May 1916); said he was a Turk, but spoke French with a German accent. Six of his front teeth gold. One Hajji Bey, Officer Commanding at Kut on 13th June 1916.

(2) Officer Commanding, Diliam Gendarmerie about 600 strong. (6th March 1916) [*cf.* (?) (3)].

(3) Officer Commanding, "National Battalion" at Amarah. (11th April 1915). Same as (21 ?).

(4) Base Commandant at Baghdad. (28th October 1915).

(5) Officer Commanding, 42nd Regiment, 14th Division. (28th November 1915).

Ham, Captain.—German Instructor of recruits at Baghdad, *cf.* *Humm* ?).





Hamad (*or Hamud*) *al-Ashjan.*—Shaikh of Al'Alawi, division of Khafajah.

Hamad al-Khamis(*iyah*).—Shaikh of Khamisiyah.

Hamad al-Sipahi.—A Shaikh of the Dilaim tribe, at Sulman Pak. (22nd October 1915).

Hamadi al-Hamidah (*or Hammadah*), *al-Mana'.*—Of the Bani Rikab, hostile to us at Nakhailah. (March 1915).

Hammash ibn Finghish.—Of the Dhafir, previously with 'Ajaimi. Now left him. (2nd January 1916).

Hamdan ibn Zaid.—Shaikh of Abu Dhabi; sent cartridges to the' Araif and 'Ajman (26th August 1915); at Abu Dhabi. (23rd January 1916).

Hamdi.—(1) *Bey*, Officer Commanding, 103rd on Tigris Line (11th January 1916).

(2) *Bey*, Major, Officer Commanding, 105th. (8th August 1915).

(3) Major acting *Mutesarif* for Mutafik, July 1915.

(4) *Bey*, relieved Osman Bey in command of the hospitals at Nasiriyah before our occupation in 1915.

(5) Officer Commanding, 2nd Company, 1st *Murattab.*

(6) Captain, Officer Commanding, 1-2-43rd. (2nd February 1916).

Hamid.—(1) *Bey*, an Egyptian buying camels in Kail for the Turks. (29th May 1916).

(2) *Effendi*, Captain, Arab, Officer Commanding, 4-1-113th at Jessan. (6th December 1915).

(3) *Effendi*, Officer Commanding, 2-2-141st, December 1915.

(4) *Effendi*, Lieutenant, Officer Commanding 1-2-105th in April 1916.

(5) Shaikh of Qaradi village.





Hamīd al-Sa'adun (*al-Mansur*).—'Ajaimi's brother. Lately residing in Sug-al-Sheykh, but now decamped in unfriendly circumstances. (6th June 1916).

Hamūd al-Asjan. See *Hamud al-Asjan.*

Hamūd al-Suwait.—Shaikh of the Dhafir.

Hamza Bey.—(1) Officer Commanding at Nasiriyah. (2nd June 1915). *Sad-ul-Islam* newspaper announced on 21st August 1915 that one of this name was made *Mutessarif* of Karbala, after Sheoket. After the fighting of 11th May 1916 there, he fled.

(2) Officer Commanding, 1st Camelry arriving at Shaikh Sa'ad from near Suez. (17th January 1916).

Handak (*?*) *Effendi.*—Arab, Lieutenant, Officer Commandiag one of Squadrons of 31st Cavalry. Reported brave.

Hanzal.—Nephew of Shaikh of Muhammerah, died July 18th, 1916. (15th April 1916).

Hardun.—A Shaikh of the Dilaim. (14th July 1916).

Härle.—German doctor in Baghdad. Was there in April and May 1916 as head of German Hospital.

Harlich.—A Captain of the Hamburg-Amerika line, who took charge of the escaped Austrians at Kerman with Puster. (22nd December 1915).

Hasak (*Hasach*) *al-Mubarak.*—Lives at Tarabah between Madinah and Chabaish. Killed 60 Turks about 1st June 1915. Defeated by Hamūd al-Jābir. (15th June 1915). Was with Mukallaf with large force of hostile Arabs at Al-Khudhairah. (6th July 1916).





Hasan.—(1) *Bey*, Officer Commanding, 44th Regiment of 51st Division under Muhammad 'Ali Bey at Ctesiphon (and report 28th March 1916). But Lieutenant-Colonel Rashid Bey is said to be Officer Commanding 44th. (9th May 1916).

One Hasan Bey is Officer Commanding force 500 tents and 10 guns at Mandali on 8th June 1916.

(2) *Bey*, former *Qaimmaqām* of the Majārs. (6th February 1916).

(3) Son of Badr-al-Rumaiyidh. Was at Kut about mid-May 1916.

(4) Major, Officer Commanding, 3-9th Regiment of 3rd Division (now 51st) (*1st Quwah-i-Safariyah*) at Ctesiphon. (11th December 1915). One is Officer Commanding 1-9th. (1st March 1916).

(5) *Effendi*, Officer Commanding, 1st Company, 1st Battalion, 25th Regiment under Sulaiman 'Askari. (5th February 1915).

(6) *Effendi*.—Officer Commanding, 2nd Battalion *Murattab* Regiment. (14th May 1915).

(7) One Hasan Bey was Officer Commanding 1,500 *Redif* Arabs with 3 guns, digging trenches at Samarrah from about mid-April to mid-June 1916.

(8) *Effendi*, 2nd Lieutenant in 1st Company, 1st Camelry. (3rd February 1916).

Hasan Bey, Arnaut (Albanian).—Officer Commanding, 11 Battalions of infantry, 2 mountain guns, 2 machine guns, on right bank at Baghdad, who left for Khaniqin on 2nd March 1916.

Hasan 'Ali Effendi.—From Kirkuk, relieved Hajji Kamil Effendi as Officer Commanding, 3rd Battalion, 1st Baghdad Regiment. (18th May 1915).

Hasan 'Ali ('Askari) Pasha.—General Officer Commanding, 2nd Division of 1st Army Corps, 2nd March 1916.

Hasan (or Husain) Khan.—Brother-in-Law of Saulat. Accompanied Wassmuss from Baghdad. (3rd March 1916).

Hasan Baghdadi.—In Ramuz, concerned with the distribution of seditious *Ghadr* literature.





Hasan Husain Bey.—Officer Commanding, 95th Regiment on its way to Baghdad about 11th May 1916.

Hasan Jahad Effendi.—Lieutenant, Officer Commanding, 5th Squadron, 33rd Cavalry. (4th February 1916 and 1st March 1916).

Hasan Khan Sarhaddar.—Representative of Persian F. O. at Qasr-i-Shirin, seized by Turks. (23rd June 1916).

Hasan Lutfi Bey.—Major, Officer Commanding, 1-6th of 2nd Division, Spring 1916.

Hasan al-Majīd.—Made Shaikh of Bait Jundil lands in place of Alwan, January 1916, but has shown himself incompetent. (25th March 1916).

Hasan Rahīm.—Captain, Staff Officer to 51st Division. (28th March 1916)

Hasan (*or Husain*) *Riza.*—An Arab lawyer, Editor of *Al-Zuhur* newspaper, Baghdad.

A. Hasan Bey Sami.—Wali of Vilayet of Basrah in 1907.

Hasan Shukri Bey.—Major, Officer Commanding, 3-1st of 2nd Division.

Hasan Sudki.—Major, Officer Commanding, *Ihtiyāt* Gendarmerie. (5th August 1916

Hasan Tahsin.—(1) Major, Officer Commanding, 1-105th, 35th Division, in April 1916.

(2) *Bey*, Major, Officer Commanding, 40th Regiment, 52nd Division, XIIIth Army Corps. (3rd February 1916).





Hasan Zeki.—Formerly Staff Officer to 'Ali Bey at Sh'aibah; Staff Officer to 35th Division at Ctesiphon. (4th November 1915).

Hasim.—Lieutenant, temporary Officer Commanding, 2nd Squadron, 13th Regiment. (16th May 1916).

Hātim.—Shaikh of Al-Juwabir.

Hātim Saihūd.—Son of Saihūd, brother of 'Abd-ul-Karīm, influential Shaikh of Al-bu-Muhammad.

Hauck (*or Haik*).—German Lieutenant. Fought on Basrah-Nasiriyah line (1915).

Hausmann.—German officer reported at Hai. (2nd May 1916).

Hazza 'a al-Muhaiyid.—Shaikh of the Ma'amerah tribe in Hurriyah (400 houses).

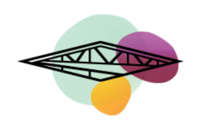
Hazarah al-Jindil.—A Shaikh of the Al-Zaiyad with 'Ajaimi. (26th December 1915).

Heinicke.—German, Herr Röver's father-in-law in Shiraz, formerly Captain of "Persepolis."

Heinsens.—Belgian, re-appointed Treasurer-General by Persian Government at Tehran, March 1916.

Heinze, Dr.—Judge of Supreme Court at Leipzig, and formerly Member of Reichstag for Dresden, appointed Under-Secretary of State for Turkish Ministry of Justice ("Times," 27th May 1916).

Hellemarck.—Swedish gendarmerie officer (rebel ?) on Persian Front. (9th July 1916.)





Heller, Colonel.—German, arrived Kermanshah 13th April 1915.

Helstrom, Major.—Instructor of Persian Gendarmerie, responsible for bloodshed at Hamadan, resigned. (26th November 1915).

Henriquez.—An Italian in Baghdad, April 1916, with German wife.

Hentig, Karl.—About 25 years old, formerly Assistant Secretary to the German Legation, Tehran; on *jihād* Mission, Persia. Left Isfahan 1st July 1915 ostensibly for Yazd.

Herzfeld, Ernst.—German, now about 30—35, probably good family. Archæologist at Qala'ah Shergat in 1905; was to write an account of Samarrah with Sarre (1910); rumoured (Spring 1916) to be coming out to Mesopotamia.

Hesse, Dr. M.—German Consul-General at Baghdad. Bad type of German officialism. a violent, ignorant man. Quarrelled with Nāzim Pasha when latter was Wali of Baghdad. Was certainly in Baghdad in April 1916.

Hiewey ibn Badi.—A Shaikh of 'Afaj. (22nd November 1915).

Hikmet.—(1) 2nd Lieutenant, 4-2-38th Artillery. (2nd June 1915).

(2) Officer Commanding, 3-1-103rd Regiment. (21st July 1915).

Hilmi.—(1) *Pasha*, Officer Commanding, VIth Army Corps. (22nd September 1915). Gossip (25th December 1915) was that he was going to Baghdad with 1st Army Corps.

(2) *Bey*, Officer Commanding a force in early May in the Urumiah-Dilman area. (2nd December 1915).

(3) *Beg*, Officer Commanding 700 troops, Rotah. (31st March 1915). Officer Commanding Mosul depôt battalion, 4th June 1915. (This latter was drowned).

(4) *Beg*, Officer Commanding 1,600 *mujahidin*, arrived Baghdad about 22nd December 1915.

(5) Captain, Officer Commanding a battalion of 111th. (24th August 1915).





Hindal ibn Hasan.—Half brother of Sālim Khayyūn, living at Chabaish.

Hissām-ul-din.—Officer Commanding, 13th Army Corps, September 1914, Baghdad. 37th Division left Baghdad under him on 7th September 1914; court-martialled on account of heavy losses in his Command caused by cold, desertion and Russians. (4th September 1915).

Hjalmerson.—General, lately Chief of Swedish Gendarmerie in Persia. Reported to have signed a contract with the Chinese. His photograph in Shuster's *Strangling of Persia* (*page 99*).

Hoffmann.—(1) Major, German, at Baghdad in July 1915 and February 1916.

Hotzmosel.—Captain, referred to in Turkish orders of 19th March 1916 in connection with heavy guns in 'Irāq.

Hozendorff.—General Consul from Isfahan, arriving Shiraz, July 1915.

Humaid ibn Saiyid Sufuk.—Paramount Shaikh of the Shammar Toqah. (9th October 1915) *Cf.* following

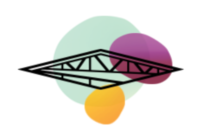
Humaid ibn Farhan Pasha.—Shaikh of the Shammar Jarba, came to join *jihād* at Baghdad in October 1915. Is this the same as preceding entry?

Humeidi al Ghafil.—Shaikh of Al-bu-'Alaiyat (Al-bu-Wataiwat, Azairij).

Humm.—See *Andruks* and perhaps *cf.* Ham.

Hunar Bey (or *Ali Hikmat Bey*, one or the other).—Officer Commanding, 10th Division, XIVth Army Corps, Syria; then Gallipoli, 1915.





Husain—(1) *Bey*, Lieutenant-Colonel, Officer Commanding, 51st Division (2nd May 1916), succeeding Muhd' Ali' Bey, and in turn succeeded by *Majid* and *Ali Rashid*.

(2) *Bey*, Major, 2nd-in-Command of 13th Cavalry, a Turk, a good able leader. (15th April 1916).

(3) *Bey*, a Turk, Officer Commanding, 4th Division of 2nd Army Corps, marching down Tigris line about 15—20 of 1—16 from Caucasian front. But *cf. Persia*.

(4) *Bey*, Captain, Officer Commanding, 5th Machine Gun Company, arrived at Shaikh Sa'ad few days before the battle. Posted to 37th Regiment. (1st March 1916).

(5) Captain, 2nd Engineer (Basrah) Company, 38th Division.

(6) *Effendi*, Officer Commanding, 3-1st Battalion, Baghdad Seyyar Gendarmerie.

(7) *Effendi*, Officer Commanding, 2-2-103rd.

(8) *Effendi*, Officer Commanding, 3-1-141st. (7th August 1915).

(9) *Effendi*, Officer Commanding, 3-2-110th at Bitlis, about May 1915.

(10) Lieutenant (Husain Effendi Baghdadi), Officer Commanding, 25 Turks and 3 Hotchkiss Guns at 'Abadah. (21st April 1915).

(11) One Husain Bey is Officer Commanding, 500 troops, 2 mountain guns and *mujahidin* at Mandali. (24th July 1916).

Husain ibn Ahmad Shaikh.—Khan of Chahkutah, formerly very friendly to British, but since German intrigue, rabidly hostile. Now dismissed. (24th February 1916).

Husain Abu Kahailah (*al-Chiffat?*)—Shaikh of the Al-Yudaiyim (Al-Zaiyad, Bani Hachaim). With the *Qaimmaqām* of Samawah. (29th October 1915).

Husain Fauzi Effendi.—Captain, Officer Commanding, 2-105th in April 1916.

Husain Hajrāni Bey.—Captain, Officer Commanding, *Astar-Suwari* Battalion, 6 Companys of Cavalry with Daghistani. (10th June 1915).

Husain Hasani—Officer Commanding, Machine Gun Company, 37th Regiment. (31st January 1916).





Husain Higran Effendi.—Captain, Officer Commanding, 3-103rd, XIIIth Army Corps.

Husain Al-Ja'aiyin.—One of the Chief Shaikhs of the Al-bu-Sa'ad.

Husain Jaudat.—Recruiting Officer at Baghdad [signed a "*bedel*" (exemption from Military Service) certificate, 6th August 1914].

Husain Khan.—Son of Jamāl Khan. Has considerable influence in Dashti (5th October 1915), and might not be unfriendly.

Husain Quli Khan.—Late Wali of Pusht-i-Kuh.

Husain Al-Matar.—Shaikh of Al-Kankun (Al-'Uwaiyid, Khafajah), concerned in attack on our Suwaij reconnaissance. (14th January 1916.)

Husain Rahīm Effendi.—Captain, Chief of Staff, 51st Division. (1st March 1916.)

Husain Rauf Bey.—See *Rauf Bey*.

Husain Sami Bey.—Officer Commanding, Seyyar Gendarmerie.

Husain Al' Umaid.—See *Hasan ibn 'Umaid*.

Husain-zadeh Tabrizi.—His son was killed at Burujird. He accompanied Schönemann on part of way to Khurramabad. (31st March 1916.)

Husaini.—Acting *Qaimmaqām* of Hillah. Led 50 *mujahidin* to Baghdad. (31st October 1915.)





Hushid Effendi.—Officer Commanding, 2-1-11zth. (4th October 1915.)

Husni.—(1) *Pasha*, Officer Commanding, XVIIIth Army Corps.

(2) *Bey*, Officer Commanding, 9th Division. (14th April 1915).

(3) *Bey*, Officer Commanding, 119th Regiment at Lahej. (16th September 1915.)

(4) *Bey*, Officer Commanding, 1,000 men at B'ghailah early March 1916.

(5) *Effendi*, Officer Commanding, Machine Gun Company, 1st *Murattab*.

(6) *Effendi*, Lieutenant, Officer Commanding, 4th Company, 1st Seyyar Battalion.

(7) *Effendi*, Officer Commanding, 1-?-6th Regiment, Spring 1916.

(8) *Effendi*, Lieutenant, Officer Commanding, 1-3-1st of 2nd Division, April 1916.

Ibn 'Ajīl.—See *'Ajab*.

Ibn Dhiflan or Diblan.—A Shaikh of the 'Ajman with 'Ajaimi (13th February 1916), but apparently leaves him. (19th February 1916.)

Ibn Hadhal.—See *Fahad*.

Ibn Hithlain.—See *Dhaidan*.

Ibn Jabrīl (Jabrīn).—One of the chiefs of the 'Abdu section of Shammar with Ibn Rashīd, between Khanageh and Khamisiyah. (14th July 1916).

Ibn Jadaiyah.—Shaikh of Bani Zaid, appointed *Mudir* of Badah by Nur-ul-dīn. (18th September 1915.)

Ibn Quud.—Of the Dilaim. (14th July 1916.)





Ibn Rashīd.—Saud ibn 'Abd-ul-'Aziz, Amir of Hail since 1908. Was at Linah, about 170 miles south-west of Nasiriyah in February 1916, and subsequently approached the Zubair-Khamisiyah line. About mid-July he was forced to retire to Hail, his attempt on our communications having proved abortive.

Ibn Saud.—'Abd-ul-'Azīz ibn 'Abd-ul-Rahmān, the pro-British Amir of Readh and all Nejd.

Ibn Twalah.—See *Dhari.*

Ibrahim.—(1) *Pasha,* probably Officer Commanding, 33rd Division, XIth Army Corps. See *Sheoket.*

(2) *Pasha, Mutessarif* of Jiddah. (4th July 1915.)

(3) *Bey,* former Minister of Justice, now President of the Council of State, 11th May 1916.

(4) *Bey,* Officer Commanding, 4 battalions of Caucasian troops arriving from Diarbekr in Baghdad on 9th January 1916.

(5) Major, A.-D.-C. on Subhi's Staff before *capture of Basrah.*

(6) *Bey,* Officer Commanding, 1-43rd Regiment, 30th December 1915.

(7) *Effendi,* acting *Mutessarif* of Diwanieh with about 80 gendarmes. (4th November 1915.)

(8) Said to be Yezidi, a high officer with the troops at Badrah. (21st Fruary 1916.)

(9) Captain, under Colonel Daud Bey with Fedais between Kut and Sinn about 19th February 1916.

(10) *Effendi.*—Officer Commanding, No. 1 Company, Shahroban Battalion. (10th June 1915.)

(11) Captain, 1st Camelry, to collect supplies at Badrah for the Cavalry Brigade and also 38th Division. (28th March 1916.) Captain Ibrahim Bey is Officer Commanding Millah and Camelry and Adjutant to Rafiq Bey, April 1916.

(12) Lieutenant, Officer Commanding, 4-3-104th.

(13) *Effendi,* Major, Officer Commanding, 1st Battalion, 35th Field Artillery Regiment, XIIIth Army Corps. (30th April 1916.)

(14) *Effendi,* Captain, or *Sabri Effendi,* Captain, both given as Officer Commanding, 3-3-40th of 52nd Division. (30th May 1916.)

(15) *Effendi,* Acting 2nd Lieutenant, in 5th (Machine Gun) Squadron, 13th Cavalry. (16th May 1916.)





Ibraim Adam Bey.—Major, Officer Commanding, 3rd Battalion, 6th Regiment. (15th March 1916.)

Ibrahim Fauzi.—Officer Commanding, 36th Cavalry, now a *Qaimmaqām.* (14th March 1916.)

Ibrahim Khan, Nasr-ul-Dauleh.—Son of late *Qawām*, 26 years old. (11th May 1916.)

Ibrahim ibn Mizal al-Sa'adun—A cousin of 'Ajaimi, living between Hammar and Shatrah. Migrated to Basrah, April 1916.

Ibrahim Shukri Bey.—Officer Commanding, 15th Regiment. (1st June 1915.)

Idrīs Bey.—Captain, Officer Commanding, 2-103rd Regiment. (21st July 1915.)

Ihsan.—(1) *Bey*, Captain (Major), Officer Commanding, 3rd Battalion, 40th Regiment. (1st March 1916.)

(2) *Bey*, Major, Officer Commanding, 2-7th of 51st Division, XVIIIth Army Corps.

(3) 2nd Lieutenant, Arab Officer, 3rd Squadron, 13th Cavalry, said to be a coward. (15th April 1916.)

Ihtisham-ul-Mamalik.—Chief of Kirind. His son Salar Ashraf was treacherously seized by the Turks. (23rd June 1915.)

Ijlal-ul-Huzur.—Officer Commanding, with Major 'Ali Quli Khan, of gendarmerie at Shiraz on 29th January 1916.

Ilbegi, the.—Is deputy to the *Ilkhani*, the official head of the Bakhtiaris.





Ilkhani, the.—See *Ilbegi*.

Illberg, Dr.—German Embassy Doctor, Tehran.

Imad-ul-Duftar.—A head of the Mohallas in Dizful. (4th February 1916.)

Inayeh (*Anayeh*).—Shaikh of the Bawi, April 1915.

'Irfan Bey.—Officer Commanding, 7th Regiment. (28th March 1916.) See *Enwer Bey*.

'Irfat.—(1) *Bey*, said to be Officer Commanding, 6th Regiment Cavalry. (2nd March 1916.)

(2) *Effendi*, Captain, Officer Commanding, 3-142nd of 45th Division, XVIIIth Army Corps. (1st March 1916.)

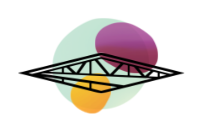
'Irisan Bey.—Formerly commanded 44th Regiment (3rd Division); relieved when in Bitlis. (12th November 1915.)

'Isa Effendi.—Officer Commanding, 2nd battalion at Nasiriyah, 22nd June 1915.

'Isa ibn 'Ali al-Khalifa.—Shaikh of Bahrain.

—(?) *Isak Bey.*—Officer Commanding, 97th Regiment. (15th April 1916.)

Ishaq Bey.—Circassian, Officer Commanding, 32nd Cavalry Regiment, Caucasus, 4th September 1915.





Islam Khan.—Intimated to Biach (Austrian on *jihād* in Persia) that he could not cut the telegraph himself but would effect this through Khalifah Khair Muhammad, which he did. (6th May 1916.)

Ismail Effendi.—(1) Officer Commanding, 3rd Squadron, 33rd Regiment of Cavalry. (9th March 1916.)

(2) Captain, Officer Commanding, 2-2-105th. (August 1915.)

(3) Lieutenant in 3rd Battalion, 105th, April 1916.

Ismail Faiq.—2nd Lieutenant, Machine Gun Company, 1st *Murattab* from Constantinople.

Ismail Haqqi.—(1) *Pasha*, Chef de l'Intendance Ottomane (7th December 1915). Said (15th March 1916) to be appointed Minister of War.

(2) *Bey*, Officer Commanding, 3rd Composite Division in Khalīl's Caucasus Army. (July 1915.)

(3) Captain, Officer Commanding, 1-113th. (2nd October 1915.)

(4) Officer Commanding, Depôt at Amarah. (7th June 1915.)

(5) Major, Officer Commanding, 33rd Cavalry. (See *Ismail.*)

(6) Captain, Officer Commanding, 3-105th, March 1916.

Ismail Khan.—Of Shabankareh. Died about 6th December 1915.

'Izzet.—(1) *Pasha*, Officer Commanding armies in area between Kiamil (Caucasus) and Khalīl (Mesopotamia). (27th June 1916.)

(2) *Bey, Qaimmaqām*, Officer Commanding at Jessan. (6th December 1915.)

(3) *Effendi*, Company Commander, 2nd Seyyar Gendarmerie, Rotab (23rd March 1915); Captain at Badrah in November 1915 with 500 Mosul Gendarmerie. An "'Izzet Bey" left Badrah with 750 cavalry for Khaniqin. (1st March 1916.)

(4) *Effendi*, Governor of Shatrat al-Muntafik on 13th March 1915. A Major 'Izzet went to 'Ajaimi and returned to Shatrah on 26th December 1915.





'Izzet.—(5) Lieutenant, Officer Commanding, 1st Battery, 2nd Battalion, 35th Division at Sinn, 22nd June 1915.

(6) *Bey*, Officer Commanding force at Kifl. Formerly Inspector of *Redīf* Division at Hillah. Very old and partly blind. (2nd September 1915.)

(7) *Bey*, a Syrian, *Mutessarif* of Diwanieh. (19th October 1915.) He used to be at Baruda.

(8) *Bey*, Officer Commanding, 1-141st Regiment, 45th Division, XVIIIth Army Corps, went to Kirind line.

Ja'afar.—Shaikh, fanatical mullah of Shiraz. Now lost all influence. (8th February 1916.)

Ja'afar Kuli Khan=*Sardar-i-Bahadur, q. v.*

Jabir.—Officer Commanding, 3-3-104th. (August 1915.)

Jābir ibn Mubarak ibn Subah al-Khalīfah.—Son of Mubarak, Shaikh of Kuwait. Succeeded on 29th December 1915 to Shaikhship of Kuwait after his father's death.

Jacobi.—German Jew, Director of Baghdad Railway, left for Damascus January 1916 or before. His Second-in-Command is M. Bosson.

alāl Bey.—A (supposed) Turkish Officer arriving Kangavar 4th September 1915 *en route* to Tehran. See *Jalāl-ud-dīn*.

Jalāl-ud-dīn.—(1) Or Jalāl Bey, Officer Commanding, 3-130th (30th September 1915) re-named 3-112th. At Suez after mobilisation, then Kut; was Officer Commanding 3-130th at Sinn (8th October 1915) and acting Major of 112th at Ctesiphon. Officer Commanding, 112th. (1st March 1916.)

(2) *Pasha*, part Commanding troops at Badrah which came from Sulimanieh. (21st February 1916.)





Jalīl.—A Shaikh of Karbala.

Jamal.—(1) *Pasha*, General Officer Commanding in Syria, Headquarters at Damascus, C. U. P.

(2) *Bey*, Commandant of Jerusalem. Officer Commanding, VIIIth Army Corps, known as "Kuchuk Jamāl" to distinguish him from (1).

(3) *Bey*, said to be Officer Commanding, 43rd Division which went to Siwas about mid-February 1916.

(4) *Bey*, Officer Commanding, 1,500 Turks and 4 guns, 26 M. S. of Urumiah on 18th December 1915.

(5) Officer Commanding, 3-9th Regiment of 3rd Composite Division going from Erzerum to Ctesiphon. (2nd January 1916.)

(6) *Effendi*, Captain, Officer Commanding, 2nd Company, Camel Regiment. (1st November 1915.)

(7) *Effendi*, 2nd Lieutenant, Turk, Saddlery Officer attached to Cavalry Brigade. (15th April 1916.)

(8) *Effendi*, Captain, flying officer, 'Irāq Army.

(9) *Bey*, *Captain*, Officer Commanding, 3-4-5th in 2nd Division, mid-April 1916.

Jamīl.—(1) *Bey*, Major, Officer Commanding, 2-128th at Suez about time of mobilisation. (26th October 1915.)

(2) Captain, 105th Regiment, Syrian Arab, *Mudir* of Hospital.

Jan Muhammad.—Indian, German subject. Was acting as interpreter in Nasiriyah after Battle of Sh'aibah.

Jāsim al Husain.—Shaikh of Bani Zaid at Badr (Shatrah).

Jāsim ibn Muhammad.—Shaikh of Al-Khailawi (Bani Malich) east of Hammar Lake, "comes in," 7th October 1915.

Yasin al-Fahad.—Son of Fāhad al-Ghadhban of Bani Lam.





Yasin al-Khadairi.—Brother of 'Abd-ul-Jabar al-Khadairi. Visited Wali of Pusht-i-Kuh, with two Germans and Saiyid Muhammad. (30th March 1916.)

Jawad.—(1) *Bey,* Officer Commanding, 1st Battalion of 44th Regiment (51st Division) March 1916.

(2) *Bey,* Captain, Officer Commanding, 4-4-5th of 2nd Division, mid-April 1916.

(3) *Effendi,* Lieutenant, in 3rd Squadron, 13th Cavalry. Arab, reported brave. (15th April 1916). A Captain Jawad *Effendi* is on the staff, Kirind line 1916.

Jawad ibn Sāhib Jawāhir [*or* (*ibn*) *Jawāhiri*] —An important Shaikh of Najaf, who accompanied Daghistani to Hindiyah Barrage on 20th November 1915.

Jawid Pasha.—Wali of Baghdad in November 1914, recalled to Stambul in disgrace. (About February 1915).

Jaudat (Djevdet).— (1) *Pasha,* Colonel, Officer Commanding a force operating from Bash Kaleh against the Russians at Dilman, April 1915. One Jaudat Pasha left Mosul for Suj Bulak with 1,000 infantry, 2,000 Kurdish cavalry and 5 guns. (27th January 1916).

(2) *Effendi.*—Lieutenant at Hindiyah on his way down the Euphrates. (July 1915).

Jaza'a ibn Rakhān al-Mijlad.—Shaikh of al-Dahamasha of the 'Anaizeh brother of Muhammad ibn Rakhān al-Mijlad. (13th April 1916).

Jehangir Khan.—Joins Qawam with considerable force. (13th January 1916).

Jellah Effendi.—Officer Commanding, 2nd Company Gendarmerie, on the Nasiriyah side. (2nd May 1915).





Joel.—A German helping to make mines on the Tigris about 8th May 1915; helped Niedermayer as Marine Engineer, Baghdad (16th August, 1915), went to Kermanshah about February, 1916, with 200 cases of dynamite. Said to have started a munitions factory in Baghdad, since died of typhus. (12th July, 1916).

Joui al-Lāzim.—Shaikh of Bani Lam, 6 miles down river from Ali Gharbi on left bank (on 12th December, 1915). There has been constant friction between him and Ghadhban (his first cousin) over the question of the chieftainship of Thulthan.

Kiazim Bey (see *Kazim*).—(1) In code communication with and perhaps one of German Afghan Mission.

(2) Officer Commanding 4th Regiment on way to Baghdad about 11th May 1916.

Kādhim, Kāzim (see *Kiazim*).—(1) *Bey*, sent from Constantinople to Baghdad to supersede Sulaiman 'Askari, who refused to relinquish his command; K. returned to Constantinople in dudgeon and was appointed to Liman von Sanders' Staff. (4th September 1915).

(2) *Bey*, Colonel, Chief of the General Staff, 6th Army, *vice* Amīn Bey. (9th May 1916).

(3) *Bey*, Officer Commanding 36th Division. (10th December 1915).

(4) *Bey*, Major, Officer Commanding 42nd Regiment (?) at Ma'an. (24th April 1915).

(5) Officer Commanding 3rd Division, afterwards called 51st at Ctesiphon from Dilman (11th December 1915). There is a Kāzim (*or Qāsim*) Bey on Von der Goltz's Staff, Iraq. (28th January 1916). One, *a Qaimmaqām*, was said to be Deputy Commandant at Kut while Khalil was away in May 1916.

Kādhim Dujaili, Shaikh.—With 4,000 troops and 5 guns against us at Ahwaz in May 1915.





Qādir Bey.—Despatched with 600 men and 3 guns to Meshed against the revolt there. (25th June 1915).

Qaid Hayat.—Shaikh of Damavand, a Lur tribe on the Tib, agent of Wali of Pusht-i-Kuh.

Kailan Bey (perhaps *Gailāni better q. v.*)—Officer Commanding, 4 Baghdad battalions.

Kamāl (*or Kāmil*) *Bey.*—Captain on Staff of Sami Bey (Officer Commanding Cavalry Brigade).

Kamil.—(1) (Kiamil) *Pasha,* Officer Commanding, Caucasus. (27th June 1916).

(2) *Bey,* C. R. A. Tigris Army. (January—March 1916).

(3) *Bey,* Major, Officer Commanding, 2-130th. Went to Suez after mobilisation, then Kut. (26th October 1915).

(4) Or Kamāl *Bey,* Captain, on Staff of Sami Bey, Officer Commanding, Cavalry, Tigris line. (9th May 1916).

(5) *Effendi,* Captain, Officer Commanding, 3-2-104th. (11th July 1915).

(6) 2nd Lieutenant, Officer Commanding, 1 gun of 4-3-11th (heavy battery). (13th August 1915).

Kanān Bey.—Major on Staff XIIIth Army Corps.

Kinitz, Count von.—Late Military attaché at German Legation, Tehran, active on *jihād* mission in Persia. Ultimately committed suicide after Russian occupation of Kermanshah.

Kantornz, von.—Said to have been in the neighbourhood of Pusht-i-Kuh. (16th November 1915).

Karaini Agha.—Kurdish Chief attacking Russians east of Rowanduz, May 1916.





Kardorff, Von.—A German *Chargé d' Affaires*, who fled from Isfahan after occupation of Kermanshah by Russians (9th March 1916). Robbed by Arjaz Kikha (*q.v.*) and now in Chigaghore. (9th July 1916).

Karīm Gurdeh Kalhur.—Deserted the Turks and since frequently robbed them. (Kirind line, 8th September 1915).

Qārūq Effendi.—A Captain of gendarmerie, reported by "Sada-ul-Islam" of 21st August 1915 to have relieved Hisni 'Abid al-Hadi, the *Qaimmaqām* of al-Jazirah, as acting Commandant.

Qāsid al-Nahi.—See *Gāsid.*

Qāsim—(1) (*or Kāzim*) Bey, previously General Officer Commanding 51st Division, joined Von der Goltz's Staff. (23rd January 1916).

(2) *Bey.*—Officer Commanding, 150th at Sinn on 12th March 1916.

(3) *Bey.*—Major, European Turk, 2nd in command of Turks on Nakhailah side (6th February 1915). Officer Commanding, 103rd (9th August 1915), cf. (2).

(4) Major, Officer Commanding, 8th Infantry (7th December 1915) and (1st March 1916).

(5) Captain, officer with G. Fedais under Colonel Daud between Kut and Sinn about 19th February 1916.

(6) Officer Commanding, Haidarchani Battalion in Baghdad. (2nd June 1915).

(7) Officer Commanding, 4-1-104th. (4th October 1915).

(8) *Bey*, enters Afghanistan with Germans. (5th October 1915).

(9) One Captain Qāsim Bey is reported (25th une 1916) as bringing a sword of honour to 'Ajaimi from Enver, and is to replace Ahmed Bey with 'Ajaimi.

(10) Captain, Officer Commanding, 2-7th Regiment. (31st January 1916).

Qāsim 'Ali.—Representative of Bawi, Chief to Khanzal. (24th April 1915).





Qāsim Khan.—(Sardar Nasir Sinjabi); the Sinjabis intend his daughter to be given in marriage to Sardar-i-Nusrat. (21st July 1915).

Qawam-ul-Mulk.—Of Shiraz. Killed apparently by fall. His son Nasr-ul-Dauleh succeeds him. (27th April 1916).

Kāzim.—See *Kādhim.*

"*Kelirenthumb.*"—Swede gendarmerie officer (rebel?) on Persian front. (9th July 1916).

Kellermann.—German architect engineer of the 3rd Section, Baghdad Railway (Aleppo). He had charge of the Company's explosives at Aleppo. "Baghdad Railway has still 35 of Kellermann's mines." (Telegram from Klein, Baghdad to Muller, Muzaiblah, 23rd April 1915).

Kerin Khan.—Brother of Sardar Iqbal. (21st July 1915).

Khairi Bey.—Officer Commanding, 4-2-1st of 2nd Division, mid-April 1916.

Khairullah Bey.—A Turk, said to have been sent to India for sedition, and now in Afghanistan. (1st June 1915).

Khalāf Bey.—Major, arrived at Hillah, August 1915, with 200 infantry to collect recruits.

Khalais ibn 'Afaisun.—Of the Dhafir, previously with 'Ajaimi, but left him. (2nd January 1916).

Khālid.—(1) Captain, *Bey* [Staff Officer to Namuk (13th August 1915)] Staff Officer to XVIIIth Army Corps (Tigris) to be Staff Officer to XIIIth Army Corps (Turkish Orders of 27th December 1915); Subsequent to February 1916, Chief of the General Staff to 'Irāq army.

(2) Lieutenant, Officer Commanding, 4-2-40th. (1st March 1916).





Khalīfah ibn Musa.—Shaikh of the Bait Jindil (left bank) with the Turks.

Khalīfah al-Wadi.—Brother of 'Araibi, and Shaikh of Al-bu-Muhammad, who used to live at Chahalah. He died five years ago.

Khalil.—(1) *Pasha,* about 37 years old, uncle of Enver Bey. Officer Commanding a force in the Caucasus, badly handled by the Russians in May 1915, came to Baghdad about end of November 1915, and is now General Officer Commanding-in-Chief, 'Irāq. (1st March 1916).

(2) *Bey,* Major, Officer Commanding, 31st Cavalry (December 1915) at Shaikh Sa'ad (17th January 1916). Lieutenant-Colonel (1st March 1916) killed. (15th April 1916).

(3) *Bey,* former *Qaimmaqām* of Shatral-al-Amarah, appointed to Hindiyah (*Sada-ul-Islam,* 21st August 1915.)

(4) *Bey,* formerly Deputy Mudir at Kusnait (Bani Lam country).

(5) *Bey,* Major, Veterinary Officer attached to Cavalry Brigade (15th April 1916). A Major Khalil Effendi, of 1-27th Artillery is senior Veterinary Officer. (28th March 1916).

(6) C. R. A., Tigris Force. (28th January 1916).

(7) Officer Commanding, 3-1-43rd. (30th December 1915).

(8) *Effendi,* Officer Commanding 2nd Section. (2) guns of camel mountain battalion. (28th February 1916).

(9) *Effendi,* acting 2nd Lieutenant, Kurd, in 2nd Squadron 13th Cavalry, a useless officer. (15th April 1916).

Khalil (ibn Hamud) al-Sauz.—Of Qaradi.

Khalīl Rushdi Bey.—Formerly Officer Commanding, 3-130th (22nd Division) 'Aqabah, Officer Commanding, 2- and 3-130th at Ma'an (25th April 1915) whence he came to Baghdad about July 1915; his regiment was re-named 112th. Was wounded at Ctesiphon, is described as "late Officer Commanding 38th Division." (1st March 1916). See *Jālal-ul-dīn.*

Khālis (Khalos).—Major, Officer Commanding, 103rd and 104th Regiments. (9th March 1916). *Cf.* '*Umr Khālis.*





Khalussi Bey.—(1) Was Director-General of the Hejaz Railway. (27th November 1915).

(2) Commanded "model" (*namūna*) company for Ibn Saud. (15th March 1915).

Khamis (*Khamaiyis*) (*ibn Bati*) *ibn Munaikhir.*—One of the Chief Shaikhs of the 'Ajman with Ibn Rashīd. (13th February 1916).

Khan Mirza Baig.—*Kalantar* of Saji Khani, Qashqai.

Khasru Bey.—Son of late Osman Pasha, formerly Chief of Bajlan tribe at Mendali, June 1916.

Khayyūn al 'Ubaid.—Shaikh of the Sinajir section of the 'Abuda of Shatrah. Hostile to British during the war and present at the attack on our reconnaissance to Suwaij. (14th January 1916).

Khayyūn-al-Gassab.—Officer Commanding two *milli* battalions. (13th July 1915).

Khazal Khan, K.C.I.E., K.C.S.I., Shaikh of Muhammarah consistently friendly to British.

Khidhr ibn Muhsin.—A Shaikh or Al-Sālim (Khafajah tribe). "Comes in" 4th October 1915.

Khired Bey.—Turkish Staff Officer, formerly employed on survey of Turko-Persian border. A guest of Mir Mast (Tirah).

Khoshud Effendi.—Officer Commanding, 2-3-105th of 35th Division. (30th January 1916).

Kiesling, Major von.—German, Chief of the Persian Expedition section resent at Von der Goltz's funeral at Baghdad. (15th May 1916).





Killander.—Captain in Swedish Gendarmerie in Persia, lately defeated at Burujird, and said to have purchased free passage probably from Lurs (2nd March 1916). Was in Qasr-i-Shirin, exact date uncertain. (June 1916).

Kis(?)chner Pasha (see *Krischner*).—Second in importance to Von der Goltz in Baghdad. (Mid-February 1916).

Klein.—German Major, regular officer, Baghdad. At Nasiriyah (end of February 1915); reported leaving for Khaniqin or Aleppo (3rd September 1915): said to have taken 11,000,000 marks in gold to Sultanabad (15th December 1915); is at Kermanshah, end of December 1915, as Officer Commanding troops.

Koch Pasha.—German, Baghdad (1st April 1916).

Koldewey.—Great German Archæologist who has thoroughly excavated Babylon (near Hillah).

Kommendar.—Favourite son of Fāhad, Shaikh of Bani Lam, temporarily in his father's place. (28th April 1916.)

Kress von Kressenstein.—*Ex*-Officer Commanding Artillery School, Constantinople. Chief of the General Staff to Jamāl Pasha the less (VIIIth Army Corps) (4th September 1915). Left Beyrut for Constantinople on 27th October 1915. (He was a Major in the Bavarian Army in 1913). Said to be going to be Chief of Staff to Duke of Mecklenbury from 1st May 1916 onwards.

Krikoriane.—Head of Telegraph Service, Baghdad Railway, Baghdad.

Krischner. (See *Kischner*).—Was representative of Engilking in Baghdad in May 1915.

Quli Khan.—Of Kumarij (60 miles from Bushire), pro-British, giving trouble to gendarmes and hostile khans in neighbourhood. (11th May 1916).





"*Kundi Talan*."—New name given by Turks to "Julnar" steamer. (5th May 1916).

Kuwaiyin.—A Shaikh of the Husainat. (30th September 1915).

Qutub-ul-Sadat.—A head of the Mohallas in Dizful. (4th February 1916).

Lacon, Noel.—Hungarian tourist, Kazarun, April 1915, from Bandar 'Abbas. (*Cf. Lassu.*)

Lassu.—Austrian officer with Seiler, captured (27th April 1916) (*Cf. Lacon*).

Lazam ibn Dhara'.—Shaikh of the Dhafir tribe with 600-700 men; prevented "combine" attacking 'Ajaimi (18th July 1915). With 'Ajaimi. (2nd January 1916).

Legel (*Legil*).—German, with French wife, chief mechanic, Baghdad Railway, Baghdad. (1st November 1915).

Leontides.—*Greek contrôleur de mouvement*, Baghdad, Baghdad Railway. (1st November 1915).

Levack.—Englishman (mother reported German) in Baghdad. Reported left for Aleppo a few days before Ctesiphon. (24th February 1916).

Liman von Sanders.—Was General Officer Commanding, Vth Army. Left Gallipoli with nervous breakdown (November 1915). General Officer Commanding, Vth Army. (5th July 1916).

Lisstock.—With Zugmeyer at Kermanshah on *jihad* mission. (16th September 1915).





Litten.—Formerly on German Legation, Tehran (1914), and was Consul at Tabriz (1914). Went to Afghanistan with Fischer and Friedrich (1915).

Luqman.—Officer Commanding, 1-1-109th. (August 1915).

Lundberg.—(1) Captain of Swedish Gendarmerie in Persia. Left Shiraz 30th January 1915 *en route* for Tehran.

(2) Major of Swedish Gendarmerie in Persia, now left for Europe.

Lutfi.—(1) *Effendi*, Captain, Officer Commanding, 2-4-1st of 2nd Division, mid-April 1916.

(2) *Effendi*, Lieutenant, Officer Commanding, 1st Battery, 35th Field Artillery, XIIIth Army Corps.

Ma'aruf.—(1) *Bey*, Major, 2nd Regiment of Muhammad Daghistani. (Given also as Officer Commanding, 1st Regiment). (10th June 1915).

(2) *Effendi*, Major, Officer Commanding, 2-103rd and then reported as Officer Commanding, 103rd (10th June 1915). [See *Rifa'at* (2)]. One of this rank and name commanded a battalion at Dialah. (23rd October 1915).

Mahi-al-Nakhish.—A Shaikh of Al-Said, section of Al-Khafajah, connected with attack on Suwaij reconnaissance (14th January 1916).

Mahir.—Lieutenant, replaced Sabit, 2nd-Lieutenant, sick, in 4th Mountain Battery. (4th February 1916).

Mahodar or Mahodi.—Shaikh of Ayeshah section of Bani Tamim, who murdered Anderson. (8th May 1915). They got away from our attack. (10th June 1915).

Mahmud.—(1) *Pasha*, the Shaikh of the Jafs; came to help Turks against the Russians. (8th April 1916). Another Mahmud Pasha is Officer Commanding, Right (Southern) Column against Russians between Trebizonde and Rowandiz. (28th April 1916).





Mahmud.—(2) *Bey*, Officer Commanding, 45th Division, before 'Ali Najib. One of this name and title arrived at Baghdad with 7,000 Turks on 7th May 1916.

(3) *Bey*, Officer Commanding, 141st, at Ctesiphon.

(4) *Bey*, Officer Commanding, 105th, Arab, said to be open to bribes. (January—March 1916.) He was transferred to Baghdad about beginning of April 1916 in some other capacity. [*Cf.* (9)].

(5) *Bey*, Officer Commanding, 56th. (1st June 1915).

(6) *Bey*—One of this name, probably one of the above, has apparently been transferred from below Kut to Baghdad, his place being taken by Muhammed Sâleh Bey. (19th April 1916).

(7) *Effendi*, Captain, Officer Commanding, 4th Company, 2nd Camelry. (December 1915).

(8) *Effendi*, Captain, Officer Commanding, 5th Squadron, 31st Cavalry. (7th March 1916).

(9) *Effendi*, Major, Officer Commanding, 1-112th. [The 1st and 2nd 112th became 3-105th [*Cf. Mahmud* (4)].

(10) *Effendi*, Major, at Mandali, on 4th April 1916.

(11) *Effendi*, Captain, Officer Commanding, 2-142nd, 45th Division, XVIIIth Army Corps.

Mahmud 'Ali.—Officer Commanding 1,000 Turks and 8 guns at Kangavar, turned out by the Russians. (24th January 1916).

Mahmud (*or Muhammad*) *Faiz* (*i*).—Captain or Major, Officer Commanding, 2-104th. (11th July 1915). (*Cf.* the dates of *Muhammad Fehmi*).

Mahmud (*or Muhammad*) *Mukhtar Bey.*—Officer Commanding, 142nd. Killed at Ctesiphon.

Mahmud Nadim.—A (supposed) Turkish officer who arrived at Kangavar on 4th September 1915 *en route* to Tehran.

Mahmud ibn Shaikh Sa'ad.—Paramount Shaikh at Sulimanieh. (11th July 1916).





Mahmud Riza, Effendi.—Lieutenant, D. J. A. G.,————'Irāq Army.

Majid.—(1) *Bey*, Officer Commanding, 9th Regiment, 51st Division. (21st April 1916). To officiate as Officer Commanding, 51st. (28th March 1916).

(2) *Bey*, Officer Commanding, mixed force arrived Suwairah about 11th November 1915. One Majid Bey, Officer Commanding battalion and 12 guns arrives Kut on 23rd June 1916.

(3) *Effendi*, Captain, 1st Dilaim Battalion. (11th June 1915).

(4) *Effendi*, Lieutenant, A.-D.-C. to Nur-ul-din at Sinn. (8th October 1915).

(5) *Shaikh*, ibn Hamud, of Chabaish.

Majid-al-Khalifah.—A Shaikh of about 25,000 Al-bu-Muhammad, friendly to the Turks; given Turkish decoration. (27th January 1915).

Majun-al-Hamadi.—Of the Safran (Bani Hacham) with 'Ākif Bey at Samawah. (14th October 1915). He is also called Shaikh of the Dhawalim. With 'Ajaimi. (14th March 1916).

Malaki-al-Hamūd.—Shaikh of the Al-Shufaij (Al-Said, Khafajah).

Mansūr Bey.—Captain Daghistani's brother-in-law. Training cavalry reservists in Baghdad February 1916; Officer Commanding two taburs camped three hours upstream of Diwaniyah. (6th March 1916).

Mansūr-ul-Sultaneh.—Khan of the Khamseh Arab tribes, named Amir Agha; appointed Ilkhani of the Khamseh tribes. (9th January 1916). Left Shiraz with Haidar Quli Khan and Fakhis-ul-Sultaneh with 6,000 gendarmes probably for Jahrum about end of January 1916.

Marcovitch, M.—German Pole (?) Chief Interpreter at Baghdad.

Mask.—German officer arrested by Russians 9th January 1916.





Masrur Bey.—See *Sulaiman Masrur.*

Mas'ud.—(1) *Bey*, acting Wali of Baghdad at end of May 1916.

(2) Killed (with 72 of Qawam's men) in a fight against 'Ali Quli Khan. (2nd January 1916).

Maulvi Barakat ullah.—(Is this Mulla Muhammad Barakat ullah ?).—News published by German Consul that this man had entered Afghanistan with German officers. (9th September 1915).

Maurice, Effendi.—German 2nd Lieutenant, Musketry Instructor, school for Cadet officers, Baghdad. (27th April 1916).

Mayo, Mr.—A. P O. C. Geologist.

Mecklenburg, Duke of.—Left Scutari for Bozanti on 27th February 1916 with 48 German officers, arrived Baghdad (March 1916).

Medani Bey.—Station master at Sa'marrah.

Mefa, Effendi.—Lieutenant, in charge of a gun at Sinn fight, 4th Battery, 2nd Battalion. (4th October 1915).

Mehdi Effendi.—Lieutenant, Officer Commanding, 3-3-105th. (1st March 1916).

Mehdi ibn Sinjan.—One of the Suwaid Shaikhs.

Meincke, Paul.—(Sometimes given as "Manicke"). German reservist, Wönckhaus' agent at Lingah. In touch with Wassmuss in 1915, but it is believed, of no use to him. M. went to Shiraz, and subsequently, it is believed to Germany. (13th October 1915).





Meissner, Pasha.—Builder of Hejaz and Baghdad Railways. In Syria at end of June 1915.

Merrill, Col.—American soldier, raising troops in Persia for Governor General in peace. Arrived Ahwaz. (5th May 1916).

Metternich, Count.—New German Ambassador at Constantinople. (13th January 1916).

Meugel.—A French Civil Engineer in Baghdad who has been in Turkish service for many years, wholly dependent on the pay he receives. Not interned, but continued constructing bunds after war broke out. (March 1916).

Madhat, Midhat.—(1) *Bey*, General Officer Commanding, 1st Division [9 battalions arriving from Aleppo (7th February 1916)]. See (2) and also *Ahmad Tayar*.

(2) *Bey*, Officer Commanding, 5 battalions and 5 guns at Bait 'Isa, from Syria. (5th March 1916.) Probably same as (1).

(3) Captain, Officer Commanding, Dilaim Gendarmerie. (14th March 1916).

(4) *Effendi*, deputy *Qaimmaqām*, arriving on 16th December 1915 at Hai with Mizher Pasha. Reported met 'Asaimi at Hai about 22nd April 1916.

Minaishad, i.e. 'Ali Minaishad of Bani Turuf.

Minshad al-Habib.—Shaikh of the Ghazzi tribe, hostile to 'Ajaimi.

Minshad al-Muhaisin.—Of the Al-bu-Bahr, of the Al-Shailja Shakhi al-Alaiwi of Al-bu-'Aid Forsait (?) sub-section, went to Shatrah for *jihād*. (3rd February 1916).

Mir Mast.—Jemadar of 58th Rifles, deserted in France. Probably with German's in Afghanistan. (5th October 1915).





Mirza Khan—Major Officer Commanding, 500 Kurdish Cavalry on mules about 24 miles upstream of Samarrah on left bank on 13th June 1916.

Mirza 'Abdullah.—Wassmuss' Agent at Kazarun (*alias* Mirza Muhammad 'Ali).

Mirza 'Abd-ul Hussian.—The Minister of the Wali of Pusht-i-Kuh.

Mirza 'Abd-ul-Qāsim Khan.—Deputy Governor of Lingah.

Mirza Hasan Khan.—Brother of editor of *Habl-ul-Matin.* Agent of Wassmuss; in Persia.

Mirza Mahmud.—"Wassmuss *munshi*", in cipher communication with W. Knows French.

Mirza Maya.—One of the 'Ulama (influential), trying to induce Mujarrah combination to attack 'Aqīqah. (18th Febuary 1916).

Mirza Muhammad 'Ali.—(see *Mirza 'Abdullah*). One of this name is an Indian who went to Kirman with Bohnstorff.

Mirza Muhammad Khan.—*i.e.*, Ghazanfar Sultaneh, *q. v.*

Mirza Muhammad Riza.—Native of Bushire, Agent of Wassmuss at Borasjun.

Mirza Muhammad Sadiq.—(Is this Mirza Muhammad 'Ali ?) Went to Kirman. (13th October 1915).

Mirza Nasrullal Khan—(See *Mushir-ul-Dauleh*).





Mirza Sultan Muhammad Khan.—Son of Bahadur Diwān (Deputy Governor of Behbehan). (12th May 1916).

Mishal ibn Hamad.—A Shaikh of 'Afaj in Digharah. Ordered to raise a brigade from this district. (November 1915). Might be friendly.

Mizban.—One of the Shaikhs of Al-Hacham.

Mizher.—See *Muzher.*

Moinus, Sultana.—An Afghan from Kabul, having reached Kandahar with 120 Germans. (27th March 1916).

Monani, S.—Head of Victoria Memorial Hospital, Bahrain.

Morgenthall, Henry.—American Ambassador to Turkey who behaved exceedingly kind to British subjects in Turkish Empire. Resigning end of April 1916.

Morsel, Bey.—Lieutenant-Colonel, Officer Commanding, 2nd Cavalry Division. Believed to be near Bitlis on 5th December 1915.

Mu 'azzam al-Sultaneh.—Deputy of Iqbal-ud-Dauleh. At Kermanshah. (16th August 1915).

Mubarak ibn Subah, Shaikh Sir.—Of Kuwait. Died 28th November 1915. See *Jābir.*

Mubdir al-Faran.—Shaikh of the Al-Fatlah tribe near Moroglah, 5 hours above Shinafiyah. Not unfriendly to British. (21st June 1916.)

Mufakhkham.—See *Amir Mufakhkham.*





Muhalhil al-Kankun.—Of the Al-'Uwaiyid section of the Khafajah.

Muhummad—(1) "Prince," (Poet ?). *Jihād* mission received £T.-10,000 from Germans in Constantinople. (28th May 1915).

(2) *Bey*, Officer Commanding, 3,000 Turks and 5 mountain guns at Musaiyib on 13th April 1916, said to be going to Diwanieh; one of this name and Habīb Bey with 2 Syrian battalions and 3 guns arrived at Hillah from direction of Musaiyib about 11th February 1916. Still at Hillah 1st March 1916. [*Cf.* (4) (?).]

(3) *Bey*, 'Ajaimi's Secretary.

(4) *Bey*, Officer Commanding, at Rotah with 600 men, 1 gun. (May 1915.) [*Cf.* (2)?].

(5) *Beg*, Officer Commanding, 1-141st. (5th August 1915.) More probably *Muhmud Bey*, q. v.

(6) *Bey*, not a regular officer, Captain, with Yusuf at Nafisah, at Jessan and 3,000 tribesmen. (6th December 1915).

(7) *Effendi*, Captain, Officer Commanding, 1-105th. (13th August 1915.) But see No. (10) and *cf. Ali Effendi* and *Hasan Tahsin*.

(8) *Effendi*, Captain, Officer Commanding, 700 cavalry and 3 machine guns at Badrah, November 1915, these troops having come from Hillah about July 1915.

(9), Captain, Officer Commanding, 2-2-104th. (14th October 1915).

(10) *Effendi*, Lieutenant in 3-105th in early April 1916.

(11) *Effendi*, Officer Commanding, 1-103rd. (5th August 1915).

(12) P. *Bey*, Officer Commanding, 2-44th of 51st Division of XVIIIth Army Corps ? (Persia).

(13) *Effendi*, Captain, Officer Commanding, 4-1st of 2nd Division (wounded, Captain Shākir acting).

Muhammad ibn Abd-ul-Rahman.—Came with Najdis to help Ibn Saud. (20th September 1915).

Muhammad Agha.—Officer Commanding, reported at Hai with 500 soldiers. (February 1916).

Muhammad al-'Ajairib.—A Shaikh of Juwaibir, Unconfirmed report that he expelled Turkish *Mudir* from Khidhr. (5th May 1916).





Muhammad 'Ali.—(1) *Bey*, Colonel, Officer Commanding, 1st Lancers (Tigris Line). (9th May 1916). A good, brave officer.

(2) *Bey*, Major, Officer Commanding, 2-142nd. (1st March 1916).

(3) *Bey*, Colonel, Officer Commanding, 1st Quwah-i-Safariyah Division (formerly 3rd.) (12th November 1915).

(4) *Bey*, Officer Commanding, 4-1-105th. (1st March 1916).

(5) *Bey*, Officer Commanding, 4-2-105th. (3rd October 1915).

(6) *Bey*, relation of Enver Pasha, Officer Commanding, 51st Division, killed, 1st December 1915, succeeded by Wajib. Another report (28th March 1916) says he was to be appointed General Officer Commanding, XIIIth Division.

(7) Officer Commanding, 103rd Regiment, who took over after Sulaiman 'Askari was wounded, previously being Officer Commanding, 4/2/103rd.

(8) Formerly Persian Gendarmerie officer (under Schuster. Started on *jihād* mission in Persia.

(9) A Shi'ah Shaikh in Samawah, who has been kind to refugees from Baghdad. (30th June 1916.)

(10) *Effendi*, 2nd Lieutenant in 3-4-5th of 2nd Division mid-April 1916.

Muhammad 'Ali Khan.—Signaller in pay of Germans at Isfahan. (16th June 1915).

Muhammad 'Ali Qamuneh.—A big Shaikh of Karbala, brother of Fakhri. (12th June 1916).

Muhammad 'Ali Khan Qashquli.—Of a section of Qashqai; arrived Borasjun with 500 men to proceed to Chaghadak. (5th February 1916). Interviewed Anglophobe Khans of Borasjun, Daliki and Agha Khan of Shabankareh. (15th April 1916).

Muhammad Amīn Bey.—Officer Commanding, 1-130th, under Khalīl Rushdi, from Suez to Kut. (26th October 1915).





Muhammad Amīn Sharīf.—Turkish *Qaimmaqām* of Badrah, (12th January 1916).

Muhammad-al-'Asaimi.—Brother of 'Abd-ul-Rahmān, and Agent of 'Ajaimi. Said to be the only man whom Saiyid Tālib feared. Was with Turks on Nasiriyah line at beginning of war and has been steadfastly loyal to them since. He was sent to Najaf to conciliate the people (22nd July 1915); appointed acting *Qaimmaqām* of Hillah (19th October 1915); left Hillah (9th December 1915); expected coming to Hai. (22nd April 1916).

Mulla Muhammad Barakatullah.—Well-known seditionist. Professor of Hindustani in Japan. Probably with Germans in Persia. Reached Kermanshah about 9th June 1915.

Muhammad Pasha Daghistani.—Killed in February or March 1916.

Muhammad Fehmi.—Officer Commanding, 2-104th (11th July 1915, 13th August 1915), [*Cf.* the dates of *Mahmud Faiz(i)*].

Muhammad (*or Mahmud*) *Faiz(i).*—Captain, or Major, Officer Commanding, 2-104th.

Muhammad Al-Falaiyih.—Of the Al-Turki (Al-bu-Wataiwat, Azairij). At Shatrah on 6th January 1916, was with the force which attacked British Nasiriyah Line, (15th January 1916).

Muhammad Fiaz.—Bawi Chief to north of Ahwaz. (18th August 1915).

Muhammad Fauzi.—A senior officer of Artillery, Tigris line. (12th January 1916).

Muhammad Gassab ibn 'Attar.—Son of Gassab, Shaikh of Al-Sarai section of Bani Rabi'ah, whose estate is downstream of Kut, right bank.

Muhammad Hamdi Bey.—Lieutenant-Colonel, Officer Commanding, 1st Camelry. (3rd February 1916).





Muhammad Hasan Muhsin.—(Lately) British Vice-Consul at Karbala.

Muhammad al-Hattab.—Shaikh of 2,000—4 000 Al-bu-Darraj Outlawed. (19th August 1915). Reported at Siderah with Muhammad Bey and 300 Turk Cavalry on 16th May 1916.

Muhammad-al-Jasin (*Yasīn*)—A Bani Rabi'ah Shaikh, "came in" (6th October 1915); but on visiting Turkish camp, was made prisoner by Nur-ul-dīn. (4th January 1916). His son Abdullah was fighting on the Turkish side, and this latter was reported wounded or killed with Daghistani. (18th March 1916).

Muhammad Kāmil Pasha.—Officer Commanding, Centre Column against Russians between Trebizonde and Rowanduz. (28th April 1916).

Muhammad-al-Karaiyim.—Shaikh of Al-Hammam (Khafajah), implicated in attack on our Suwaij reconnaissance. (14th January 1916).

Muhammad ibn Khalīl Bey.—With Sabri Bey (1,000 camelry, 1,000 cavalry, 4 guns) on 29th September 1915 between Hai and Kut.

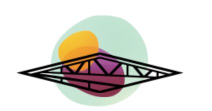
Muhammad-al-Khamis.—Aforetime Shaikh of Khamisiyah; (24th May 1915).

Muhammad Mukhtar.—See *Mahmud Mukhtar*.

Muhammad Nuri Effendi.—Captain, Officer Commanding, 1st Machine Gun Company of 1st Regiment, 2nd Division, April 1916.

Muhammad Rashīd.—(1) 2nd Lieutenant, Badrah Battalion (early 1915).

(2) *Bey*, Officer Commanding, 2-2-6th, mid-March 1916.





Muhammad Rauf.—Lieutenant, Officer Commanding, 1st Company, Hillah Seyyar Battalion. (1st June 1915).

Muhammad Razar Bey.—A Kurd in command at 'Azizieh. (11th August 1915).

Muhammad Riza Derisi.—Pro-German agitator of Bushire, smuggled out of Bushire by gendarmerie. (9th August 1915).

Muhammad Sabri.—Lieutenant, Officer Commanding, 2-3-105th. (March 1916).

Muhammad-al-Saihūd ibn Habib-al-Amīr.—Shaikh of the Al-Amarah section of the Rabi'ah. Was in charge of Kut *mujahidin*. (20th May 1915). At Sinn with the Rabi'ah with Daghistani on 10th December 1915, having previously interrupted British communications below Kut and burnt *mahailas*. (27th October 1915).

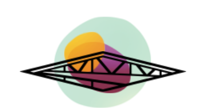
Muhammad Sāleh :—Officer Commanding, 105th Regiment, from early April 1916. One, a Pasha, of this name, arrives in Baghdad from Mosul. (27th March 1916).

Muhammad Salim Bey.—Captain, Officer Commanding, 1-105th. (December 1915).

Muhammad Zaman Khan.—A Shuster notable.

Muhi Effendi, or Muhi-ul-din.—(1) With some gendarmes at Samawah. (14th March 1916).

(2) Officer Commanding, 1st Company, Sulimanieh Gendarmarie; Officer Commanding "A", Company, 2nd Battalion, Seyyar Gendarmerie (27th March 1915). One, a Captain, was Staff Officer to Rauf Bey on Kirind line, June 1915.



Muhi Effendi, or Muhi-ul-din.—(3) *Bey*, Major, Officer Commanding, 2nd Battalion, 6th Regiment (15th March 1916). (But *cf. Nur-ud-din*).

(4) *Muhi-ul-din.* A capable Arab, author of books on artillery, in charge of new ammunition factory, Baghdad (probably the one reported to have had an explosion this Summer). He had been 3 or 4 years in Berlin. (1st May 1916).

Muhsin Bey.—With 60 or 70 soldiers at Bghailah on 27th February 1916.

Muhsin-al-Salim.—One of the three principal Shaikhs of Al-Khafajah "Comes in." (1st November 1915).

Muhtasham-ul-Sultaneh.—Late Governor-General of Isfahan, dismissed after murder of Russian Bank Manager. Brother of Saiyid Jang, from whom he took over duties of Ilkhani. (12th August 1915). This new Ilkhani (4th September 1915), was in Mustaufi's Cabinet as Foreign Minister. (21st August 1915).

Mukallaf.—Shaikh of Al-Fartus, at Al-Khudhairah with Hasaeh, with large force of hostile Arabs. (6th July 1916).

Mukhbir-ul-Sultaneh.—At one time Governor-General of Fars, lately deposed. *En route* to Tehran. (5th October 1915). Heavily bribed by Germans.

Mukhlis Bey.—(1) Major, Arab, Officer Commanding, 13th Cavalry. Timid and useless. (15th April 1916).

(2) Officer Commanding six battalions Syrian Arabs, arriving Baghdad about 25th February 1916.

Mukhtar.—(1) *Bey*, Major, head of a commission for selling horses to officers, Kut 1st July 1915. Is this the Major Mukhtar Bey, Officer Commanding, 1-9th of 51st Division? March 1916.

(2) *Bey*, Lieutenant Censor at Baghdad. (16th August 1915).





Mukhtar.—(3) *Effendi*, Captain on Staff of Lieutenant-Colonel Hassan 'Ali ('Askari) Bey, 2nd Division.

(4) See *Mahmud Mukhtar*.

Mulla' Ali.—Not a soldier, in charge of supplies at camp above Kifl August 1915.

Mulla Mehdi ibn Mulla Kādhim Khorasani.—A notable of Najaf who accompanied Daghistani to Hindiyah Barrage. (20th November 1915).

Mulla Sāleh.—Secretary of the Shaikh of Kuwait. (6th July 1916).

Müller.—(1) A Bavarian officer, 2nd Lieutenant in Turkish Army. Formerly manager of an engineering firm in Berlin. Maker of mines with other Germans on the Tigris before the capture of Amarah.

(2) Instructor in the barracks outside Baghdad; left for Khaniqin about 17th March 1916; replaced by Captain Selim, a German (17th April 1916). Same as (1) ?

Mumtaz Bey.—Staff Officer to 2nd Division. (28th March 1916).

Munir Bey.—Officer Commanding, 1st Battalion, 2nd Regiment, Artillery, about 16th March 1916.

Muntassir-ul-Mulk.—Pro-British Chief; who surrounded Kumairij. (27th April 1916).

Murad Effendi.—Captain, Officer Commanding, 1st *Hejin Sowar* (Camelry) under Ramzi Bey, from Sinai. Now Kut. 1st November 1915, 1st March 1916.

Murtalla Bey.—Kurd in Bitlis area, actively hostile to Russians. (2nd June 1916).





Murtaza.—See *Saiyid Murtaza*.

Murtaza Quli Khan.—Collecting forces for Shalamyar March 1916, and warns Pugin not to come there. (4th April 1916). He is a cultivated man, speaks French, and three years ago acted as Ilkhani.

Musa Bey.—A dug-out, a Major attached to Sami Bey's Cavalry, Officer Commanding 1,000 tribal horsemen. Reported meeting 'Asaimi at Hai about 22nd April 1916. One Major Musa is Officer Commanding 2,000 (horsemen ?) and 6 mountain guns at Mandali on 5th July 1916.

Musa-al 'Abdul Hasan 'Abd-ul-Hasan.—Shaikh of Al-Shaikh Sāleh (Al-Sālim, Khafajah). "Comes in" 4th October 1915.

Musa 'Ali.—*Alias Daud 'Ali, q.v.*

Musa Qasim Bey.—Colonel, Chief of the General Staff, Khalil Pasha's Staff 1916.

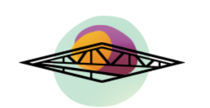
Musa Kāzim.—Formerly Shaikh-ul-Islam. Half-educated, ignorant Kurd, formerly from Kharput. Again Shaikh-ul-Islam. (June 1916).

Musa ibn Muhammad.—A Shaikh who looted our *mahailas* off Musandaq (Bait Jindil country). (12th October 1915).

Musarhad.—A Shaikh of a section of the Shammar Toqah, on left bank of Tigris opposite Bghailah.

Mushir-ul-Dauleh.—In 1906, Mirza Nasrullay Khan, the Mushīr-ul-Dauleh was appointed in place of 'Ain-ul-Dauleh. In 1915, the Cabinet of the Mushīr-ul-Dauleh was replaced by that of 'Ain-ui-Dauleh.

Musubba or Mussufur (al) 'Arfaj.—Shaikh of the Bani Malich, at Yefair. (8th May 1915).





Mustafa.—(1) *Pasha*, arrived at Amarah with 800 irregular cavalry on 9th April 1915.

(2) *Bey*, Officer Commanding, 18th Regiment, on way to Baghdad about 11th May 1916.

(3) *Bey*, Officer Commanding Troops at Baghdad, 1st September 1915.

(4) *Effendi*, Officer Commanding, 2-2-105th. (5th August 1915).

(5) *Effendi*, a Kurd, Officer Commanding, 1-2-104th. (10th October 1915) (23rd March 1916).

(6) *Effendi*, Captain, Officer Commanding, Khaniqin Frontier Battalion. (10th February 1916).

(7) *Effendi*, *Qaimmaqām* of Hillah, turned out and sent to Baghdad about 30th October 1915 by the people. Replaced by 'Izzet Pasha from Baghdad.

(8) *Effendi*, Captain, Officer Commanding, 3-1-105th, December 1915.

Mustafa 'Āsum.—*Mir Alai*, Commandant of 37th Division, formerly an artillery officer. Returned some months ago to Baghdad from Van on sick leave, and appointed acting Wali of Baghdad. (6th September 1915).

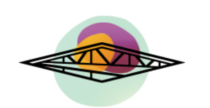
Mustafa Kiāmil Pasha.—Officer Commanding Troops in Mush-Bitlis area. (17th June 1916).

Mustaufi-ul-Mamalik, His Highness.—Has formed a Cabinet in which are included Vossugh-ul-Dauleh of 'Ala-ul-Sultaneh, with himself Minister of Interior and Prime Minister, August 1915.

Mutashar.—Fahad's downstream neighbour of the Al-bu-Darraj. (28th April 1916).

Mutlaq ibn Musa.—Of the Bani Zaid; went to Shatrah for *jehād*. (3rd February 1916).

Muwagger-ul-Dauleh.—Ex-governor of Bushire.





Muzaffar Khan.—A member of the Democratic Party, younger brothe of Nasrullah Khan of Boir Ahmadi: Submits (18th April 1916). Had a small following and did some looting in neighbourhood of Behbehan. (23rd June 1916).

Muzaffar-ul-din.—Officer Commanding 1,000 Turks at Bghailah on 26th December 1915.

Muzher (Mizher) Pasha.—Miralai. Fine man, but 70 years old. Fought against British since outbreak of war: he is to command 1st and 2nd Camel Battalions and the mounted tribesmen. (28th March 1916). With 100 mounted men at Shatrah. (17th March 1916).

Naaman.—Captain, Officer Commanding, 1-3-40th of 52nd Division. (2nd January 1916).

Nādir Bey.—A Major in 9th Regiment, 51st Division. (21st April 1916).

Nafa Effendi, Captain.—Officer Commanding, 4th Company [*Tahkimat* ?] Battalion. (4th January 1916).

Nafi Effendi, Captain.—Arab, Officer Commanding, 2-1-114th. (11th October 1915).

Nafl ibn Namūs.—Shaikh, uncle of Amir Rabi'ah. His section is on left bank of Tigris, a short distance above Kut.

Naib Husain.—Notorious brigand of Kashan, now appeared near Shush with sowars. (1st June 1916).

Naif al-'Ajil al-Dabbi.—Shaikh of Al-Muhsin. "Came in." (12th October 1915).





Naif al-Mashai.—Shaikh of the Ghashim tribe [E. of Shatrah, "comes in" 15th August 1915]. He and Alawi al-Marhij y claim to be leaders of the Bani Sa'id.

Najaf Khan.—Going with Qawam, 8th March 1916.

Najib Bey.—*'Ali Najib Bey, q. v.*

Najim Bey.—(1) Officer Commanding, Anatolian Troops at Nakhailah, Spring 1915.

(2) Arrived Baghdad about 29th June 1915 and left for Nasiriyah about 1st July 1915.

Najm-ul-din.—(1) Offered office of Shaikh-ul-Islam. (23rd August 1915).

(2) *Bey*, Major, Medical Officer, Arab, attached to Cavalry Brigade. (15th April 1916).

(3) Lieutenant in 4th Squadron, 13th Cavalry, Arab, able and bold. (15th April 1916).

Najm [al-Mulla] 'Abdullah.—Shaihk of Kumait, at Kumait. (12th December 1915).

Nako(?) ibn Hamad.—Of Bait Jindil, uncle of Alwan, with Sabri Bey on 1st June 1916 at Mhairayah.

Nāmuk Bey.—Officer Commanding, 35th Division (appointed 18th June 1915), at Nasiriyah (10th July 1915). Was wounded at Ctesiphon, replaced by Enver Bey as Officer Commanding, 35th (12th January 1916). Reported to have died of wounds.

Nasib Pasha.—Enters Afghanistan with German party. (5th October 1915).

Nasif Bey.—Officer Commanding, 2nd Regiment of 2nd Division. (17th March 1916).





Nasim Effendi.—Captain of one Company in 9th Regiment. (20th April 1916).

Nāsir.—Approved as Shaikh of Bait Jindil. (31st March 1916).

Nāsir al-'Ajil.—Brother of Naif, the Shaikh of Al-Muhsin, "came in to" I. O., Nasiriyah. (22nd November 1915).

Nāsir-i-Diwan.—*Kalantar* of Kazarun, with about 110 gun-men at end of January 1916.

Nāsir-ul-Dauleh.—Ibrahim Khan, son of *Qawām*, succeeding to title of Ilkhani of Khamseh tribes, after his father's death, and so recognized by Persian Government. (27th April 1916). 26 years old and headstrong.

Nāsir al-Husain.—Of the Al-Khamis (Al-bu-Hasan) with 'Akif Bey at Samawah. (14th October 1915).

Nāsir-ul-Mulk.—(Abu'l Qāsim Khan). Son of the late Hajji Mirza 'Abdullah Khan of Shiraz. Owns considerable estates in Fars, where he was living in retirement until '08. He was apparently appointed Governor of Shiraz by the insurgents. (9th January 1916).

Nāsir-ul-Sultaneh.—Prince, the Shah's uncle, of Tabriz, appointed Governor of Kerman. (12th July 1916).

Nasrat.—New Governor at Fars, leaving Tehran on 4th December 1915 for Shiraz.

Nasrullah Khan.—Chief of the Boir Ahmadi of Garmesir. Interviewed by Wassmuss' Agent. (16th September 1915).

Nawāb Khan Bahmari.—Showed friendship towards Biach in Persia, but offered little assistance. (6th May 1916).





Nazar 'Ali Khan Amarai.—Has now made his peace with the Wali of Pusht-i-Kuh and returned to Luristan (24th January 1916): attacked Germans near Tirhan (or Tihran) in his territory. (22nd April 1916).

Nāzim.—(1) Kirman was in the power of Zugmeyer and Nāzim. (30th July 1915).

(2) *Bey*, Major, Officer Commanding, 3rd Regiment, 45th Division, XVIIIth Army Corps.

Nehayed, Captain.—A German doctor of Turkish Army. (18th May 1915).

Niddu.—Shaikh of Bani Tamīm from Balad Ruz, arrived Badrah. (29th October 1915).

Niedermayer.—(1) German doctor, leader of a *jehād* expedition to Kirman, captured. (27th April 1916).

(2) Lieutenant on *jehād* mission in Afghanistan. He had been an officer of German Artillery, and a guest of the British Consul at Meshed in 1913.

Nienet Bey.—Officer Commanding, 29th Regiment, on its way to Baghdad about 11th May 1916.

Niffar (?) Effendi.—Officer Commanding, 3-105th (30th January 1916). *Cf. 'Abd-ul-Wahab.*

Nimish.—Of the Khazail, with *mujahidin* with Daghistani. (27th December 1915).

Nishat Bey.—Captain, Officer Commanding, 2nd February 1916, of 2nd Division, mid-March 1916.





Nizām-ul-Sultaneh —Late Governor-General of Luristan, previously Governor of Bushire, Arabistan, and Fars. Said to have gone over to Germans (20th January 1916); reported wavering from them (2nd March 1916), but was with a force and 4,000 Turks concentrating between Sir-i-Pul and Pai Tak (19th March 1916). Was pursued from Kermanshah by Fateh-ul-'Ayāla of Kermanshah and Sardar Ijlal. He got away to Hulailan where he is seeking protection with the Wali of Pusht-i-Kuh (25th March 1916). Has now deserted the waning power of the rebel party. (28th April 1916).

Nuri (*see Nur-ul-din*).—(1) *Bey*, Major, Officer Commanding, 112th Regiment, at Sinn. (8th October 1915).

(2) *Bey*, Officer Commanding, 113th Regiment in place of Adam Bey, sick. (10th October 1915).

(3) *Bey*, Staff Officer of Hālim Bey. (5th June 1915).

(4) *Bey*, of the 'Ubaid Allah (Kurds), arrived in Baghdad about June 1915.

(5) *Effendi*, Officer Commanding, 2-112th, from Hejaz, at Ctesiphon.

(6) *Bey*, or Enver Bey, Officer Commanding, 3,000 Troops and 5 Guns at Khaniqin on 13th July 1916.

Nuri Sha'alan.—Shaikh of the Ruwalla, a section of the 'Anaizeh, member of the Pan-Arab League

Nur-ul-din.—(1) (Nuri) *Bey*, son of Ibrahim Pasha, Mushir of 3rd *Ordu*. Arrived at Baghdad about May 1915, calls himself "Commandant of 'Irāq and district". 40 years old, with brown beard. Reported imprisoned by Von der Goltz and sent under escort to Constantinople. (19th February 1916).

(2) Major, Officer Commanding, 2-141st (Nuri Effendi-Captain (December 1915), Officer Commanding, 141st Regiment (23rd March 1916) at Tai Pak.

(3) Captain, Officer Commanding, Badrah *Murattab* Battalion on Tigris line. (June 1915).

(4) Major, Officer Commanding, 2-104th (28th March 1916), probably the same as the Major of this name, Officer Commanding, 2-114th.

(5) Captain, Officer Commanding new 3-103rd in operations leading to occupation of Nasiriyah, July 1915, Given also as Officer Commanding, 103rd. (5th August 1915).

(6) Captain, 2nd Company Engineers, 38th Division.

(7) *Bey*, Major, Officer Commanding, 2nd Battalion, 6th Regiment, April 1916 (but *cf. Muhi-ud-din*).





Murullah.—Revolutionary Mulla, left Behbehan, disguised about 2nd July 1916.

Oble, M.—Chief of Construction in Baghdad Railway and Government Departments. Transferred to Dr. Andruks on Persian Mission.

O'Connor, Major.—His Britannic Majesty's Consul (Acting) at Shiraz. Captured and taken apparently to Ahram. (21st November 1915).

Oenset, Captain.—Swede, Persian Gendarmerie, furnished Schönemann with machine-guns for attack on Kangavár. (27th November 1915, "*Novoe Vremya*" news).

Oertengren, Captain.—Swede, Persian Gendemerie, strongly pro-German. At Shiraz 15th April 1916.

O(h)lstein.—Austrian Consul and merchant, Baghdad. Perhaps 50 years old. Went to Austria about October 1915, and returned to Baghdad February 1916).

Oppenheim, Baron Von.—German Jew, archæologist, for some years in Egypt as a spy. During the war he has been in Syria, working with Moslems, very active in Aleppo and Damascus. He made himself detested and despised in the Aleppo Province. (22nd September 1915). Left Syria about end of October 1915 for Constantinople: received by the Sultan on 10th January 1916.

Oskair Effendi.—Minister of Posts and Telegraphs, Turkey. Reported arrested with Armenians. (18th May 1915).

Osman.—(1) *Bey*, Major, Officer Commanding, 1st Horse Artillery Battalion, two Batteries Horse Artillery (4 guns 7·5 q.f.), arriving at Kut about 25th December 1915 and posted to 52nd Division. (31st January 1916).

(2) *Bey*, Captain, Officer Commanding, 3-2-105th. (8th August 1915).

(3) *Bey*, Major, Officer Commanding, 3-9th of 51st Division of XVIIIth Army Corps.





Osman.—(4) *Bey*, at Baqubah on 15th April 1916, with two battalions of 5th Regiment, returning to Baghdad from Qasr-i-Shirin.

(5) *Effendi*, a Turk, Captain, Officer Commanding, "6th Field Battery." (15th April 1916).

(6) A Shaikh of Karbala. (12th June 1916).

(7) *Bey*, Major, Officer Commanding, 40th Regiment. (2nd February 1916).

(8) *Effendi*, Lieutenant, Officer Commanding, 4-4-6th Regiment April 1916.

(9) *Effendi*, Lieutenant in 3rd Squadron, 13th Cavalry. (16th May 1916).

Osman Najib Bey.—Major, Officer Commanding, 2-40th, 52nd Division. (3rd February 1916).

Osman Nuri Bey.—Major, Senior Medical Officer of 38th Division (28th March 1916). ("Chief Medical Officer" mentioned in captured diary, April 1915), Senior Medical Officer, Baghdad. (8th May 1916).

Osman al-Yeser.—One of two Shaikhs of a division of Al-bu-Muhammad, Qala'at Saleh; said to be dissipated, a spend thrift, but reputed trustworthy.

"*Öster......*".—Name of a German at Nasiriyah early in 1915.

Paschen.—(1) Wilhelm, took a wireless installation to Kabul in August 1915.

(2) Peter, ill in Hamadan in April 1915. Captured at 'Abadeh by Qashqai Governor (11th April 1916). Brought by Russians to Meshed in custody (30th July 1916) (presumably Peter).

Pasha Khan.—Brother of Musa Khan; brother of editor of "Watan." Passed Turbat-i-Haidari in March 1915, with Saiyid Rukn-ul-Islam, *en route* to Khaf Country to agitate on Afghan frontier.

Perry Julian D.—See *Unpazky*.





Pertev.—(1) *Pasha*, expected from Mosul at Baghdad with 4th Division (3rd January 1916), with 5,000 men and 4 mountain guns, left Baghdad for Kermanshah (unconfirmed). (27th January 1916.) Compare *Husain Bey*.

(2) Major, formerly Officer Commanding, 2nd Battalion, Fire Brigade: Officer Commanding, 2nd and 4th Battalions, Fire Brigade. (11th June 1915.)

Petzold.—Captured in Seiler's party (Kirman to Shiraz). (27th April 1916.)

Pflanz (or Franz), Colonel von.—Chief of Staff to Duke of Mecklenburg. Present at funeral of Von der Goltz in Baghdad. (15th May 1916.)

Pousette, Captain.—In Swedish Gendarmerie, summoned to Tehran, December 1914.

Pravitz.—Major in Swedish Gendarmerie, Officer Commanding, Gendarmerie, at Shiraz. At Kermanshah December 1915. Received peremptory orders to go to Tehran, which he did.

Prideaux, Major F. B.—British Consul, Seistan.

Pugin.—Chilean by brith, educated in Germany. Came to Persia in 1911. Travelling Agent in Persia for aniline dyes (for the firm of Meister, Lucius, and Bruning of Hoechst-am-Main). Speaks French, German, English, and Persian well. In Persia on *jehād* mission with Germans; was German Consul, Isfahan. Said to have quarrelled with Kardorff, and left for Kermanshah in disguise. (15th June 1916.)

Puster.—Captain in Hamburg-Amerika line sent to Persia at outbreak of war from Germany. Speaks Persian fluently, having been Chief Officer on "Persepolis" about 12 years ago. With Harlich took charge of escaped Austrian soldiers at Kirman.

Puttmann, H.—Of Berk, Puttman and Company, in Baghdad. Up to outbreak of war he was Belgian Consul there. Was in Baghdad April and May 1916.





Q.—See *K.*

Rabat Effendi.—Officer Commanding 150 Turkish Cavalry at Hai on 5th June 1916.

Rad Dhām.—A Shaikh at Badrah. (27th October 1915.)

Radhi al-Abbas al-Hasan.—Shaikh of the Dilaim-al-Saiyah on Ghubaishi-al-Saghir (Jazirah). 80 houses.

Rafiq.—(1) *Bey*, Captain, Officer Commanding, 1st Squadron, 13th Cavalry, Albanian, useless. (15th April 1916.)

(2) *Qaimmaqām* of Staff, Officer Commanding, 38th Division (7th August 1915, made Officer Commanding 18th June 1915), subsequently Staff Officer to Nur-ul-dīn at Sinn. (8th October 1915.)

(3) *Bey*, Captain, Officer Commanding, 3-1-9th of 51st Division, March 1916.

(4) *Effendi*, 2nd Lieutenant, acting Officer Commanding, Machine Gun Squadron. Turk, useless. (15th April 1916.)

Rafiq Zia.—Colonel, Principal Medical Officer, Baghdad Force. (8th May 1916.)

Raghit Effendi.—2nd Lieutenant, under Haidar Effendi, Officer Commanding 2 guns at Sinn, left wing (4th Battery, 2nd Battalion). (14th October 1915.)

Rahhi Bey, Lieutenant-Colonel.—German. Head of the School for Cadet Officers at Baghdad. (27th April 1916.)

Rahmān.—A Shaikh of Karbala.

Raja Saidad Singh (*Rajah Sirdar Singh*).—On *jehād* with Germans in Persia. Going to Kermanshah about 9th June 1915. He may possibly be the notorious Sirdar Sinji Rewabhai Rana.





Rakib (*Raghib*) *Bey*.—Officer Commanding, 38th Division at "Khor." (9th October 1915.)

Ramazan.—(1) See *Hajji Ramazan*.

(2) *Hilmi*, Captain, Officer Commanding, 1-2-40th Regiment of 52nd, February 1916.

Ramzi.—(1) *Bey*, Officer Commanding Camel Regiment (originally from Mekka), *vice* Sâdiq. (29th October 1915.)

(2) *Effendi*, Lieutenant, Staff Officer, 35th Division at Sinn. (8th October 1915). Perhaps this is the Lieutenant Ramzi Effendi who was Officer Commanding a *Namūna* ("model") Company formed from body-guard after Javid Pasha left. (2nd May 1915) (Tigris line).

Randall, Eric.—Born in Manchester about 1888; speaks German as well as a native; was in Wönckhaus firm at Muhammerah and Hamburg. After outbreak of war, in Manchester, wrote an article about 1914 denouncing German atrocities (*Daily Mirror*). Now driving a motor in Aden. (21st December 1915.)

Ras-al-Jirn.—Shaikh of Al-Fadhail (Mashakhil, Khafajah.) Implicated in the attack on our Suwaij reconnaissance. (14th January 1916).

Rashid.—(1) *Pasha*, In part command of Turks at Badrah, from Sulimanieh, (21st February 1916.)

(2) *Bey*, Lieutenant-Colonel, Officer Commanding, 2-44th in Persia, Spring 1916, Officer Commanding, 44th Regiment. (9th May 1916.)

(3) *Bey*, Shaikh of Zubaid tribes, 12 miles north of Suwairah.

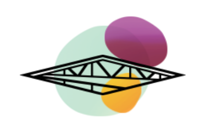
(4) *Effendi*, Captain, Officer Commanding, 4-2-104th (4th October 1915.)

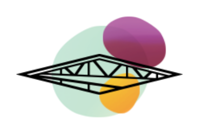
(5) *Effendi*, Officer Commanding Company of 2nd Seyyar Gendarmerie at Rotah. (23rd March 1915.) One Rashid, Effendi was Officer Commanding 100 Turk *astar suwari* (mule-mounted) at Hai on 15th May 1916 (40 men, 9th July 1916).

(6) *Effendi*, Captain, Officer Commanding, 3-1-6th Regiment of 2nd Division, March 1916.

(7) *Effendi*, Captain, Officer Commanding, 1-1-114th. (December 1915.)

(8) *Bey*, Officer Commanding, 3,000 Cavalry and 4 q. f. guns at Baghdad, which had come from Khaniqin. (24th July 1916.)





Rashid ibn Misarhad.—Claimed to be a Shaikh of the Husain tribe round Karbala. (28th April 1915.)

(*Husain*) *Rauf Bey.*—A friend of Enver Pasha, formerly Captain of the Cruiser "Hamidieh." One of the German Mission for Persia, having arrived in Mandali about February 1915, with this idea. Threatened Kermanshah with a small Turkish force about 22nd May 1915. 'Ali Akbar Khan defeated him and drove him back to Qasr-i-Shirin (Autumn 1915). Returned to Baghdad (early November). Left for Constantinople in 1915. Appointed Chief of the Naval General Staff (?) (13th March 1916). (But see *Rifaat Bey.*)

Rauf.—(1) *Bey*, Major, Officer Commanding, 2-103rd. Killed at Ctesiphon.

(2) *Bey*, Officer Commanding, 4 battalions and 4 mountain guns to be sent to Nasiriyah. (7th February 1916, 6th March 1916.)

(3) *Effendi*, Lieutenant of Seyyar Gendarmerie, appointed Post Commander of Shaikh Sa'ad for collection of supplies and defence, 28th March 1916.

(4) *Bey*, Officer Commanding, 2-3rd Regiment, (1st March 1916).

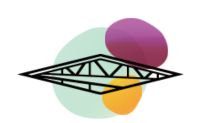
Razza Bey.—Officer Commanding, 3 Regiments (103rd (?), 104th, 105th) at Sh'aibah, reported killed. (Mid-April 1915.) (See *Razi Effendi.*)

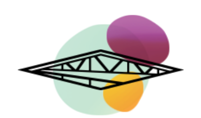
Razzi Effendi.—Officer Commanding, 3rd Company, also Battalion (2nd Battalion, 103rd) at Rotah (mid-February 1915). (See *Razza Bey.*)

Reshād Bey.—Officer Commanding, 17th Regiment, on the way to Baghdad, 11th May 1916.

Reuss, Prince Henry of.—(Prince Henry XXXI of Reuss, the younger line), formerly Consul-General in India. Appointed German Minister at Tehran 1914, went home early 1916.

Richarz.—Old German in Baghdad. (April 1916.) Director of the "*Ageuce*" news.





Rifa'at.—(1) *Bey*, Officer Commanding, 45th Division. (8th October 1915.) See *Ali Najib Bey*. One was G. S. O., XIIIth Army Corps, early April 1916.

(2) *Bey*, Lieutenant-Colonel, Officer Commanding, 113th, afterwards 103rd. (8th March 1916.) *See Ma'aruf* (2).

(3) *Bey*, Officer Commanding, 6th Regiment, 2nd Division, (8th March 1916.)

(4) *Bey*, Major, C. R. A. of Tigris Army (28th March 1916), and to command 35th Artillery Regiment.

(5) Rifa'at Bey, according to the "*Times*" of 16th February 1916, "Commander of the Hamidieh" has been appointed Chief of the Turkish Naval Headquarters Staff. See *Rauf Bey*.

One Rifa'at Bey was Officer Commanding 500 men and two guns at Qala'at Sikar on 18th June 1916.

(6) Officer Commanding, 2-9th of 51st Division, XVIIIth Army Corps.

Riza.—(1) *Bey*, Miralai, Officer Commanding, "Fire Brigade" Regiment (in Balkan War), Officer Commanding, 37th. (7th June 1915.)

(2) *Bey*, Army Corps Commander at Baghdad. (28th October 1915.)

(3) *Effendi*, Lieutenant, 2-141st, to command 2nd Machine Gun Section of 105th Regiment. (28th March 1916.)

(4) *Effendi*, Captain, 31st Cavalry, dismissed the service for giving incorrect information after a reconnaissance. (28th March 1916.)

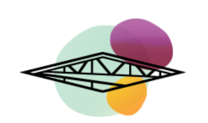
(5) A Lieutenant at surrender of Kut, April 1916, probably authority on International Law, Barrister.

(6) *Effendi*, Captain, Officer Commanding, 4-1-44th of 51st Division, March 1916.

Riza Khan.—With Sirdar Saulat and some Bakhtiaris opposed Russians before Isfahan, which Russians occupied. 19th March 1916.

Riza Quli Khan.—Drowned at Dizful on 29th May 1916.

Röhr, Walter.—German, in Shiraz in connection with the carpet business. As agent for Wönckhaus' firm there, and news service of the German *jehād* mission (January 1915). Reported to have left for Shuster to be Consul there. (August 1915.)





Rosenfeld.—(1) Probably an employé of Wönckhaus, on leave in Cairo when war broke out. There is an Austrian in Haifa of this name. (25th July 1915.) (See 2.)

(2) Israel Rosenfeld, brother of Joseph (a Baghdad doctor now in Beyrut) is dragoman to Austrian Embassy in Baghdad.

Röver.—German merchant in Shiraz, stepson of Heinicke (former Captain of the "Persepolis"). Röver is used for sending money to Tehran for the secret objects of the Legation.

Rubat-al-Muhammad.—A Shaikh of Al-Dahiem ('Afaj). Might not be unfriendly.

Rubat-al-Salman.—A "Westender" of the Samawah *mujahidin,* taken prisoner with Saiyid Taffar to a place near Shinafiyah by 'Ajaimi. (20th October 1915.)

Rudolph (Rodolf).—*Caissier* (finance), Baghdad Railway, Baghdad. (1st November 1915.)

Rukn-ul-Dauleh.—New Governor-General Elect for Luristan and North Arabistan, well disposed towards us. (20th May 1916.)

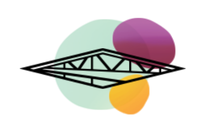
Rushdi.—(1) *Bey,* Officer Commanding, 28th Division. (16th April 1916.)

(2) *Bey,* from Hullah, Officer Commanding, 105th.

(3) *Bey,* Officer Commanding, 2-113th. (3rd October 1915.)

Ruwaidhi al-Bisharah.—Shaikh of Al-Ma'arich (al-Sakran, Azairij) goes to 'Ajaimi (30th October 1915); at B'ghailah on 26th December 1915. Implicated in attack on Sawaij reconnaissance. (14th January 1916.)

Sa'ad-ul-Dauleh.—Prime Minister, Persia. (27th April 1915.)





Sa'adūn-al-Qaraidi.—Of Jadīdah, goes to Shatrah to the Turks. (3rd February 1916.)

Subhan-al-Farhan, Hajji.—Of Suwaij, "came in" to I. O., Nasiriyah. (11th October 1915.)

Sabit.—2nd Lieutenant, Officer Commanding, 4th Mountain Battery, 2nd Camel Corps, 45th Division, went sick and was replaced by Lieutenant Mahir. (4th February 1916.)

Sabri.—(1) *Bey*, Officer Commanding, 23rd Cavalry (1st March 1916), at Baghdadiyah about 5th October 1915 Arrived with 2,000 tribesmen at Hai on 5th June 1916.

(2) *Bey*, Captain, Officer Commanding, 1st Field Battery, 2nd Battalion, 38th Division, Sinn, 22nd June 1915. Put under arrest for leaving his guns at Kutunieh. (24th October 1915.)

(3) Captain, Officer Commanding, Topkhaneh Depôt Battalion in Baghdad. (10th June 1915.)

(4) *Effendi*, Captain, Officer Commanding, 4th Squadron, 31st Cavalry. (1st March 1916).

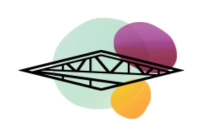
(5) *Effendi*, Lieutenant, Temporary Officer Commanding, 3rd Squadron, 13th Cavalry, able and enterprising Turk, March May 1916.)

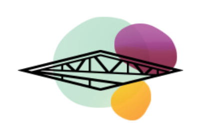
(6) *Effendi*, Captain, and Captain Ibrahim Effendi are both given as Officer Commanding of 3-3-40th of 52nd Division. (30th May 1916.)

Sabti.—Of Bani Hutait, with Hadi of Bani Hutait, giving hospitality to a Turk and a German. (26th March 1916.)

Sāchit.—Of the Dhuwalim (Bani Hachaim) at 'Ain, opposite Khidhr, with Sa'ud ('Ajaimi's brother) and Ahmad Bey. (12th December 1915.)

Sādiq.—(1) *Bey*, Colonel, Officer Commanding, 38th Division (30th October 1915); Circassian, formerly Officer Commanding, Camelry, which came from Suez Canal, (1st November 1915.)





Sadiq —(2) *Bey* (Commandant) at fall of Nasiriyah (23rd July 1915). A Major of this name was Officer Commanding, 104th, at Sinn (8th October 1915) and on Tigris line. (12th January 1916.) *Cf. Saiyid Sādiq.*

(3) Major, C. R. A., Officer Commanding, 2nd Battery, 35th Regiment (10 guns) (12th July 1915). Sādiq Bey was Officer Commanding, Artillery, 38th Division. (1st October 1915.) Killed. (12th January 1916.)

Sādiq Khan.—Ilkhani of Sagwands.

Sadr-ul-Islam.—See *Saiyid Ismail Sadr-ul-Islam.*

Sahan.—Shaikh of the Khazail between Samawah and Shinafiyah, blockading transport. (13th December 1915.)

Sahi Bey.—Captain, Officer Commanding, 2-2-6th of 2nd Division. (Mid-April 1916.)

Said.—(1) *Effendi, Qaimmaqām* of Hai, with 800 Cavalry at Hai on 27th September 1915. Arrives at Hai on 23rd December 1915 with 100 gendarmes. He had 250 men at Hai on 7th March 1916.

(2) Major, Officer Commanding, 2nd Battalion, Engineers. (13th August 1915.)

(3) Captain, Doctor. (15th August 1915.)

(4) *Effendi*, Captain, Officer Commanding, 2-1-113th at Jessan (6th December 1915). One Captain of this name came to 'Ain, opposite Khidhr about beginning of January 1916.

(5) *Effendi*, Officer Commanding, 8,000—9,000, mostly mounted Arabs, and rest regular Turks at Basrugieh. (Mid-March 1916.) Perhaps this is the Said Effendi, Commandant at Kut on 14th May 1916.

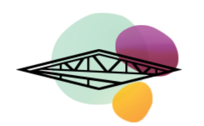
(6) *Bey*, *Mutessarif* of Nasiryah. (2nd June 1915.)

(7) *Bey*, Lieutenant-Colonel, Officer Commanding, Force which went to Najaf, mid-August 1915.

(8) *Bey*, Officer Commanding, 1-114th. (13th October 1915.)

(9) *Bey*, Captain, Officer Commanding, 1-1st Regiment of 2nd Division in Dardanelles and Mesopotamia, mid-April 1916.





Saiyid A'arif.—2nd Lieutenant of 2-1-114th, under Nafi. (23rd October 1915).

Saiyid 'Abd-ul-'Aziz.—Qaimmaqām of Samawah (8th September 1915).

Saiyid 'Abd-ul-Husain.—Firebrand Mulla stirring up people in Laristan. (August 1915).

Saiyid 'Abd-ul-Rahmān.—(1) *Naqīb* of Baghdad.

(2) *Mufti* of Nasiriyah.

Saiyid 'Abd-ul-Razzāq al-Hilu.—Influential Mujtahid of Najaf.

Saiyid Ahmad, Captain.—Baghdadi, Officer Commanding, 2-105th. (8th August 1915).

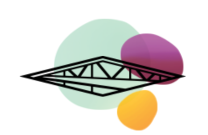
Saiyid Ahmad 'Allama.—Indian, Distributor of Oude Bequest in Najaf.

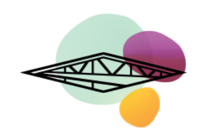
Saiyid 'Ali Agha ibn Saiyid Rustam.—Naqib of Mandali. Collecting Arabs at Mandali. (1st November 1915).

Saiyid 'Ali Damad.—Of Najaf. He and other influential religious men took the flag of Hazrat 'Ali to Baghdad (2nd December 1915). Reported in Shatrah. (26th March 1916).

Saiyid Chaush.—Gendarmerie, Amarah, tobacconist, now made Captain, in the Azairij-Qurnah area possibly January 1916.

Saiyid Hadi.—Resident of Badrah, belonging to Najaf.





Saiyid Hadi ibn Mugother.—Of Shinafiqah. His brother is Saiyid Husain Joined Turks at Nasiriyah (22nd January 1915) and has been helping them during the war.

Saiyid Hadi Zuwaiyen.—Shaikh, sharing Government of Ja'arah with 'Ali al-Fatan. (2nd November 1915).

Saiyid Haibet-ul-din al-Shahrastani.—Influential *mujtahid* from Najaf.

Saiyid Husain.—Son of Saiyid Tuffar, wounded in a fight between East and Westenders at Samawah. (4th March 1916).

Saiyid Ibrahim Effendi al-Jaljaluti.—Brother of Saiyid 'Abd-ul-Rahmān, the *Mufti* of Nasiriyah. A fanatic of Nasiriyah, friend of 'Asaimi, gone to Shatrah to stir up the tribes (28th December 1916). Was formerly Rais al-Baladiyah of Nasiriyah: he is called "*Qadhi* of Shatrah" by Nur-ul-din about December 1915. One Saiyid Ibrahim (imprisoned at Kut for two months as suspect during siege) is now *Rais al-Baladiyah* of Kut, May 1916.

Saiyid 'Isa Ramhormuzi.—A firebrand agitator of Ramuz, now in hands of Ilkhani. (10th April 1916).

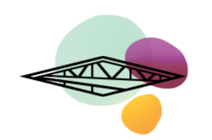
Saiyid Ismail Sadr-ul-Islam.—A big *mujtahid* of Karbala, rumoured killed. (21st February 1916).

Saiyid Jung.—Lali Ilkhani. (See *Muhtasham*).

Saiyid (Muhammad) Kādhim al-Yazdi Taba'-taba'i.—A high Shi'ah dignitary of Karbala; his son is Saiyid Muhammad, now dead. He refused to be taken on in *jehād*, saying that he was an old man whose life was of no consequence. (See *Saiyid Muhammad 'Ali*).



"بيانات أشخاص هامة في بلاد الرافدين، هيئة الأركان العامة، الهند (الرقم التسلسلي ١٠)" [١٠٩ظ] (٢٢٣/٢٨٠)



Saiyid Mehdi.—(1) Part governing Najaf. Was principal agitator with Ghadhban (29th March 1915): at Najaf made arrangement with Turks about limited recruiting (13th June 1915). He is a Persian Saiyid of Hillah, and opposed arrest of deserters by Turks. (6th September 1915.)

(2) Head of a small colony of Meshed Shi'ahs in Skaka. (7th April 1916.)

Saiyid Muhammad 'Ali.—"Bahr-ul-Ulum," of Najaf. His grandfather was a Persian.

With Saiyid Mustafa Kashi and Shaikh-ul-Sharaya Isfahani he represents democratic or constitutional faction hostile to Saiyid Kādhim. He went to Pusht-i-Kuh for *jehād* (10th January 1916): was in Baghdad about end of April 1916.

Saiyid Muhammad Kādhim Khorāsāni.—(A different man from al-Yazdi). A leading man of Najaf.

Saiyid Muhammad.—Son of Saiyid Kādhim al-Yazdi, died of fever at Baghdad, and his body brought to Najaf about 10th March 1916.

Saiyid Muhammad Hasan.—Supreme in Najaf on account of his position as keeper of the key of the Minaret of 'Ali. (3rd April 1916).

Saiyid Muhammad Kazwini.—*Mujtahid* at Hillah, lately in high control there (June 1916). In communication with Majid-al-Khalifah. (6th February 1916.)

Saiyid Muhammad Khan.—Ilbegi of the Sagwands.

Saiyid Muhammad Sadiq al-Arajji.—(1) Editor of newspaper "*Risāfah*" (now defunct) at Baghdad.

(2) Son of Saiyid Ja'afar Thābit administering Karbala. (9th July 1915).





Saiyid Muhammad ibn Saiyid Jawad.—At Najaf with four Shaikhs captured most of Turkish troops and all their guns on the recent fighting there on 18th May 1916.

Saiyid Muhammad Taba'taba'i.—After collapse of German movement in Rhran was sent to Berlin: has since been sent to Baghdad by the German Government (29th July 1916). He is of Hamadan, a cousin of Saiyid Muhammad Taba'taba'i *mujtahid* of Tehran, an active democrat and intriguer. Deputy and Editor of the *Mejlis* newspaper.

Saiyid Muhi-ul-din Bey.—Senator and son of the *Naqib* of Baghdad. Has been reported as sent by the Turks to Afghanistan to stir up *jehād*, but it is doubtful if he got further than Baghdad. (March 1915).

Saiyid Murtaza.—A Shuster notable, corrupt and firebrand, hitherto anti-British, but is so dependent on Bakir Khan that he has reconsidered his attitude. (25th September 1915).

Saiyid Murtaza Ahrami.—A Khan of Tangistan. Formerly would have nothing to do with Chahkutah, but is now "in" with the Khan, and therefore pro-German. Always ready to loot Bushire. H. M S. "Fox" turned him out once.

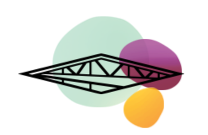
Saiyid Na'amah.—Chief of the Bani Tamim, title being Saif-ul-Sadāt. Was against us at Ghādir in Spring of 1915. Said to command a maximum of 600 armed sowars and 300 armed men.

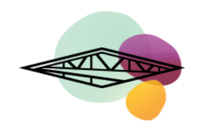
Saiyid Rashīd.—Captain, Officer Commanding, 1-2-104th.

Saiyid Rustam.—Religious head of the Gurans.

Saiyid Sādiq.—Officer Commanding, 104th Regiment (5th August 1915). (*Cf. Sādiq* (1).

Saiyid Salman Mujaddi.—Of the A'thar section of the Al-bu-Sultan living near Hillah.





Saiyid Taha Effendi.—In charge of supply, Shatrah. (15th September 1915).

Saiyid Taffar (Tuffar)—An "eastender" of Samawah, whom 'Ajaimi carried off and has kept prisoner since October 1915. His son is Saiyid Husain.

Said (Saiyid) Laidan—Nasiriyah. Received at General Officer Commanding's reception, 29th July 1915.

Saqban ibn 'Ali.—Of the Khafajah.

Sakhi al-Alaiwi.—Of the Al-bu-Sa'ad. Went to Shatrah for *jehād.*

Salamah al-Hasan.—Shaikh of Al-Suhail (Karagol).

Salar Ashrāf.—Son of Ihtisham-ul-Mamalik, treacherously seized by the Turks. (23rd June 1915).

Salar-ul-Dauleh—In code communication with (and probably one of) the German *jehād* mission to Afghanistan. Said to have gone to Khaniqin line (27th February 1915) and joined the Turks at Sir-i-pul (21st July 1915) but the Turks (1st March 1915) denied the earlier report.

Salar-i-Mansur.—And Bahadur-ul-Sultaneh led 600 Bakhtiaris returning from Baratoff's direction. Captured by Indian Sowars (25th April 1916). Prisoner in Ahwaz. (28th April 1916).

Salah-ud-din.—Engineer-Lieutenant at surrender of Kut, April 1916.

Sāleh.—(1) *Bey* (*i.e.*, *Muhammad Sāleh*, *q. v.*). Officer Commanding, 105th Regiment (28th March 1916). See *Faiq*. and *cf*. (3).

(2) *Bey*, Officer Commanding, 2-111th. (2nd September 1915).





Sâleh.—(3) Major, said to have commanded 114th as well as 1st Battalion after retreat to Nasiriyah (15th March 1915) [*cf.* (1)].

(4) *Effendi*, Telegraph *Mudir* at Samawah. (14th March 1916).

(5) *Effendi*, Lieutenant, Officer Commanding about a dozen gendarmes at Kufah. (8th November 1915).

(6) *Effendi*, Officer Commanding, 33rd Cavalry (4 Squadrons) (7th March 1916), but Ahmad Agha, Major, is also given).

(7) Shaikh of Chahkutah, as Zabit of Chahkutah, replaces Husain of Chahkutah about 24th February 1916.

(8) *Effendi*, Officer Commanding, 1-3-44th, May 1916.

(9) *Effendi*, Captain, Officer Commanding, 5th Machine Gun Squadron, 13th Cavalry. (16th May 1916).

Sâleh al-Daghir.—Shaikh of the Al'-Ibrahim tribe, wrote to I. O., Nasiriyah. (5th July 1916).

Salim.—(1) *Bey*, Qaimmaqām of Meshed, who fled in disguise at the revolt. (25th June 1915).

(2) *Effendi*, Captain, Officer Commanding, 2-?-9th of 51st Division, March 1916.

(3) or *Selim*, Captain, German Jew, replaces Müller. (17th April 1916).

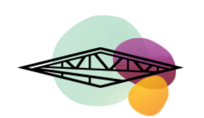
(4) Captain, Officer Commanding, 1-105th, wounded, replaced by 'Ali Haidar, February 1916.

Sâlim Khaja.—Apparently Turkish Agent in *Lingah*. (February 1915).

Sâlim al-Khayyūn.—Our prisoner in Bombay, brother of Ghadhban al-Khayyūn, and half-brother of Hindal al-Hasan.

Salman al-'Araif.—The 'Araif are a section of the Ibn Saud family who have for years been at feud with Ibn Saud.

Salman al-Kenevi.—Shaikh of Al-bu-Amir (a division of the Zubaid tribes), now imprisoned by Turks in Baghdad. His son Kazim has escaped to the Jazirah desert. (9th December 1915).





Sami.—(1) *Sabit Bey*, Cavalry Brigade Commandant, Colonel, 38, young, gay, clever, German trained, daring, brave, popular with all ranks, a Damascus Arab. (12th April 1916).

(2) *Bey*, Subhi's Staff Officer, (before capture of Basrah).

(3) *Pasha*, Officer Commanding Baghdad, January 1915.

(4) *Effendi*, Major at Khamisiyah. (13th March 1915).

(5) Captain, Staff Officer to Khalīl about 19th February 1916.

(6) Lieutenant, Officiating Officer Commanding, 1-1-6th, for Captain Usman, Spring 1916.

Samsam-ul-Mamalik.—Came on 6th September 1915 to the Persian Government to complain because Rauf had burnt his pastures.

Samsam-ul-Sultaneh.—The second of two senior Khans living in Tehran; has fallen under German influence. (12th August 1915).

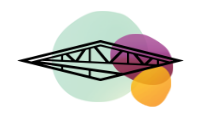
Sandherr, Herr.—Employed in German Embassy, Tehran.

Sarai.—Of Rabi'ah, reported helping to form an anti-British league. (24th March 1916).

Sardar Ashja.—Late Governor of Isfahan, deposed or resigned, and gone apparently to Shiraz. He is a Bakhtiari who has behaved extremely badly, and countenanced the confiscation of the Imperial Bank of Persia by the gendarmerie. (3rd March 1916).

Sardar-i-Asad.—Hajji 'Ali Quli Khan.—Born about 1860 and acknowledged the cleverest of the Bakhtiari Khans. Reported in March 1915 to be blind. Now virtually a hostage to the Persian Government (15th September 1915); has been playing a double game (10th August 1915). His son is Amir Jang.

Sardar Bahadur.—Ja'afar Quli Khan.—Born about 1882. Late Ilbegi. Took part in operations against Sardar-i-Arshad, and against Salar-ul-Dauleh both in 1911. A rival of Sardar-i-Jang. Now pro-German (3rd December 1915) at Kirman on 30th January 1916 to help Germans.





Sardar-i-Fateh.—Brother of Sardar-i-Jang, pro-Turk. Proposed to be sent by Muhtasham to Bakhtaris to represent him until M. can assume office of Ilkhani. (30th June 1915).

Sardar Ijlal.—Pursued Nizam-ul-Sultaneh from Kermanshah to Qara Su River. (25th March 1916).

Sardar Iqbal.—*'Abbas Klean Kalhur.*—Opposed to the Sinjabis.

Sardar-i-Jang.—(1) Amanullah Khan, eldest son of Wali of Pusht-i-Kuh.

(2) Late Ilkhani of the Bakhtiaris, born about 1869. One of the best of the Bakhtiari Khans, friendly to us, and a rival to Sardar-i-Bahadur.

Sardar Korrai.—Chief of the Khisht district Muhammad Khan Qashquli drives out Daliki and Kazaruni riflemen from Khisht which they had taken from Sardar Korrai. (5th October 1915).

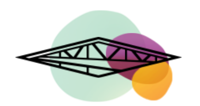
Sardar Mu'azzam.—Son of Amir Mufakhkham. Starts for Kermanshah to join Turks. (14th January 1916).

Sardar Muhtasham.—Bakhtiari Chief, *ex*-Governor of Isfahan. (See *Muhtasham*).

Sardar-i-Munazim.—Suddenly appointed Vice-Governor to proceed to join Governor at Isfahan. (11th March 1916).

Sardar Mutzaid,—Deputy Governor of Fars, aged about 64, arrives Shiraz June 1916.

Sardar-i-Nusrat (*Nasrat*).—*Suliman Khan* of Kalhurs, Bakhtiari Governor, Deputy Governor-General of Kirman, whose party are reported to have defeated the pro-German party who have fled towards Fars (13th April 1916). His brother is 'Adl-ul-Sultan.





Sardar Rashid.—Governor-General of Azarbaijan. (5th January 1916). Pro-Russian.

Sardar-i-Saulet.—(See *Chiragh 'Ali Khan*).

Sardar Zafar.—Bakhtiari, Governor of Kirman, but intends resigning (21st February 1916). Distrusted by the Germans, and held responsible by them for the evacuation of Kirman by the British Colony (6th May 1916). He carried off 1,500 tomans from the Persian telegraph office (13th April 1916). He insisted that Kardorff and his party should be disarmed, June 1916.

Sarre, Professor.—German archæologist, who was to write an exhaustive account of Samarra with Herzfeld (who lately was rumoured to be coming to Baghdad) He removed the wireless from Baghdad and took it to Persia in April 1915. At German Consulate, Kermanshah, about end of 1915.

Sarwat Bey.—(1) Officer Commanding, 74th Regiment, arrived at Baghdad. (26th November 1915).

(2) In command of 68th Regiment at Busaria (1,200 men). March 1916.

Satrag Effendi.—Lieutenant, Armenian officer in 4th Squadron, 13th Cavalry. Reported coward. (15th April 1916).

Saud.—Brother of 'Ajaimi. Was fighting Hamūd al-Suwait and Dhari ibn Twalah about 30th January 1916.

Saud [al-Sālēh] al-Sabhan.—Chief Adviser to Ibn Rashīd, Amīr of Hail. Reported killed (27th January 1916). But he is also said to have lately had a disagreement with Ibn Rashīd. (22nd June 1916).

Saulat-ul-Dauleh.—Late Ilkhani of the Qashqai (1911), having been deposed after the murder of the brother of Qawam-ul-Mulk, which he and Nizam-ul-Sultaneh (then Governor-General of Fars) caused. He is brother of Sardar-i-Ihtisham. He is the new Governor of Dashti, and was in neighbourhood of Behbehan, surrounded by Muhammad 'Ali and other Qashquli Khans hostile to us (2nd January 1916). Was defeated by Muhammad 'Ali Qashquli.





Sazi Effendi.—2nd Lieutenant, Officer Commanding, 2-1-141st. (10th August 1915).

Schach.—German military doctor who fought on the Basrah-Nasiriyah line, Spring 1915.

Schadow.—At German Consulate, Baghdad, and Amarah April—May 1915. In telegraphic communication with Germans making mines on Tigris before capture of Amarah. Is a Lieutenant at Baghdad. (16th August 1915).

Schafheitlan, Miss Gertrud.—Lady of German origin on Arabian Mission at Kuwait.

Schalt.—Lieutenant-Colonel, German S. M. O. (2) Khaniqin. (8th May 1916).

Schellendorf, Bronsardt von.—German in A. A. and Q. M. G. Branch, or Chief of Intelligence at Constantinople. (10th November 1915).

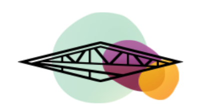
Schenckes.—Lieutenant. German fighting in Spring 1915 on Basrah-Nasiriyah line. It is said that he has gone to Germany. (See *Andrules*).

Schmidt.—Lieutenant German referred to in Turkish orders of 19th March 1916 as connected with heavy guns in 'Irâq.

Schneider.—Permanent Way Inspector, Railway, Baghdad (16th August 1915). Was Engineer to the Kremnitz Stadt Railways.

Scholz, G.— German in Baghdad on 26th August 1915.

Schönemann.—Declaration German, formerly Consul at Tabriz and Director of the Persische Teppiche Aktien Gesellsch (Carpet Company) in Tabriz: went





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to Germany for the war, but was sent back to Kermanshah as Consul about six months after outbreak of war. There he organized an expedition for Azarbaijan, his place at Kermanshah being taken by Sarre; this expedition met the Russians at Kangavar and Hamadan. He left Pusht-i-Kuh for Baghdad (3rd March 1916). Sent to Berlin under arrest for embezzlement. (9th July 1916).

Segul, Herr.—Depôt Chef at Baghdad on Railway.

Seiler.—Dragoman at Constantinople, left Constantinople 12th October 1914. Was to be German Consul at Basrah, but, owing to our occupation, was sent as Consul to Isfahan. Sent on special mission as head of an expedition for *jehād* with Niedermayer, etc. Captured, Kirman to Shiraz. (27th April 1916).

Shabankareh.—One of the independent khanates of Daghtistan. Ismail Khan died of dysentery about 16th December 1915 and his son succeeded.

Shabib al-Muzban.—A minor Shaikh of Bani Lam. Appointed Chief of Thuluth in 1909 in place of Ghadhban. Owing to his enmity to Ghadhban he did not join the Turks.

Shafīq Bey.—(1) (Also given as Shauki Bey and Shaukat Bey). Acting Wali of Baghdad, formerly *Mutessarif* of Mardin from Adrianople (9th October 1915). Appointed *Mutessarif* of Hai. (28th June 1916).

(2) Colonel, on Duke of Mecklenburg's (?) Staff, Baghdad. (9th May 1916).

Shahab Effendi.—A Lieutenant (1st Company, 103rd ?) at Rotah mid-February 1915). A Shahib Effendi of 3-3-105th was killed. (31st January 1916).

Shahab-ul-Dauleh, Prince.—Brother of the Wali of Pusht-i-Kuh, Minister for Public Works and Commerce in new Persian Cabinet. (21st August 1915). About 37, of quiet and sporting taste, considerable influence.

Shahab-i-Sultaneh.—In command of a Bakhtiari detachment helping Sir W. Townley to win over the Hajji Ilkhani branch of the Bakhtiari Khans. (16th December 1915).





Shahnuzim.—Relation of Farman Farma appointed Wali of Kermanshah. (12th June 1916).

Shahzadeh Husain.—Bad character. Schönemann's principal employé. (15th September 1915).

Al-Shaikh al-Rais.—Relation of the Persian Royal Family, learned man, member of Muhammadan Union, now come to Baghdad. (27th September 1915).

Shaqqaf ibn Nidaiyir.—Of Hasaidah, section of Al-Zaiyad, visits I. O.* Nasiriyah, 2nd January 1916.

Shakir.—(1) *Bey,* Major, replaces Waisi Bey (wounded) as Officer Commanding 4th Battalion, 5th Regiment mid-April-May 1916. At Erbil. (7th July 1916).

(2) *Bey,* Captain, Officer Commanding 1-114th. (29th February 1916).

(3) *Effendi,* Captain, acting Officer Commanding, 4-1st of 2nd Division. (See *Mu mmad Effendi*).

Shakrullah Khan.—Kalantar of Boir Ahmadi.

Sha'lan.—Shaikh of the Al-Garazallat with 'Ajaimi. (14th March 1916). (See *Nuri*).

Shamkhi al-Huwaichim.—Chief Shaikh of the Bani Zaid (al-Dachchah).

Shaikh al-Shari'ah al-Isfahāni.—Of Isfahan. Inciting to *jehād* in Meshed. Went with Daghistani to Baghdad from Najaf; said to be returning. (4th February 1916).

Sharaf-ul-din Effendi.—2nd Lieutenant, Turk, regimental wag, coward. in 3rd Squadron, 13th Cavalry. (15th April 1916).





Shari, ibn Shattal.—Of the Dhafir, previously with 'Ajaimi, but now left him. (2nd January 1916).

Sharif.—Officer Commanding, *mujahadin* with 'Abd-ul-Rahmān at Jessan on 24th November 1915.

Sharif 'Abdullah.—Second son of Sharif Husain of Mekka.

Sharīf 'Ali Haidar.—C. V. P., and Turkish candidate for eventual succession to Sharīf Husain. Now in Egypt.

Sharīf Husain.—Sharif of Mekka. Lately (June 1916) revolted against the Turks.

Shatib al-Minhal.—Friendly Shaikh of the Al-Minhal.

Shatt, Dr.—See *Andruks.*

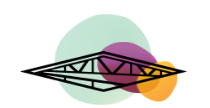
Shauk Effendi.—Officer Commanding, 2nd Company, Basrah Gendarmerie.

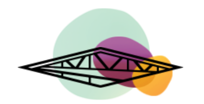
Shauki.—See *Shevki.*

Shawai al-Muhsin.—One of two Shaikhs of the Azairij of Majar-al-Saghir, living 20 miles west of Amarah. Has secret Turkish agent with him. (7th March 1916).

" *Sherandereff.* "—" Name " of German at Nasiriyah, March 1915

Shershab al-Zawad.—Shaikh of the Badur. Bound in ties of friendship with Hamīd ibn Suwait.





Shevket.—(1) *Pasha*, Officer Commanding, 33rd Division (15th April 1916). See *Ibrahim.*

(2) *Bey, Qaimmaqām*, in charge of supply at Kut (20th August 1915). One Shevket Bey was nominally in command of Turks at Kirind in action of 3rd May 1916.

(3) *Bey, Mutessarif* of Karbala about July 1915.

(4) *Bey*, Captain, Officer Commanding, Shahroban Seyyar Gendarmerie (10th June 1915). Given as Officer Commanding 2nd battalion of Shahroban (26th July 1916). See *'Akif.*

(5) *Bey*, Captain, Officer Commanding, 3rd battalion, 3rd Regiment, 45th Division (December 1915 to May 1916). He saved his Armenians from massacre.

(6) Captain, Officer Commanding battery of 37th. (11th August 1915).

(7) Captain of "4th Company" coming down Euphrates at Hindiyah.

(8) 2nd Lieutenant, Turk, Officer in 1st squadron, 13th Cavalry. Useless, 15th April 1916.

(9) Or Rifa'at *Bey*, Officer Commanding Force on 29th April 1916 at Rattan. (9 miles east of Badrah).

(10) See *Shafīq.*

(11) *Bey*, Captain, Officer Commanding, 2-114th at Saiyid Ali, six hours from Shaikh Saad. (29th February 1916).

(12) *Effendi*, recently appointed instructor in Tactics at School for Cadet Officers, Baghdad. (27th April 1916).

Shevki (Shauki).—(1) Captain of artillery (*Murattab*), 38th Regiment

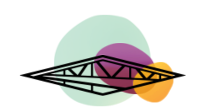
(2) Lieutenant, Officer in 1st squadron, 13th Cavalry, Turk, brave. (15th April 1916).

(3) See *Shafīq.*

(4) Lieutenant, Officer Commanding, 1-2-7th of 51st. (31st January 1916).

Shi'ah al-Falaiyeh.—Of Bait Yindil, moving down on 27th November 1915 to interrupt our communications between 'Ali Gharbi and Kut.

Shi'ah al-Dahham.—Of Al-Asidah (Khafajah). "Came in" to Intelligence Officer, Nasiriyah, 11th October 1915, but was implicated in attack on our Suwaij reconnaissance. (14th January 1916).





Shinker.—See *Schencker.*

Shir Khan.—A head man of the Sanjabis: was in charge of a post of mounted Kurds at Badrah on 29th June 1916. See *'Ali Akbar Khan*, his son.

Shukri.—(1) *Bey*, came down from Baghdad to Kut on 1st September 1915 with 12 guns from 'Aqabah (Officer Commanding 2-36th).

(2) *Bey*, Major, Officer Commanding, 105th Regiment, Tigris line. (9th May 1916).

(3) *Bey, Miralai*, Officer Commanding, 15th Division. (1st June 1915).

(4) *Effendi*, said to be at Najaf. (24th March 1916).

(5) *Effendi*, Gendarme Captain, left behind at Jessan with 40 Infantry on 30th November 1915.

(6) *Effendi*, Captain, Officer Commanding, 3rd Battalion, 1st Regiment, April 1916 (this is *Hasan Shukri*).

Sion.—Nephew of Ezra Hardun. (17th February 1916).

Sipah Salar Azam.—Succeeds Farman Farma as Prime Minister and Minister of Interior, a Russophil. Hitherto described as the "Sipahdar" 6th March 1916.

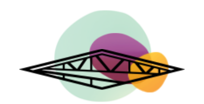
Smair.—Brother of 'Ajaimi.

Sommer, Herr.—Secretary to German Embassy, Tehran.

Sonesen.—Captain of Gendarmerie at Dilgusba (near Kermanshah), 9th September 1915. At Kermanshah, end of 1915. Remaining on Persian Front. (9th July 1916).

Stem 'Abdullah Sefrij Bey.—Colonel, lately Officer Commanding, 17th Division on Caucasus. (2nd December 1915).





Stern, Lieutenant.—A civilian journalist, now returned to Germany on sick leave from Baghdad, where he was 'Irâq agent for the "Journal de la Guerre."

Subah Bey.—With 200 cavalry and two guns at Shaikh Sa'ad. (3rd August 1915).

Suban Effendi.—Officer Commanding, 50 Gendarmes at Shatrat-al-Muntajik, about 13th March 1915.

Subadari Bey.—Officer Commanding regiment and four guns marching to Filaifilah. (2nd August 1915).

Sufukh.—Shaikh of Shammar Toqah, succeeded by his son.

Sufi Amba Prasad.—Escaped in 1909 with Ajit Singh from India. Active in Persia and captured in Shiraz (31st May 1916), escaped about 10th July 1916.

Sulagh ul-Gahaiyit.—Sent by Turks to Azairij Shaikhs on Mission (3rd May 1916). Went to Fâleh Saihûd. (9th May 1916).

Sulaiman.—(1) *Bey*, of the Tuhair family in Baghdad.

(2) *Bey*, Officer Commanding, Regiment of Baghdad Gendarmerie (113th Regiment). (5th March 1915).

(3) *Effendi*, of Hit, Officer Commanding troops starting from Kifl for Karbala. (28th August 1915).

(4) *Effendi*, Officer Commanding, 2nd *Murattab* battalion, Nakhadah. (15th April 1915).

(5) *Effendi*, Officer Commanding 2-110th, Bitlis, about May 1915.

(6) Shaikh of the Bani Tamim at Ctesiphon. (22nd November 1915).

(7) *Sharif al-Bandar* succeeds Sharif al-Bandar as Shaikh of the Bani Zaid.





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Sulaiman.—(8) *Bey*, Captain, Officer Commanding, 1st Company, 1st H. A. Battalion, 52nd Division, 31st January 1916.

(9) *Bey*, with 6 battalions Turks and Arabs, and 4 guns at Khaniqin on July 6th, 1916.

Sulaiman the Kurd.—Killed by us about 16th February 1916, right bank.

Sulaiman al-Dakhel.—Turkish Agent at Kuwait (3rd January 1916); reported buying camels. (5th January 1916).

Sulaiman Fakhri Pasha.—Officer Commanding, 1st Army Corps. (19th May 1916).

Sulaiman Fathi Bey, Major.—Minister for War for Turkey. (17th April 1915).

Sulaiman Masrur Bey.—Officer Commanding 40th Regiment in 5th Composite Division (7th December 1915); *Qaimmaqām*, Officer Commanding 40th (28th March 1916). Represents 'Ali Hasan Bey in Baghdad (16th May 1916), being Base Commandant.

Sulaiman Nazif Bey.—Age 50—55. Wali of Baghdad early in 1915; quarrelled with Nur-ul-din and was dismissed about end of June 1915.

Sulaiman ibn Nasrullah.—Shaikh of Al-Nasrullah near Hasunah with 1,000 men. (29th September 1915).

Sulaiman Sharīf al-Bandar.—See *Sulaiman* (7).

Sultan Bey.—*Qaimmaqām* at Hai (31st August 1915). Later, *Qaim* of Hellah (17th November 1915). He was reported advancing on Gussab's fort with 8 0 men on 31st May 1916; visited Muzher at Shatrah on 19th June 1916.





Sultan al-Manahi.—Shaikh of al-Rayid (Al-bu-Adham, Husainat). "Came in," near Nasiriyah (1st August 1915). He is a thorough intriguer, and was imprisoned by British Military Governor, Nasiriyah, on 4th November 1915.

Sumaida.—Shaikh of Hindiyah, January 1915.

Suri Effendi.—Officer Commanding, 3-3-112th at Ctesiphon.

Surush-ul-Mulk.—Head of Posts and Telegraphs at Bushire. (6th August 1915).

Suwailum al-Jabar.—Shaikh of Al-Jahal, near Shatrah, enemy of Khayyūn. (January 1916).

Tabir 'Abbās Effendi.—Captain 2nd *Murattab* Badrah Tabur.

Tahir.—(1) Shaikh of Najaf. Was at Bghailah. (25th March 1916).

(2) (?) *Bey*, son of Osman Pasha, formerly Chief of Bajlan tribe at Mendali, June 1916.

(3) *Effendi*, 2nd Lieutenant, Officer Commanding, 1-4-6th of 2nd Division, April 1916.

Tahsin.—(1) *Pasha*, Officer Commanding, 1st Regiment of Baghdad. (3rd June 1915).

& (2) *Bey*, Officer Commanding one battalion of Afrad-i-Jadidah at Hillah (19th October 1915). One is Officer Commanding 3-112th of 38th (16th January 1916). (See *Hasan Tahsin*): one is Officer Commanding 3-37th of 52nd Division, XIIIth Army Corps.

(3) *Bey*, one of Khalil's staff officers (7th March 1916).

Takhaiyul.—Shaikh of the Sabians, Nasiriyah, Autumn 1915.





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Tala'at.—(1) *Bey*, Acting Minister of Interior and Finance, June 1915.

(2) *Bey*, Lieutenant-Colonel, Officer Commanding 1st Regiment, 2nd Division (12th March 1916), changed in mid-May 1916.

(3) Lieutenant in same company of 9th Regiment as Captain Nasim Effendi. (20th April 1916).

Taltal ibn Hajji Tajan.—A Shaikh of 'Abadah of Hammar Lake. (6th August 1915).

Taufiq.—(1) *Effendi*, Officer Commanding, 4-2-103rd and Officer Commanding 4-2-113th.

(2) Officer Commanding, 4th Seyyar Gendarmerie. (26th March 1915).

Officer Commanding, 1st Seyyar Gendarmerie. (18th May 1915).

(3) Officer Commanding, 1,000 regulars with Ghadhban. (1st April 1915).

(4) *Bey*, Major *Qaimmaqām* of Shatrah, April 1915. He replaced Amīn Bey as *Qaimmaqām* of Kadhimiyah. (21st August 1915).

(5) Major, at Ghādir (23rd March 1915). Daghistani's staff officer; Officer Commanding at Kut (21st June 1915). Left for Baghdad about beginning of May 1915. One Major Taufiq is Officer Commanding 2-105th in April 1916.

(6) *Effendi*, Captain, Officer Commanding Mountain Battery, 35th F. A., XIIIth Army Corps.

Tefti Effendi.—Officer Commanding, 25th Cavalry Regiment. (7th December 1915).

Tetje.—German, making mines on Tigris before the capture of Amarah.

Thabit Bey.—Reported to be Lieutenant-Colonel Commanding cavalry at Khaniqin, 17th April 1916.

Thamir Bey.—? Son of late Osman Pasha Bajlan. (But see *Tahir*).





Thamir ibn Sa'adun.—'Ajaimi's brother. Lately residing in Şug-el-Sheyukh. Behaviour unexceptionable. (6th June 1916).

Tiewenov or Tiewend, Herr.—Engineer of the Baghdad Railway, probably with Schönemann.

Turef.—A German reaching Kermanshah. (23rd April 1915).

Turki.—(1) Son of Atiyyah Abn Galal.

(2) *al-'Abd-ul-'Azīz*, son of Ibn Saud, attacked the Arab followers of Ibn Rashid near Hail. (12th July 1916).

Turkish succession—His Imperial Highness Vahd-ul-dīn, son of Sultan 'Abd-ul-Majīd.

His Imperial Highness 'Abd-ul-Majīd, son of Sultan 'Abd-ul-'Azīz.

His Imperial Highness Mehmed Sālim, son of Sultan 'Abd-ul-Hamīd.

His Imperial Highness Zia-ul-dīn, son of Sultan Mehmed V.

His Imperial Highness Ibrahim Taufīq, son of Sultan Burhan-ul-din (grandson of Sultan 'Abd-ul-'Azīz).

His Imperial Highness Saif-ul-dīn, son of Sultan 'Abd-ul-'Azīz.

His Imperial Highness 'Abd-ul-Qādir, son of Sultan 'Abd-ul-Hamīd.

His Imperial Highness Ahmad Nuri, son of Sultan 'Abd-ul-Hamīd.

His Imperial Highness Nihad, son of Sultan Prince Silah-ul-din.

His Imperial Highness Mehmed Burhan-ul-din, son of Sultan 'Abd-ul-Hamīd.

His Imperial Highness Umr Hilmi, son of Sultan Mehmed V.

'Ubaid-al-Sa'adūn al-Karaidi—One of the Chief Shaikhs of the Al-bu-Sa'ad.

'Ubaid-Ullah Shaikh.—(Notorious Young Turk of Constantinople?) Member of the German *jihād* mission, Turkish Ambassador to Afghanistan. Reported at Kirman (13th March 1916). Arrested by Sykes about 14th June 1916.





Uggla, Colonel.—Swedish gendarmerie. Left for Europe, December 1914.

Ulu Beg.—Captain, Officer Commanding 4-1-1st of 2nd Division, mid-April 1916.

'Umr.—(1) Bey Captain, Officer Commanding, 14th Squadron, 13th Cavalry. Useless drunkard (15th April 1916). An acting 2nd Lieutenant of same name (*Effendi*) is in same squadron.

(2) *Beg*, Officer Commanding, 2 battalions Kurds at Baghdad. (21st une 1915).

(3) *Effendi*, Lieutenant, Officer Commanding, 1-3-3rd of 45th Division from Marash, December 1915—May 1916.

(4) A Shaikh of Karbala. (12th June 1916).

'Umr Faizi.—Son of ex-Governor of Damascus. Arrived at Aleppo about 16th October 1914 with £25,000 and 5 German officers for Ibn Saud going to Baghdad.

'Umr al-Hajji Sadan.—Chief of the Bani Hasan, actual ruler of Hindiyah. (17th June 1916).

'Umr al-Husaini.—Chief of Kerkuk *mujahidin*.

'Umr Khālis.—Captain, Staff, 35th Division. Formerly Staff Officer, 38th Division at Basrah. Previously anti-Turk (28th March 1916). Probably *cf. Khālis.*

Umrad ibn Jahail.—Shaikh of al-Zaid (with 'Ajaimi). (14th March 1916).

Unnis Effendi.—Company Commander in 2nd *Murattab* battalion at Shaibah. (15th April 1915).





Unpazky (*or Perry*), *Julian D.*—With reference to German agents in Persia, this firm should be watched.

Usman.—See *Osman*.

Uth.—Lieutenant, Artillery, German (clearly the same as "Ood" who was said to be at Battle of Shaibah). On Basrah-Nasiriyah line, Spring 1915. *Cf. Aud Bey*.

Vahd ul-Din—New Heir-apparent, 50 years old.

Vaissel Bey.—Officer Commanding, Constantinople Fire Brigade at Battle of Shaibah.

Vaqar.—See *Waqar-ul-Mulk*.

Vari ibn Varhir.—A Shaikh of Zobah, coming to Baghdad to join *jihād*, October 1915.

Vassel, Dr.—Appointed German Minister at Tehran ("Times" 22nd December 1915) in place of Prince Henry.

Vasim Bey.—Colonel, Officer Commanding, 17th Division. (1st March 1916)

Vasim Bey.—Chief of Staff to XVIIth Army Corps. (3rd September 1915).

Versen, von.—German Staff Officer. Was in Nasiriyah, February 1915, went to Baghdad (18th May 1915) and became leader of military operations with "No. 1" *jihād* mission under Seiler. Captured on Kirman-Shiraz line. (27th April 1916).

Voigt.—Reached Afghanistan with Niedermayer. He is a Hamburg-Amerika Line Officer, much tattooed.





Voss, Friedrich.—Was on Niedemayer's expedition for *jihād* in Persia. Captured (27th April 1916) on the Kirman-Shiraz line.

Vossugh-ul-Dauleh.—Minister for Finance and Telegraphs in new Persian Cabinet. (21st August 1915).

Wadi ibn 'Ali.—Shaikh of the Ja'afar section of the 'Abdah (partisans of Ibn Rashīd), killed by the Al-Zaidah tribe about mid-June 1916.

Wafīq Bey.—Major, Officer Commanding, 2nd Camelry, December 1915. Officer Commanding, Hillah and Camelry, April 1916. His Adjutant is Captain Ibrahim Bey.

Wagner.—On *jihād* mission with Paschen (9th September 1915) to Afghanistan.

Wahab.—Captain, Officer Commanding a company of a Seyyar Battalion of 110th Regiment at Ahwaz. (9th March 1915).

Wahbi.—(1) *Bey*, Lieutenant-Colonel, Officer Commanding, 5th Regiment, 2nd Division; went to Persia, but had returned by mid-April 1916.

(2) Lieutenant, Officer Commanding, 12-2-142nd on 5th November 1915.

Wahib Pasha.—Officer Commanding Left or Northern Column against Russians between Trebzonde and Rowanduz. (28th April 1916).

Wahid Effendi.—Captain, Officer Commanding 2-2-1st of 2nd Division, mid-April 1916.

Wahid-ul-Mulk.—Sent by German Government from Berlin to Baghdad (29th July 1916). Previously sent to Berlin on collapse of German movement in Tehran. He was once correspondent of the "Times" and formerly assistant to Professor E. G. Browne of Cambridge. Deputy and Democrat leader in Mejlis, and strong supporter of Schuster.





Waisi Bey.—Major, Officer Commanding, 4-5th of 2nd Division, Wounded, replaced by Shakir Bey, mid-April 1916.

Wajib Bey.—Lieutenant-Colonel, Officer Commanding, 51st Division at Ctesiphon *ex* 9th Regiment from Erzerum (16th January 1916). But see *Kāzim Bey* and *'Ali Rashīd.*

Waqar (Vaqar)-ul-Mulk.—Governor of Dizful; the Bakhtiaris, not having been consulted about his appointment, turned the Dizfulis against him (27th December 1915) and he left (4th February 1916), his successor being Chiragh 'Ali Khan.

Waldmann.—Lieutenant, belonging to Bavarian Regiment. Before the war was a merchant in Isfahan. Returned to Germany for the war, but was sent to Baghdad and taken over by Niedermayer for his *jihād* mission. Captured on the Kirman-Shiraz line. (27th April 1916).

Wasif Effendi.—*Mal-mudiri* of Ali Gharbi, who deserted the Turks about July 1915.

Wassmus.—One of the members of a German *jihād* mission in Persia. Has been exceedingly active during the war in the neighbourhood of Bushire, especially in stirring up local Khans against us. Was Consul at Bushire before the war. Is regarded by the Germans to be mad. Is with Tangistani Khans. (13th July 1916). At Ahram, sick. (2nd August 1916).

Wazad-ul-Mulk.—Kargozar of Kermanshah.

Webar.—Swiss, German Consular Agent at Hamadan. With 70 gun-men at Hamadan. (14th October 1915).

Wedig.—German, Prince Henry of Reuss' servant at Tehran. Sent by latter to Kirman to join Zugmayer's expedition. At Kirman, January 1916.

Weil.—A. P. O., 2nd Lieutenant, Austrian, at Von der Goltz's funeral at Baghdad. (15th May 1916).





Westdahl.—Swedish Officer in Persian gendarmerie succeeding Hjalmerson.

Wetmer.—German, captured and now at Kirman. (14th May 1916.)

Welhelm Bey, Lieutenant-Colonel.—Officer Commanding all heavy batteries of 'Irâq group. (19th March 1916.)

Williams, Captain.—Acting British attaché at Tehran.

Willemsens, Adolphe.—Persian Customs. At Lingah in 1914.

Winckelmann.—German *jihadist*, captured at Deh Salm on 21st January 1916. Said to have been in 4th Guards Artillery.

Wönckhaus and Co., Robert.—German Agents on the Persian Gulf. Headquarters at Basrah, believed subsidized by German Government, and political rather than merchantile. Thomas Brown (*q. v.*) was their head at Basrah.

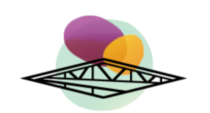
Wastrow.—German. Formerly Dragoman to German Legation, Tehran. German Consul for *Shiraz*. (6th August 1915.)

Yahya Bey.—Officer Commanding, 1-142nd. Arrived Ctesiphon, 31st October 1915.

Yakub Jamāl Bey.—Officer Commanding 29th Independent Infantry Regiment (1st March 1916). Was in Erzerum about July 1915. Left Bitlis early November 1915 for Baghdad.

Yakub ibn Yusuf.—Of al-Ghareba of the Bani Lam. Moving on our communications between Kut and Ali-al-Gharbi on 27th November 1915.





Yamin-ul-Sultaneh.—Governor-General of Isfahan, May 1916.

Yarumlik (?).—An Austrian in Persia on *jihā* mission with Biach (*q. v.*).

Yasar.—Lieutenant, Officer Commanding, 2 guns, 1st Company 1-38th Mountain Battery. (13th August 1915.)

Yasim, etc.—See under *Jāsim.*

Yesir ibn Cholam.—Of the Hacham, visited 'Ajaimi. (6th August 1915.)

"*Yeskes*".—A German in command on the Tigris line. (13th March 1916.)

Yumni Bey.—Officer Commanding 34th Regiment. (3rd September 1915.)

Yusuf.—(1) *Bey*, Officer Commanding a brigade from Damascus which was at Kut. (23rd October 1915.)

(2) *Effendi.*—Brother of Muhammad al-'Asaimi.

(3) *Effendi.*—Officer Commanding, 13th Qol Ordu Telegraph Company, August 1915.

Yusuf (al-'Abdullah) Al-Mansur.—Cousin of 'Ajaimi. Fighting against us up to the time of the capture of Nasiriyah. Then "came in" and was present at General Officer Commanding's reception there. (29th July 1915.)

Yusuf ibn Habib.—Shaikh in the Arab camp at Tursakh. (2nd November 1915.)

Yusuf Izzet Bey.—Officer Commanding, 10th Corps against the Russians. (24th May 1916.)





Yusuf Khairullah.—Shaikh of the Shuwailat (al-Humaid). Was with Ajaimi at Nakhailah (30th March 1915); at battle of Sh'aibah. Said once to be well disposed towards us (27th August 1915); but he and al-Jāsim promise Shaikh of Al-bu-Darar a paid appointment to join them. (3rd May 1916.)

Yusuf Khan.—Amir-i-Mujahid, q. v., Ilbegi.

Yusuf-al-Nafisah.—Major, Officer Commanding, National Battalion, Amarah, 11th April 1915: his brother 'Abdullah was then in Basrah. Cavalry Commandant at Shaikh Sa'ad (20th August 1915) Arrived Jessan 25th November 1915, with 20 men: was Officer Commanding 3,000 tribesmen there (6th December 1915): went with 400 horsemen to Jessan about 16th February 1916.

Yusuf Zia.—(1) *Bey*, reported to have reached Baghdad from Constantinople about 13th February 1916 with 5 battalions and 6 guns, and sent to Khaniqin. (27th February 1916.)

(2) Said to be officiating Wali at Baghdad, but it was really Shevket (Shafiq?) Pasha who was. (17th October 1915.)

Yusuf Zia-ul-din.—Captain, Machine Gun Company in 130th Regiment. (22nd October 1915.)

Zābit Bey.—Officer Commanding, 1st Company, 2nd Battalion, Baghdad Artillery Regiment, at Rotah. (17th April 1915.)

Zabun-al-Yesor.—Shaikh of the Bait Yeser section of Al-bu-Muhammad Tribe. Cousin of Saihud. Was 4 miles east of Qala'at Sāleh on 12th December 1915. Outlawed and driven by us from his *muqata'ah* which was given to Osman on 11th July 1916.

Zaigham-ul-Dauleh.—Half brother of Saulet-ul-Dauleh.

Zain ibn al-Asi.—Shaikh of Shammar Jarbah. (14th July 1916.)





Zair Husain.—Zair Khidhr's son-in-law. His jaw was shattered in fight against us at Bushire (25th October 1915). He now holds O Connor and Shiraz party prisoner (15th February 1916). It is interesting to see a letter of his to Krumpeter (German) of Basrah asking for post of *Dubash* (3rd January 1913), "I heartily love the Germans for their generosity".

Zair Khidhr.—A minor Khan of Tangistan, always hostile to us. Of Khurmij. Dismissed and replaced by Sartip Haidar Khan as Zabit of Tangistan about 24th February 1916. Father-in-law of preceding.

Zakariyah Bey.—Officer Commanding, 60th Regiment on its way to Baghdad about 11th May 1916.

Zakki.—(1) *Bey*, Officer Commanding Turkish line, Mosul to Salahieh, against Russians towards end of May 1916.

(2) *Effendi*, Officer Commanding, 1-1-141st (5th August 1915).

Zamil al-Manna.—Titular head of the Ajwad (Muntafiq). Came in to I. O., Nasiriyah, 12th October 1915. Returned from visiting 'Ajaimi. (31st March 1916)

Zargham-ul Saltaneh.—Haji Ibrahim Khan, Bakhtiari. Very pro-German. When visited by Biach he volunteered to attack Bunder 'Abbas. Declares his intention of supporting Germans to end (15th June 1916). Is the host of Kardorff and his party, June 1916.

Zia Bey.—(1) Brigade-Adjutant, Turk, clever, young, understands motors and signalling plant. Excellent officer and very popular, 15th April 1916.

(2) On Staff of Sami Bey (Officer Commanding Cavalry, Tigris Line). (=(1,?) (9th May 1916.)

(3) Officer Commanding, 52nd Regiment. (15th April 1916.)

(4) Officer Commanding a mixed body of 200 Kurds and Arabs joining Ajaimi (16th March 1915). Said to be M. P. He was acting in August 1915 for Nur-ul-din in Baghdad.

(5) *Bey*, Major, Officer Commanding, 2-1st of 2nd Division mid-April 1916.

(6) Captain, Officer Commanding, Machine Gun Company, 105th Regiment. (4th February 1916.)

(7) *Bey*, Lieutenant, Officer Commanding, 1-1-104th, April 1916.





Zikri Effendi.—Officer Commanding, 2-1-140th (or 142nd). (December 1915.)

Zil-al Sultan.—Earmarked for Governor-Generalship of Isfahan. Now in Europe. Very hostile to Bakhtiari. Successor to the unsatisfactory Bakhtiari Governor Sardar Ashja. Was received by the King on 9th May 1916. His son Bahram believed to have perished in the Sussex about 30th March 1916.

Ziver Bey.—Major, Provisional, Officer Commanding, Basrah gendarmerie. (9th June 1915.)

Zugmayer, Dr. Erich.—German, man of Science, Asiatic traveller, leading expedition for *jihād* in Persia, captured about 10th May 1916 and was at Niriz 11 miles east-south-east of Shiraz about then.

Zuhdi.—Son of Sultan Bey (formerly *Qaimmaqām* of Hai and now Hillah). On 24th January 1916 went to 'Ajaimi.

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"بيانات أشخاص هامة في بلاد الرافدين، هيئة الأركان العامة، الهند (الرقم التسلسلي ١٠)" [١٣٧و] (٢٧٨/٢٨٠)





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